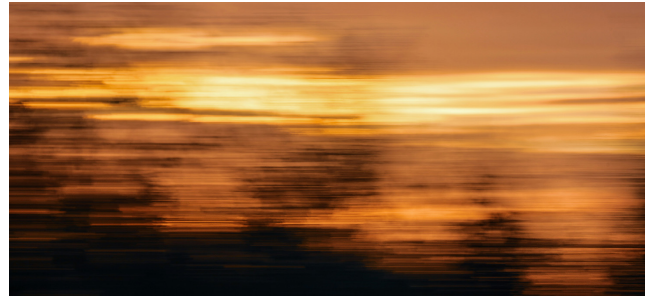


# Strategic: Strengthen your core

## Strengthen your core

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**Why?** 1) Building a core portfolio can help maintain focus on long-term goals through market volatility, including the Iran war, AI worries, and credit stresses. 2) A portfolio broadly diversified across and within asset classes, geographies, and sectors can consistently grow wealth, providing compounded returns. 3) This approach helps maximize the chance of meeting financial goals, allowing investors to pursue other interests or tactical opportunities with greater confidence and avoid locking in losses in downturns.



Source: Kevin Grieve\_Unsplash

### **Video:** [Strengthen the core: Review your goals](#)

While many corners of global stock markets have rebounded from Iran war lows on renewed AI optimism and strong first-quarter US earnings, bond investors have begun to fret more about the risk of rising inflation forcing central banks to hike rates and tighten policy. Additionally, bigger questions about AI disruption, government debt sustainability, and emergent credit stresses have weighed on investor sentiment at different points through this year. Nervous investors may feel compelled to hold outsized levels of liquidity. But those with excess cash should remind themselves of the big picture.

After a third consecutive year of 20%+ gains in global equities (MSCI All Country World Index) in 2025, investors who held and continue to hold too few equities have paid a price in terms of foregone performance.

Investors who avoided their home stock market may have missed out even more, given how Chinese equities (MSCI China Index), Japanese stocks (MSCI Japan), and European shares (MSCI EMU Index) all outperformed US equities, with gains of around 30%, 25%, and 25%, respectively, last year.

Stocks were not the only strong performers in 2025. Global bonds posted their best results since 2020, while gold climbed 63%, its largest annual gain since 1979.

Looking ahead, we maintain a constructive view on markets, and expect global equities to rise by end-2026 but with periodic bouts of volatility, as investors digest economic,

technological, and geopolitical developments.

Nerves need not stop investing, even when some stock markets sit at or near all-time highs. Holding too much cash can erode long-term wealth. There are better options than waiting for a market drop.

First, maintain a balanced portfolio. A solid core is key for long-term success. CIO likes putting 30–70% of assets in stocks, with at least half in US shares and at least 20% in global markets, including Europe and emerging economies. Up to 30% can go to growth themes like *AI*, *Power and Resources*, and *Longevity*. Fixed income—such as government and corporate bonds—can make up 15–50% of assets. Aim for a mix that matches currency needs. Alternatives like hedge funds, private markets, and infrastructure can add more diversification and help manage risk.

Second, rebalance. Big market moves can shift portfolios away from targets. Rebalancing means trimming outperformers and adding to underperformers. This can help lock in gains, control risk, and keep investors on track. Professional managers do this regularly, and individual investors can benefit from the same discipline—especially in volatile times.

Third, look for ways to protect and grow wealth. Managing risk is as important as choosing the right assets. The cautious can reduce some stock exposure and add capital preservation strategies or gold, which has historically been a

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good long-term hedge. The more adventurous can consider tactical equity ideas or structured products that limit losses or boost yield.

The farsighted can also look at alternative investments like hedge funds, private equity, private credit, and infrastructure for new sources of return. We like hedge funds (including regional opportunities focused on Asian markets), private infrastructure, and private market vehicles that generate income from royalties. CIO suggests that investors with an "endowment" style may benefit from allocating up to 20-40% to alternatives, with careful manager selection and effective diversification across strategies. This approach can improve portfolio resilience and adaptability to changing market conditions.

However, investors must be able and willing to bear the unique risks of investing in alternative assets, including but not limited to illiquidity.

### Global asset class preferences definitions

The asset class preferences provide high-level guidance to make investment decisions. The preferences reflect the collective judgement of the members of the House View meeting, primarily based on assessments of expected total returns on liquid and commonly known indices, House View scenarios, and analyst convictions over the next 12 months. Note that the tactical asset allocation (TAA) positioning of our different investment strategies may differ from these views due to factors including portfolio construction, concentration, and borrowing constraints.

**Attractive:** We consider this asset class to be attractive. Consider opportunities in this asset class.

**Neutral:** We do not expect outsized returns or losses. Hold longer-term exposure.

**Unattractive:** We consider this asset class to be unattractive. Consider alternative opportunities

**Note: For equities, we have a five-tier rating system with two additional preferences**

**Most Attractive:** We consider this asset class to be among the most attractive. Investors should seek opportunities to add exposure.

**Least Attractive:** We consider this asset class to be among the least attractive. Seek more favorable alternatives opportunities.

When equities are included with the other asset classes in the three-tier rating system, we collapse "Most Attractive" with "Attractive" and "Least Attractive" with "Unattractive."

## Appendix

### Risk information

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