









(ShutterStock)

APAC bonds rise to the occasion

15 August 2025, 09:44 UTC, written by UBS Editorial Team

Even as the USD's weakness takes a small pause, we think that a combination of Fed cuts and continued doubts about USD assets suggests that de-dollarization will persist. We continue to see the AUD, SGD, and CNY as the main FX beneficiaries, and strong interest in both AUD and SGD credits in the last few months seem to reflect agreement in the market. We see current yield levels on AUD bonds as reasonably attractive, especially with their strong credit ratings, making them suitable for investors looking to diversify away from USD credit. SGD credits have also been seen as a regional safe haven and consequently been in demand.

Since bottoming in early July, the USD (DXY index) was up as much as 3.3% at one point; it is still up about 1% from its trough. With the trade negotiations gradually producing agreements, and the S&P 500 continuing to grind higher, investors might be tempted to think there's at least a pause in the de-dollarization process.

While diversifying away from the USD might be somewhat unfamiliar and discomfiting for some, we would remind investors that other factors continue to argue in favor of de-dollarization. The two key arguments for a weaker USD—both in the nearer and medium term—remain active. In the coming months, the US's weak July nonfarm payrolls and July CPI inflation not exceeding expectations have increased the probability of Federal Reserve cuts beginning in September. While the September cut is now fully priced in, markets are only pricing 100bps of cuts by June 2026—we think this might happen closer to March 2026; so, there is potential for a further dovish shift going forward.

Further out, recent developments are keeping market concerns about data accuracy and Fed independence in the limelight. US policy-making continues to be somewhat mercurial and US-China tariff tensions linger on with the latest 90-day extension. The bigger question might really be where to diversify into. Besides the EUR, as the next most liquid currency after the greenback, we believe the Asia-Pacific region provides three key likely beneficiaries that investors should focus on.

AUD looks set to continue benefiting. The latest RBA policy statement suggests it will stay on its "cautious" easing path against the backdrop of a recovery in Australia's "real" economy. We thus maintain our expectation of two more cuts—in November 2025 and February 2026. This should take the total amount of RBA cuts this cycle to 75bps, and the



policy rate to 3.1%. With the Fed expected to cut rates by more during this same period, we continue to see the AUDUSD climbing to around 0.68-0.70, and we would go along on dips to 0.64.

Outside of the FX space, AUD-denominated bonds are also enjoying a revival. This is thanks to the de-dollarization drive. Australia boasts a solid sovereign debt profile, and a low net-interest-to-government revenues ratio. Also, Australia's policy-making bodies enjoy a high degree of credibility that helps justify the AAA rating of its sovereign debt. We see the 10-year Australia Government Bond (AGB) yield remaining around 4.20% over the coming 12 months. For AUD investment grade credit, its high average rating of AA is a strong attraction. This is anchored by the solid AA credit ratings of the big four Australian banks, plus the AA-rated Singapore banks and South Korean quasi-sovereigns that have accounted for 94% of AUD credit issuance by Asian issuers this year. On that note, Asian issuance of AUD credit in the first seven months of 2025 already exceeded 2024's full-year issuance, as increased liquidity from a larger market size enticed a broader range of issuers to tap the AUD credit market. We see current yield levels on AUD bonds as reasonably attractive and suitable for investors looking to diversify away from USD credit.

SGD bonds emerging as a regional safe haven. We see the USDSGD moving down to 1.25 in 1H26 and we favor using bouts of USD strength to diversify and hedge USD exposure. For investors looking to hold SGD assets, SGD credits have emerged as a relative safe haven among regional markets. SGD credits will likely continue to be buoyed by resilient corporate fundamentals, rate declines, and strong demand for a perceived safe haven amid structural concerns over the USD. We also believe it is worth taking on subordination risks in order to extract yield within the SGD perpetual space given that non-call risks are generally low at this juncture. Specifically, we see value in select perpetuals with close call dates that offer decent carry over a one-to-two-year horizon.

Disclaimer

Hong Kong / Singapore: For Global Wealth Management clients of UBS AG Singapore / Hong Kong branch, please refer to the HK/SG Marketing Material Disclaimer.

This document is prepared and published by the Global Wealth Management business of UBS Switzerland AG (regulated by FINMA in Switzerland), its subsidiaries or its affiliates ("UBS"), part of UBS Group AG ("UBS Group"). UBS Group includes former Credit Suisse AG, its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates. In the USA, UBS Financial Services Inc. is a subsidiary of UBS AG and a member of FINRA/SIPC. Additional Disclaimer relevant to Credit Suisse Wealth Management follows at the end of this section.

This document and the information contained herein are provided solely for your information and UBS marketing purposes. Nothing in this document constitutes investment research, investment advice, a sales prospectus, or an offer or solicitation to engage in any investment activities. This document is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security, investment instrument, or product, and does not recommend any specific investment program or service.

Information contained in this document has not been tailored to the specific investment objectives, personal and financial circumstances, or particular needs of any individual client. Certain investments referred to in this document may not be suitable or appropriate for all investors. In addition, certain services and products referred to in the document may be subject to legal restrictions and/or license or permission requirements and cannot therefore be offered worldwide on an unrestricted basis. No offer of any product will be made in any jurisdiction in which the offer, solicitation, or sale is not permitted, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation, or sale.

Although all information and opinions expressed in this document were obtained in good faith from sources believed to be reliable, no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the document's accuracy, sufficiency, completeness or reliability. All information and opinions expressed in this document are subject to change without notice and may differ from opinions expressed by other business areas or divisions of UBS Group. UBS is under no obligation to update or keep current the information contained herein. **The views and opinions expressed in this material by third parties are not those of UBS**. Accordingly, UBS does not accept any liability over the content shared by third parties or any claims, losses or damages arising from the use or reliance of all or any part thereof.

All pictures or images ("images") herein are for illustrative, informative or documentary purposes only and may depict objects or elements which are protected by third party copyright, trademarks and other intellectual property rights. Unless expressly stated, no relationship, association, sponsorship or endorsement is suggested or implied between UBS and these third parties.

Any charts and scenarios contained in the document are for illustrative purposes only. Some charts and/or performance figures may not be based on complete 12-month periods which may reduce their comparability and significance. Historical performance is no guarantee for, and is not an indication of future performance.

Nothing in this document constitutes legal or tax advice. UBS and its employees do not provide legal or tax advice. This document may not be redistributed or reproduced in whole or in part without the prior written permission of UBS. To the extent permitted by the law, neither UBS, nor any of it its directors, officers, employees or agents accepts or assumes any liability, responsibility or duty of care for any consequences, including any loss or damage, of you or anyone else acting, or refraining to act, in reliance on the information contained in this document or for any decision based on it.

Additional Disclaimer relevant to Credit Suisse Wealth Management: Except as otherwise specified herein and/or depending on the local entity from which you are receiving this document, this document is distributed by UBS Switzerland AG, authorised and regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA). Your personal data will be processed in accordance with the Credit Suisse privacy statement accessible at your domicile through the official Credit Suisse website https://www.credit-suisse.com. In order to provide you with marketing materials concerning our products and services, UBS Group AG and its subsidiaries may process your basic personal data (i.e. contact details such as name, e-mail address) until you notify us that you no longer wish to receive them. You can optout from receiving these materials at any time by informing your Relationship Manager.

Please visit https://www.ubs.com/global/en/wealth-management/insights/chief-investment-office/marketing-material-disclaimer.html to read the full legal disclaimer applicable to this document.

© UBS 2025. The key symbol and UBS are among the registered and unregistered trademarks of UBS. All rights reserved.