UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date: October 27, 2017

UBS Group AG Commission File Number: 1-36764

UBS AG Commission File Number: 1-15060

(Registrants' Name)

Bahnhofstrasse 45, Zurich, Switzerland and Aeschenvorstadt 1, Basel, Switzerland (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants file or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

This Form 6-K consists of the Basel III Pillar 3 UBS Group AG Third Quarter 2017 Report, which appears immediately following this page.





UBS Group AG and significant regulated subsidiaries and sub-groups

Third quarter 2017 Pillar 3 report

Table of contents

UBS Group AG consolidated

- 2 Section 1 Introduction
- 3 Section 2 Risk-weighted assets
- **8** Section 3 Going and gone concern requirements and eligible capital
- **15** Section 4 Leverage ratio
- 18 Section 5 Liquidity coverage ratio

Significant regulated subsidiaries and sub-groups

- 22 Section 1 Introduction
- 22 Section 2 UBS AG standalone
- 26 Section 3 UBS Switzerland AG standalone
- 31 Section 4 UBS Limited standalone
- 31 Section 5 UBS Americas Holding LLC consolidated

Contacts

Switchboards

For all general inquiries www.ubs.com/contact

Zurich +41-44-234 1111 London +44-20-7568 0000 New York +1-212-821 3000 Hong Kong +852-2971 8888

Investor Relations

UBS's Investor Relations team supports institutional, professional and retail investors from our offices in Zurich, London and New York.

UBS Group AG, Investor Relations P.O. Box, CH-8098 Zurich, Switzerland

www.ubs.com/investors

Hotline Zurich +41-44-234 4100 Hotline New York +1-212-882 5734 Fax (Zurich) +41-44-234 3415

Media Relations

UBS's Media Relations team supports global media and journalists from our offices in Zurich, London, New York and Hong Kong.

www.ubs.com/media

Zurich +41-44-234 8500 mediarelations@ubs.com

London +44-20-7567 4714 ubs-media-relations@ubs.com

New York +1-212-882 5857 mediarelations-ny@ubs.com

Hong Kong +852-2971 8200 sh-mediarelations-ap@ubs.com

Office of the Group Company Secretary

The Group Company Secretary receives inquiries on compensation and related issues addressed to members of the Board of Directors.

UBS Group AG, Office of the Group Company Secretary P.O. Box, CH-8098 Zurich, Switzerland

sh-company-secretary@ubs.com

Hotline +41-44-235 6652 Fax +41-44-235 8220

Shareholder Services

UBS's Shareholder Services team, a unit of the Group Company Secretary Office, is responsible for the registration of UBS Group AG registered shares.

UBS Group AG, Shareholder Services P.O. Box, CH-8098 Zurich, Switzerland

sh-shareholder-services@ubs.com

Hotline +41-44-235 6652 Fax +41-44-235 8220

US Transfer Agent

For global registered share-related inquiries in the US.

Computershare Trust Company NA P.O. Box 30170 College Station TX 77842-3170, USA

Shareholder online inquiries: https://www-us.computershare.com/ investor/Contact

Shareholder website: www.computershare.com/investor

Calls from the US +1-866-305-9566 Calls from outside the US +1-781-575-2623 TDD for hearing impaired +1-800-231-5469 TDD for foreign shareholders +1-201-680-6610

Imprint

Publisher: UBS Group AG, Zurich, Switzerland I www.ubs.com Language: English

© UBS 2017. The key symbol and UBS are among the registered and unregistered trademarks of UBS. All rights reserved.

UBS Group AG consolidated

Section 1 Introduction

Regulatory framework and scope of Basel III Pillar 3 disclosures

The Basel III capital adequacy framework consists of three complementary pillars. Pillar 1 provides a framework for measuring minimum capital requirements for the credit, market, operational and non-counterparty-related risks faced by banks. Pillar 2 addresses the principles of the supervisory review process, emphasizing the need for a qualitative approach to supervising banks. Pillar 3 requires banks to publish a range of disclosures, mainly covering risk, capital, leverage, liquidity and remuneration.

This quarterly report provides Pillar 3 disclosures for UBS Group AG on a consolidated basis. As UBS is considered a systemically relevant bank (SRB) under Swiss banking law, UBS Group AG is required to comply with regulations based on the Basel III framework as applicable to Swiss SRBs on a consolidated basis. Capital information as of 30 September 2017 for UBS Group AG consolidated is provided in the "Capital management" section of our third quarter 2017 report under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Pillar 3 rules also require us to disclose certain regulatory information for the significant banking subsidiaries UBS AG, UBS Switzerland AG and UBS Limited, as well as the significant subgroups under UBS AG and UBS Americas Holding LLC. This information is provided in the "Significant regulated subsidiaries and sub-groups" section of this report, except for UBS AG on a consolidated basis, for which capital and other regulatory information is provided in the UBS AG third quarter 2017 report, which will be available as of 1 November 2017 under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Except where indicated, UBS Pillar 3 disclosures are based on phase-in rules under the Basel III framework, as implemented by the Swiss Federal Council's Swiss Capital Adequacy Ordinance and as required by FINMA regulation.

BCBS publishes enhanced Pillar 3 disclosure requirements

In March 2017, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) issued a consolidated and enhanced framework for

Pillar 3 disclosure requirements. This draft includes the following enhancements: i) all existing BCBS disclosure requirements have been consolidated into the Pillar 3 framework, including the composition of capital, the leverage ratio, the liquidity ratios, the indicators for determining global systemically important banks (G-SIBs), the countercyclical buffer, interest rate risk in the banking book and remuneration; ii) a "dashboard" of banks' key prudential metrics has been introduced; iii) a new requirement has been included for banks to break down prudential valuation adjustments as well as the underlying calculation methodology; and iv) ongoing reforms have been incorporated into the regulatory framework, such as the total loss-absorbing capacity regime for G-SIBs and the revised market risk framework.

The implementation dates for these consolidated and enhanced BCBS requirements are staggered from year-end 2017 to 2019. The related FINMA regulation is expected to be completed during 2017, with implementation dates in 2018 and 2019.

Format, frequency and comparability of Pillar 3 disclosures

Certain Pillar 3 disclosures follow a fixed format defined by FINMA, including column or row labeling, whereas other disclosures are flexible and may be modified to a certain degree to present the most relevant information. Pillar 3 requirements are presented under the relevant FINMA table / template reference (e.g., OV1, CR8). Naming conventions used in our Pillar 3 disclosures are based on the FINMA guidance and may not reflect UBS's own naming conventions. The reporting frequency for each disclosure follows the respective FINMA-specified interval, which is either quarterly, semiannual or annual. For more information on disclosure frequencies, refer to the Basel III Pillar 3 UBS Group AG 2016 report under "Pillar 3 disclosures" at www.ubs.com/investors. Comparative-period information and commentary on movements are provided in line with the FINMA-specified frequency.

Section 2 Risk-weighted assets

Our approach to measuring risk exposure and risk-weighted

Measures of risk exposure may differ, depending on whether the exposures are calculated for financial accounting purposes under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), for deriving our regulatory capital requirement or for internal risk management and control purposes. Our Pillar 3 disclosures are generally based on measures of risk exposure used to derive the regulatory capital required to underpin those risks. The calculation of risk-weighted assets (RWA) follows the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) Basel III framework, as implemented by the Swiss Capital Adequacy Ordinance issued by the Swiss Federal Council on a phase-in basis.

→ Refer to the Basel III Pillar 3 UBS Group AG 2016 report under "Pillar 3 disclosures" at www.ubs.com/investors for more information

RWA development in the quarter

The table below provides an overview of RWA and the related minimum capital requirements by risk type. During the third quarter of 2017, phase-in RWA increased by CHF 1.4 billion to CHF 239.2 billion. The increase was mainly driven by a CHF 1.7 billion increase in credit risk and a CHF 0.4 billion increase in market risk, partly offset by a CHF 0.7 billion decrease in counterparty credit risk. The flow tables on the subsequent pages provide further detail on the movements in credit risk, counterparty credit risk and market risk RWA in the third quarter of 2017. More information on capital management and RWA, including detail on movements in RWA during the third quarter of 2017, is provided on pages 64–65 of our third quarter 2017 report under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.comlinvestors.

OV1: Overview of RWA

	a	b	С
			Minimum capital
	RW		requirements
CHF million	30.9.17	30.6.17	30.9.17
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	96,349	94,647	7,708
? of which: standardized approach (SA)³	22,727	22,892	1,818
g of which: internal ratings-based (IRB) approach	73,621	71,755	5,890
Counterparty credit risk⁴		34,060	2,669
of which: SA for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR) ⁵	10 660	10,587	853
of which: internal model method (IMM)6	22 601	23,474	1,816
' Equity positions in banking book under market-based approach ⁷	2 505	2,393	207
Equity investments in funds look through approach8			
Faulty investments in funds - mandate hased approach8			
0 Equity investments in funds — fall-back approach®			
1 Settlement risk	256	478	20
2 Securitization exposure in banking book	1 566	1,897	125
13 of which: IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	1 117	1,373	89
14 of which: IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	<i>449</i>	<i>523</i>	36
15 of which: SA / simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)			
6 Market Risk		13,667	1,127
17 of which: standardized approach (SA)	<i>617</i>	<i>378</i>	49
8 of which: internal model approaches (IMM)	<i>13,469</i>	13,289	1,078
9 Operational risk		79,422	6,354
20 of which: basic indicator approach			
?1 of which: standardized approach			
22 of which: advanced measurement approach	70 122	79,422	6,354
3 Amounts below thresholds for deduction (250% risk weight)9	11,564	11,254	925
4 Floor adjustment ¹⁰	0	0	0
5 Total	239,190	237,818	19,135

1 Based on phase-in rules. 2 Calculated based on 8% of RWA. 3 Includes non-counterparty-related risk not subject to the threshold deduction treatment (30 September 2017: RWA CHF 9,703 million; 30 June 2017: RWA CHF 9,449 million), which is subject to the threshold treatment, is reported in line 23 "Amounts below thresholds for deduction (250% risk weight)." 4 Excludes settlement risk, which is separately reported in line 11 "Settlement risk." Includes credit valuation adjustments and RWA with central counterparties. 5 Calculated in accordance with the current exposure method (CEM), until SA-CCR is implemented by 1 January 2018. The split between lines 5 and 6 refers to the calculation of the exposure measure. 6 Includes advanced credit valuation adjustment (30 September 2017: RWA CHF 2,298 million; 30 June 2017: RWA CHF 2,707 million). 7 Includes investments in funds. Items subject to threshold deduction treatments that do not exceed their respective threshold are risk weighted at 250% (30 September 2017: RWA CHF 1,862 million; 30 June 2017: RWA CHF 1,804 million) and are separately included in line 23 "Amounts below thresholds for deduction (250% risk weight)." 8 New regulation for the calculation of RWA for investments in funds will be implemented by 1 January 2018. 9 Includes items subject to threshold deduction treatments that do not exceed their respective threshold and which are risk weighted at 250%. Items subject to threshold deduction treatments are significant investments in common shares of non-consolidated financial institutions (banks, insurance and other financial entities) and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences, both of which are measured against their respective threshold. 10 No floor effect, as 80% of our Basel I RWA including the RWA equivalent of the Basel II capital deductions. Refer to the "Recent developments" section of our first quarter 2017 report, under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors for the status of the finalization of the BCBS capital framework, w

Definitions of credit risk and counterparty credit risk RWA movement table components for CR8 and CCR7

References from the below table link to the line numbers provided in the movement tables below and on the next page.

Reference	Description	Definition
2	Asset size	Movements arising in the ordinary course of business, such as new transactions, sales and write-offs.
3	Asset quality / Credit quality of counterparties	Movements resulting from changes in the underlying credit quality of counterparties. These are caused by changes to risk parameters, such as counterparty ratings, loss given default estimates or credit hedges.
4	Model updates	Movements arising from the implementation of new models and from parameter changes to existing models. The RWA effect of model updates is estimated based on the portfolio at the time of the change implementation.
5	Methodology and policy	Movements due to methodological changes in calculations driven by regulatory policy changes, including revisions to existing regulations, new regulations and add-ons mandated by the regulator. The effect of methodology and policy changes on RWA is estimated based on the portfolio at the time of the change implementation.
6	Acquisitions and disposals	Movements as a result of disposal or acquisition of business operations, quantified based on the credit risk exposures as of the end of the quarter preceding a disposal or following an acquisition. Purchases and sales of exposures in the ordinary course of business are reflected under asset size.
7	Foreign exchange movements	Movements as a result of exchange rate changes of the transaction currencies against the Swiss franc.
8	Other	Movements due to changes that cannot be attributed to any other category.

Credit risk RWA development in the quarter

Credit risk RWA increased by CHF 1.9 billion to CHF 73.6 billion as of 30 September 2017.

The CHF 2.4 billion asset size increase resulted from an increase in trading portfolio assets and higher lending in our

Corporate Client Solutions business within the Investment Bank. The CHF 0.3 billion increase from methodology and policy updates was due to an increase in the internal ratings-based (IRB) multiplier on Investment Bank exposures to corporates.

CR8: RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB

		a
СН	IF million	RWA
1	RWA as of 30.6.17	71,755
2	Asset size	2,440
3	Asset quality	(1,126)
4	Model updates	40
5	Methodology and policy	349
5a	of which: regulatory add-ons	<i>349</i>
6	Acquisitions and disposals	0
7	Foreign exchange movements	432
8	Other	(269)
9	RWA as of 30.9.17	73,621

Counterparty credit risk RWA development in the quarter

Counterparty credit risk (CCR) RWA under internal model method (IMM) and value-at-risk (VaR) decreased by CHF 0.4 billion during the third quarter of 2017.

CCR7: RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under internal model method (IMM) and value-at-risk (VaR)¹

		a1	a2	a
		Derivatives	SFTs	Total Amounts
СН	IF million	Subject to IMM	Subject to VaR	(sum of a1 and a2)
1	RWA as of 30.6.17	16,648	4,118	20,766
2	Asset size	(273)	63	(211)
3	Credit quality of counterparties	(396)	(227)	(623)
4	Model updates	0	0	0
5	Methodology and policy	278	71	349
5a	of which: regulatory add-ons	278	<i>71</i>	<i>349</i>
6	Acquisitions and disposals	0	0	0
7	Foreign exchange movements	294	72	366
8	Other	(250)	0	(250)
9	RWA as of 30.9.17	16,301	4,096	20,397

¹ Excludes advanced credit valuation adjustment RWA of CHF 2,298 million as of 30 September 2017 (30 June 2017: CHF 2,707 million).

Market risk RWA development in the quarter

The four main components that contribute to market risk RWA are VaR, stressed value-at-risk (SVaR), incremental risk charge (IRC) and comprehensive risk measure (CRM). VaR and SVaR components include the RWA charge for risks-not-in-VaR. The "MR2: RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an

internal models approach" table on the following page provides a breakdown of the market risk RWA movement in the third quarter of 2017 across these components, according to BCBS-defined movement categories. These categories are described below

Definitions of market risk RWA movement table components for MR2

References from the below table link to the line numbers provided in the movement table on the next page.

Reference	Description	Definition
1 / 8c	RWA as of previous and current reporting period end (end of period)	Quarter-end RWA
1a / 8b	Regulatory adjustment	Indicates the difference between row lines 1 and 1b, and 8c and 8a, respectively.
1b / 8a	RWA at previous and current quarter end (end of day)	For a given component (e.g., VaR), this refers to the RWA computed whenever that component's snapshot quarter-end figure is higher than the 60-day average for regulatory VaR, and the 12-week average for SVaR and IRC, thus determining the quarter-end RWA. The regulatory adjustment would be zero, if the quarter-end RWA were triggered by the snapshot quarter-end figure.
	Movement of end-of-day RWA	4
2	Movement in risk levels	Movements due to changes in positions and risk levels.
3	Model updates / changes	Movements due to routine updates to model parameters and model changes.
4	Methodology and policy	Movements due to methodological changes in calculations driven by regulatory policy changes, including revisions of existing regulations, new regulations and add-ons mandated by the regulator.
5	Acquisitions and disposals	Movements due to the disposal or acquisition of business operations, quantified based on the market risk exposures at the end of the quarter preceding a disposal or following an acquisition. Purchases and sales of exposures in the ordinary course of business are reflected in "Movements in risk levels."
6	Foreign exchange movements	Movements due to changes in exchange rates. Note that the effect of movements in exchange rates is captured in "Movement in risk levels," since exchange rate movements are part of the effects of market movements on risk levels.
7	Other	Movements due to changes that cannot be attributed to any other category.

RWA flow

Market risk-based RWA increased by CHF 0.2 billion, mainly as higher average regulatory VaR levels during the third quarter of 2017 were largely offset by the effects of an enhancement to VaR model parameters. The VaR multiplier remained unchanged at 3.

MR2: RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an internal models approach¹

		a	b	С	d	е	f
CHI	⁻ million	VaR	Stressed VaR	IRC	CRM	Other	Total RWA
1	RWA as of 30.6.17	2,458	7,350	3,383	97		13,289
1a	Regulatory adjustment	(1,531)	(6,460)	0	(41)		(8,032)
1b	RWA at previous quarter-end (end of day)	<i>927</i>	<i>891</i>	3,383	<i>56</i>		<i>5,258</i>
2	Movement in risk levels	307	896	117	0		1,320
3	Model updates / changes	(487)	(183)	0	0		(670)
4	Methodology and policy						
5	Acquisitions and disposals						
6	Foreign exchange movements						
7	Other				11		11
8a	RWA at the end of the reporting period (end of day)	747	1,604	3,500	68		5,919
8b	Regulatory adjustment	2,727	4,813	0	10		7,550
8c	RWA as of 30.9.17	3,474	6,417	3,500	78		13,469

¹ Components that describe movements in RWA are presented in italic.

Section 3 Going and gone concern requirements and eligible capital

The table below provides details on the Swiss SRB going and gone concern requirements as required by FINMA. More information on capital management is provided on pages 58–67 of our third quarter 2017 report, available under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Swiss SRB going and gone concern requirements and information¹

As of 30.9.17	Swiss SRB, incl	uding transitional	arrangements (p	ohase-in)	Swis			
CHF million, except where indicated	RWA		LRD		RWA		LRD	
Required loss-absorbing capacity	in %		in %		in %		in %	
Common equity tier 1 capital	9.22	22,046	2.60	23,061	10.22	24,312	3.50	30,969
of which: minimum capital	<i>5.80</i>	13,873	2.10	18,626	4.50	10,708	1.50	13,273
of which: buffer capital	<i>3.20</i>	7,654	0.50	4,435	<i>5.50</i>	13,088	2.00	17,697
of which: countercyclical buffer2	0.22	<i>519</i>			0.22	<i>516</i>		
Maximum additional tier 1 capital	3.00	7,176	0.90	7,983	4.30	10,232	1.50	13,273
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 minimum capital	2.20	5,262	0.90	7,983	3.50	8,329	1.50	13,273
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 buffer capital	0.80	1,914			0.80	1,904		
Total going concern capital	12.22	29,221	3.50	31,044	14.52 ³	34,545	5.00 ³	44,242
Base gone concern loss-absorbing capacity, including applicable add-ons	6.204	14,830	2.004	17,739	14.30 ³	34,029	5.00³	44,242
Total gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	6.20	14,830	2.00	17,739	14.30	34,029	5.00	44,242
Total loss-absorbing capacity	18.42	44,051	5.50	48,783	28.82	68,573	10.00	88,483
Common equity tier 1 capital High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital • . 6	15.07 6.80	36,045 16.273	4.06 1.83	36,045 16.273	13.71 3.73	32,621 8.872	3.69 1.00	32,621 8.872
capital ^{s, 6}	6.80	16,273	1.83	16,273	3.73	8,872	1.00	8,872
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	2.72	6,506	0.73	6,506	2.73	6,506	0.74	6,506
of which: low-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	0.45	1,078	0.12	1,078	0.99	2,366	0.27	2,366
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital	0.35	846	0.10	846				
of which: low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital	3.28	7,844	0.88	7,844				
Total going concern capital	21.87	52,318	5.90	52,318	17.44	41,493	4.69	41,493
Gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	12.05	28,830	3.25	28,830	15.50	36,895	4.17	36,895
of which: TLAC-eligible senior unsecured debt	11.32	27,081	3.05	27,081	11.38	27,081	3.06	27,081
Total gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	12.05	28,830	3.25	28,830	15.50	36,895	4.17	36,895
Total loss-absorbing capacity	33.93	81,148	9.15	81,148	32.94	78,388	8.86	78,388
Risk-weighted assets / leverage ratio denominator								
Risk-weighted assets		239,190				237,963		
Leverage ratio denominator				886,969				884,834
. = 1								

¹ This table does not include the effect of any gone concern requirement rebate. 2 Going concern capital ratio requirements as of 30 September 2017 include countercyclical buffer requirements of 0.22% for the phase-in and fully applied requirement. 3 Includes applicable add-ons of 1.44% for RWA and 0.5% for leverage ratio denominator (LRD). 4 Includes applicable add-ons of 0.36% for RWA and 0.13% for LRD. 5 Includes outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 (AT1) capital instruments, which are available under the transitional rules of the Swiss SRB framework to meet the going concern requirements until their first call date, even if the first call date is after 31 December 2019. As of their first call date, these instruments are eligible to meet the gone concern requirements. Low-trigger loss-absorbing at 1 capital was partly offset by required deductions for goodwill on a phase-in basis. 6 Includes outstanding high- and low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments which are available under the transitional rules of the Swiss SRB framework to meet the going concern requirements until the earlier of (i) their maturity or first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019, and to meet gone concern requirements thereafter. Outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments are subject to amortization starting five years prior to their maturity, with the amortized portion qualifying as gone concern loss-absorbing capacity. Instruments available to meet gone concern requirements are eligible until one year before maturity, with a haircut of 50% applied in the last year of eligibility.

Explanation of the difference between the IFRS and regulatory scope of consolidation

The scope of consolidation for the purpose of calculating Group regulatory capital is generally the same as the consolidation scope under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and includes subsidiaries that are directly or indirectly controlled by UBS Group AG and active in banking and finance. However, subsidiaries consolidated under IFRS whose business is outside the banking and finance sector are excluded from the regulatory scope of consolidation.

The key difference between the IFRS and regulatory capital scope of consolidation relates to the following entities as of 30 September 2017:

- investments in insurance, real estate and commercial companies as well as investment vehicles that are consolidated under IFRS, but not for regulatory capital purposes, where they are subject to risk-weighting
- joint ventures that are fully consolidated for regulatory capital purposes, but which are accounted for using the equity method under IFRS
- UBS Capital Securities (Jersey) Ltd., which has issued preferred securities and is consolidated for regulatory capital purposes but not for IFRS purposes. This entity holds notes issued by UBS AG, which are eliminated in the consolidated regulatory capital accounts. This entity does not have material thirdparty asset balances and its equity is attributable to noncontrolling interests

The table below provides a list of the most significant entities that were included in the IFRS scope of consolidation, but not in the regulatory capital scope of consolidation. These entities account for most of the difference between the column "Balance sheet in accordance with IFRS scope of consolidation" and the "Balance sheet in accordance with regulatory scope of consolidation" column in the "Reconciliation of accounting balance sheet to balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation" table. As of 30 September 2017, entities consolidated under either the IFRS or the regulatory scope of consolidation did not report any significant capital deficiencies.

In the banking book, certain equity investments are consolidated neither under IFRS nor under the regulatory scope. These investments mainly consisted of infrastructure holdings and joint operations (e.g., settlement and clearing institutions, stock and financial futures exchanges) and included our participation in the SIX Group. These investments were risk-weighted based on applicable threshold rules.

More information on the legal structure of the UBS Group and on the IFRS scope of consolidation is provided on pages 13–14 and 325–326, respectively, of our Annual Report 2016, available under "Annual reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Main legal entities consolidated under IFRS but not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation

	30.9	9.17	
CHF million	Total assets ¹ Total eq		Purpose
UBS Asset Management Life Ltd	9,986	40	Life Insurance
A&Q Alternative Solution Limited	373	366²	Investment vehicle for multiple investors
A&Q Alternative Solution Master Limited	372	370²	Investment vehicle for multiple investors
A&Q Alpha Select Hedge Fund XL	170	85 ²	Investment vehicle for multiple investors
UBS Life Insurance Company USA	164	41	Life Insurance
A&Q Alpha Select Hedge Fund Limited	123	122²	Investment vehicle for multiple investors
A&Q Global Alpha Strategies XL Limited	108	54 ²	Investment vehicle for multiple investors

¹ Total assets and total equity on a standalone basis. 2 Represents the net asset value of issued fund units. These fund units are subject to liability treatment in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

The table below and on the next page provides a reconciliation of the IFRS balance sheet to the balance sheet according to the regulatory scope of consolidation as defined by BIS and FINMA. Lines in the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of

consolidation are expanded and referenced where relevant to display all components that are used in the "Composition of capital" table.

Reconciliation of accounting balance sheet to balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation

As of 30.9.17	Balance sheet in accordance with IFRS scope of consolidation	Effect of deconsolidated entities for regulatory consolidation	Effect of additional consolidated entities for regulatory consolidation	Balance sheet in accordance with regulatory scope of consolidation	References ¹
CHF million	or consolidation	Consolidation	consolidation	consolidation	References
Assets					
Cash and balances with central banks	94,563			94,563	
Due from banks	15,047	(176)		14,871	
Cash collateral on securities borrowed	16,614			16,614	
Reverse repurchase agreements	87,889			87,889	
Trading portfolio assets	114,297	(10,246)		104,052	
Positive replacement values	119,462	10		119,472	
Cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments	24,928			24,928	
Loans	314,536	85		314,621	
Financial assets designated at fair value	50,738			50,738	
Financial assets available for sale	13,043	(31)		13,012	
Financial assets held to maturity	9,005			9,005	
Consolidated participations	0	102		102	
Investments in associates	987			987	
of which: goodwill	340			<i>340</i>	4
Property, equipment and software	8,647	(58)		8,590	
Goodwill and intangible assets	6,388			6,388	
of which: goodwill	6,155			6,155	4
of which: intangible assets	<i>233</i>			<i>233</i>	5
Deferred tax assets	12,670	1		12,671	
of which: deferred tax assets recognized for tax loss carry- forwards	8,113	0		8,113	9
of which: deferred tax assets on temporary differences	<i>4,557</i>	1		<i>4,558</i>	12
Other assets	24,783	(192)		24,591	
of which: net defined benefit pension and other post- employment assets	0			0	10
Total assets	913,599	(10,505)	0	903,094	

Reconciliation of accounting balance sheet to balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation (continued)

As of 30.9.17	Balance sheet in accordance with IFRS scope of consolidation	Effect of deconsolidated entities for regulatory consolidation	Effect of additional consolidated entities for regulatory consolidation	Balance sheet in accordance with regulatory scope of consolidation	References ¹
AS 01 30.9.17 CHF million	OI COIISOIIUALIOII	CONSORIDATION	CONSONIUACION	CONSONIQUION	releiences.
Liabilities					
Due to banks	10,639	(34)		10,605	
Cash collateral on securities lent	2,435	(5.)		2,435	
Repurchase agreements	17,535			17,535	
Trading portfolio liabilities	30,620			30,620	
Negative replacement values	115,457	8		115,465	
Cash collateral payables on derivative instruments	31,899			31,899	
Due to customers	401,711	(45)		401,665	
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	56,585	(+3)		56,585	
Debt issued		(11)			
	133,497			133,486	
of which: amount eligible for high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital ²	5,189			5, 189	13
of which: amount eligible for low-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital ²	2,366			2,366	13
of which: amount eligible for low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital ³	7,844			7,844	7
of which: amount eligible for capital instruments subject to	7,044			7,077	
phase-out from tier 2 capital4	<i>683</i>			<i>683</i>	8
Provisions	3,136			3,136	
Other liabilities	55,848	(10,368)		45,480	
of which: amount eligible for high-trigger loss-absorbing capital (Deferred Contingent Capital Plan (DCCP)) ⁵	950			950	13
of which: deferred tax liabilities related to goodwill	<i>53</i>			<i>53</i>	4
of which: deferred tax liabilities related to other intangible assets					5
Total liabilities	859,364	(10,451)	0	848,913	
Equity	035,504	(10,431)		0-10,515	
Share capital	385			385	 1
Share premium	25,782			25,782	 1
Treasury shares	(2,155)			(2,155)	3
		(165)			
Retained earnings	35,107	(103)		34,942	2
Other comprehensive income recognized directly in equity, net of tax	(5,626)	111		(5,515)	3
of which: unrealized gains / (losses) from cash flow hedges	(3,020)			(3,313)	
Equity attributable to UBS Group AG shareholders	53,493	(55)		53,438	
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	743	(33)		743	6
Total equity	54,236	(55)		54,181	0
Total liabilities and equity	913,599	(10,505)		903,094	

Total liabilities and equity
913,599
(10,505)
903,094

1 References link the lines of this table to the respective reference numbers provided in the "References" column in the "Composition of capital" table. 2 Represents IFRS carrying value. 3 IFRS carrying value is CHF 8,256 million. 4 IFRS carrying value is CHF 886 million. 5 IFRS carrying value is CHF 1,869 million. Refer to the "Compensation" section of our Annual Report 2016 for more information on DCCP.

Composition of capital

The table below and on the following pages provides the "Composition of capital" as defined by BIS and FINMA. Reference is made to items reconciling to the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation as disclosed in the "Reconciliation of accounting balance sheet to balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation" table. Where relevant, the effect of phase-in arrangements is disclosed as well.

Refer to "Capital instruments of UBS Group AG consolidated and UBS AG consolidated and standalone" and "UBS Group AG consolidated capital instruments and TLAC-eligible senior unsecured debt" under "Bondholder information" at www.ubs.com/investors for an overview of the key features of our regulatory capital instruments, as well as the full terms and conditions.

Composition of capital

	Numbers	Effect of the	
As of 30.9.17	phase-in	transition phase	References ¹
CHF million, except where indicated			
Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	26,167		1
2 Retained earnings	34,942		2
3 Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	(7,670)		3
Directly issued capital subject to phase-out from common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)			
5 Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Group CET1 capital)			
6 Common equity tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	53,438		
7 Prudential valuation adjustments	(55)		
8 Goodwill, net of tax, less additional tier 1 (AT1) capital	(5,154)	(1,288)	4
9 Intangible assets, net of tax	(229)		5
10 Deferred tax assets recognized for tax loss carry-forwards ²	(6,577)	(1,644)	9
11 Unrealized (gains) / losses from cash flow hedges, net of tax	(621)		11
12 Expected losses on advanced internal ratings-based portfolio less general provisions	(515)		
13 Securitization gain on sale			
Own credit related to financial liabilities designated at fair value, net of tax, and replacement values	105		
15 Defined benefit plans	0		10
16 Compensation and own shares-related capital components (not recognized in net profit) ³	(1,505)		13
17 Reciprocal crossholdings in common equity			
17a Qualifying interest where a controlling influence is exercised together with other owners (CET1 instruments)			
17b Consolidated investments (CET1 instruments)			
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory			
consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital			
(amount above 10% threshold)			
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)			
20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)			
21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	(790)	(491)	12
22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold			
23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financials			
24 of which: mortgage servicing rights			
25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences			
26 Expected losses on equity investments treated according to the PD/LGD approach			
26a Other adjustments relating to the application of an internationally accepted accounting standard	(190)		
26b Other deductions	(1,861)		
27 Regulatory adjustments applied to common equity tier 1 due to insufficient additional tier 1 and tier 2 to cover deductions	(1,001)		
2. Regulatory daystanents applied to common equity tier i due to insumetent duditional tier i difficult it is 2 to cover deductions	(17,393)	(3,424)	

Composition of capital (continued)

As of 3	0.9.17	Numbers phase-in	Effect of the transition phase	References ¹
CHF m	illion, except where indicated			
29	Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1)	36,045	(3,424)	
30	Directly issued qualifying additional tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus	8,872	0	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards			
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	8,872		13
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase-out from additional tier 1			
34	Additional tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in line 5) issued by subsidiaries and held	687	(687)	6
54	by third parties (amount allowed in Group AT1)	007	(007)	0
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out	687	(687)	
36	Additional tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	9,559	(687)	
37	Investments in own additional tier 1 instruments			
38	Reciprocal crossholdings in additional tier 1 instruments			
38a	Qualifying interest where a controlling influence is exercised together with other owner (AT1 instruments)			
38b	Holdings in companies which are to be consolidated (AT1 instruments)			
	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory			
39	consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share			
	capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)			
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)			
41	National specific regulatory adjustments	(1,288)	1.288	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to additional tier 1 due to insufficient tier 2 to cover deductions	(1,200)	1,200	
	Tier 1 adjustments on impact of transitional arrangements	(1,288)	1,288	
	of which: goodwill net of tax, offset against additional loss-absorbing tier 1 capital	(1,288)	1,288	
42a	Excess of the adjustments which are allocated to the common equity tier 1 capital	[1,200)		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to additional tier 1 capital	(1,288)	1,288	
44	Additional tier 1 capital (AT1)	8,270	602	
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	44,315	(2,822)	
46	Directly issued qualifying tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus ⁴	8,037	0	7, 13
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase-out from tier 2	699	(699)	8
	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in lines 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third		(033)	
48	parties (amount allowed in Group tier 2)			
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out			
50	Provisions			
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	8,736	(699)	
52	Investments in own tier 2 instruments ⁵	(17)	16	7, 8
53	Reciprocal crossholdings in tier 2 instruments			
53a	Qualifying interest where a controlling influence is exercised together with other owner (tier 2 instruments)			
53b	Investments to be consolidated (tier 2 instruments)			
	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory			
54	consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share			
	capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)			
55	Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)			
56	National specific regulatory adjustments			
56a	Excess of the adjustments which are allocated to the AT1 capital			
57	Total regulatory adjustments to tier 2 capital	(17)	16	

Composition of capital (continued)

As of 30.9.17	Numbers phase-in	Effect of the transition phase	References ¹
CHF million, except where indicated	•	•	
58 Tier 2 capital (T2)	8,718	(683)	
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing capital	88		13
of which: low-trigger loss-absorbing capital	7,844		7
59 Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)	53,033	(3,505)	
Amount with risk weight pursuant to the transitional arrangement (phase-in)		(1,227)	
of which: net defined benefit pension assets			
of which: deferred tax assets on temporary differences		1,227	
60 Total risk-weighted assets	239,190	(1,227)	
Capital ratios and buffers			
61 Common equity tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	15.1		
62 Tier 1 (pos 45 as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	18.5		
63 Total capital (pos 59 as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	22.2		
64 CET1 requirement (base capital, buffer capital and countercyclical buffer requirements) plus G-SIB buffer requirement, expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets ⁶	6.5		
65 of which: capital buffer requirement	1.3		
66 of which: bank-specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.2		
67 of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	// 5		
68 Common equity tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	15.1		
68a–f Not applicable for systemically relevant banks according to FINMA Circular 11/2			
72 Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	1 255		
73 Significant investments in the common stock of financials	707		
74 Mortgage servicing rights, net of tax	0		
75 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences, net of tax	4,672		
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in tier 2			
Provisions eligible for inclusion in tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardized approach (prior to application of cap)			
77 Cap on inclusion of provisions in tier 2 under standardized approach			
Provisions eligible for inclusion in tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)			
79 Cap for inclusion of provisions in tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach			

¹ References link the lines of this table to the respective reference numbers provided in the "References" column in the "Reconciliation of accounting balance sheet to balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation" table. 2 IFRS netting for deferred tax assets and liabilities is reversed for items deducted from CET1 capital. 3 Includes CHF 455 million in DCCP-related charge for regulatory capital purposes. 4 Consists of loss-absorbing tier 2 capital of CHF 7,845 million, 45% of the gross unrealized gains on available for sale equity and debt instruments of CHF 103 million in line with BIS rules and deferred contingent capital plan instruments of CHF 88 million. 5 Consists of own instruments for loss-absorbing tier 2 capital of CHF 1 million and for phase-out tier 2 capital instruments of CHF 16 million. 6 BCBS requirements are exceeded by our Swiss SRB requirements. Refer to the "Capital Management" section of our Annual Report 2016 for more information on the Swiss SRB requirements.

Section 4 Leverage ratio

BIS Basel III leverage ratio

The BIS leverage ratio is calculated by dividing the period-end tier 1 capital by the period-end leverage ratio denominator (LRD). The LRD consists of IFRS on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items. Derivative exposures are adjusted for a number of items, including replacement value and eligible cash variation margin netting, the current exposure method add-on and net notional amounts for written credit derivatives. The LRD also includes an additional charge for counterparty credit risk related to securities financing transactions. In addition, balance sheet assets deducted from our tier 1 capital are excluded from LRD, which leads to a difference between phase-in and fully applied LRD for deferred tax assets and net defined benefit pension plan assets.

The "Reconciliation of IFRS total assets to BIS Basel III total on-balance sheet exposures excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions" table below shows the difference between total IFRS assets per IFRS consolidation scope and the BIS total on-balance sheet exposures, which are the starting point for calculating the BIS LRD as shown in the "BIS Basel III leverage ratio common disclosure" table on the next page. The difference is due to the application of the regulatory scope of consolidation for the purpose of the BIS calculation. In addition, carrying values for derivative financial instruments and securities financing transactions

are deducted from IFRS total assets. They are measured differently under BIS leverage ratio rules and are therefore added back in separate exposure line items in the "BIS Basel III leverage ratio common disclosure" table on the next page.

As of 30 September 2017, our BIS Basel III leverage ratio was 4.7% on a fully applied basis and 5.0% on a phase-in basis. The BIS Basel III LRD was CHF 884.8 billion on a fully applied basis and CHF 887.0 billion on a phase-in basis. Information on our Swiss SRB leverage ratio and the movement in our LRD on a fully applied basis compared with the prior quarter is provided on pages 66–67 of our third quarter 2017 report, available under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Difference between the Swiss SRB and BIS leverage ratio

The LRD is the same under Swiss SRB and BIS rules. However, there is a difference in the capital numerator between the two frameworks. Under BIS rules, only common equity tier 1 and additional tier 1 capital are included in the numerator. Under Swiss SRB we are required to meet going as well as gone concern leverage ratio requirements. Therefore, depending on the requirement, the numerator includes tier 1 capital instruments, tier 2 capital instruments and / or TLAC-eligible senior unsecured debt.

Reconciliation of IFRS total assets to BIS Basel III total on-balance sheet exposures excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions

CHF million	30.9.17	30.6.17
On-balance sheet exposures		
IFRS total assets	913,599	890,831
Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the		
scope of regulatory consolidation	(10,505)	(10,696)
Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are outside the scope of consolidation for accounting purposes		
but consolidated for regulatory purposes	0	0
Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio		
exposure measure	0	0
Less carrying value of derivative financial instruments in IFRS total assets¹	(144,400)	(144,599)
Less carrying value of securities financing transactions in IFRS total assets ²	(123,932)	(107,061)
Adjustments to accounting values	0	0
On-balance sheet items excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions, but including collateral	634,762	628,475
Asset amounts deducted in determining BIS Basel III tier 1 capital	(14,744)	(14,408)
Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions)	620,018	614,067

¹ Consists of positive replacement values and cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments in accordance with the regulatory scope of consolidation. 2 Consists of cash collateral on securities borrowed, reverse repurchase agreements, margin loans and prime brokerage receivables related to securities financing transactions in accordance with the regulatory scope of consolidation.

BIS Basel	Ш	leverage	ratio	common	disclosure
DID DUSCI	•••	icverage	Idu	COIIIIIOII	aisciosai c

СНІ	F million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17
	On-balance sheet exposures		
1	On-balance sheet items excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral	634,762	628,475
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III tier 1 capital)	(14,744)	(14,408)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs)	620,018	614,067
	Derivative exposures		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e., net of eligible cash variation margin)	44,622	42,545
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	87,122	83,041
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	0	0
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	(13,090)	(11,303)
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	(19,091)	(17,020)
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of all written credit derivatives ¹	108,523	108,420
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives) ²	(106,178)	(106,029)
11	Total derivative exposures	101,908	99,653
	Securities financing transaction exposures		
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	194,383	174,874
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	(70,451)	(67,813)
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	8,716	8,751
15	Agent transaction exposures	0	0
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures	132,648	115,811
	Other off-balance sheet exposures		
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	94,760	96,671
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(62,365)	(63,228)
19	Total off-balance sheet items	32,395	33,443
	Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator), phase-in	886,969	862,975
	(Additional asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III tier 1 capital fully applied)	(2,135)	(2,096)
	Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator), fully applied	884,834	860,879
	Capital and total exposures (leverage ratio denominator), phase-in		
20	Tier 1 capital	44,315	43,421
21	Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator)	886,969	862,975
	Leverage ratio		
22	Basel III leverage ratio phase-in (%)	5.0	5.0
	Capital and total exposures (leverage ratio denominator), fully applied		
20	Tier 1 capital	41,493	40,668
21		884,834	860,879
	Leverage ratio		
22	Basel III leverage ratio fully applied (%)	4.7	4.7
_	cludes protection sold, including agency transactions. 2 Protection sold can be offset with protection bought on the same underlying reference entity, provided that i		

¹ Includes protection sold, including agency transactions. 2 Protection sold can be offset with protection bought on the same underlying reference entity, provided that the conditions according to the Basel III leverage ratio framework and disclosure requirements are met.

BIS Basel III leverage ratio summary comparison

СН	F million	30.9.17	30.6.17
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	913,599	890,831
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation ¹	(25,249)	(25,104)
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	0	0
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	(42,492)	(44,946)
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e., repos and similar secured lending)	8,716	8,751
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e., conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	32,395	33,443
7	Other adjustments	0	0
0	Leverage ratio exposure (leverage ratio denominator), phase-in	886,969	862,975
	S Basel III leverage ratio		
BIS	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated		
BIS	S Basel III leverage ratio	31.3.17	31.12.16
BIS CHI	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated	31.3.17 43,182	31.12.16 44,941
BIS CHI Pha	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated ase-in 30.9.17 30.6.17		
BIS CHI Pha Tota	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated ase-in 30.9.17 30.6.17 al tier 1 capital 44,315 43,421	43,182	44,941
BIS CHI Pha Tota BIS	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated ase-in 30.9.17 30.6.17 al tier 1 capital 44,315 43,421 total exposures (leverage ratio denominator) 886,969 862,975	43,182 883,408	44,941 874,925
BIS Pha Tota BIS BIS	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated ase-in 30.9.17 30.6.17 al tier 1 capital 44,315 43,421 total exposures (leverage ratio denominator) 886,969 862,975 Basel III leverage ratio (%) 5.0 5.0	43,182 883,408 4.9	44,941 874,925 5.1
BIS CHA Pha Tota BIS BIS Ful	S Basel III leverage ratio F million, except where indicated ase-in 30.9.17 30.6.17 al tier 1 capital 44,315 43,421 total exposures (leverage ratio denominator) 886,969 862,975 Basel III leverage ratio (%) 5.0 5.0 Illy applied 30.9.17 30.6.17	43,182 883,408 4.9	44,941 874,925 5.1 31.12.16

Section 5 Liquidity coverage ratio

High-quality liquid assets

High-quality liquid assets (HQLA) must be easily and immediately convertible into cash at little or no loss of value, especially during a period of stress. HQLA are assets that are of low risk and are unencumbered. Other characteristics of HQLA are ease and certainty of valuation, low correlation with risky assets, listing on a developed and recognized exchange, an active and sizeable

market and low volatility. Based on these characteristics, HQLA are categorized as Level 1 (primarily central bank reserves and government bonds) or Level 2 (primarily US and European agency bonds as well as non-financial corporate covered bonds). Level 2 assets are subject to regulatory haircuts and caps.

High-quality liquid assets

	Α	Average 3Q17 ¹			Average 2Q17 ¹		
	Level 1 weighted liquidity	weighted weighted weighted		Level 1 weighted liquidity	weighted weighted	Total weighted liquidity	
CHF billion	value ²	value ²	value ²	value ²	value ²	value ²	
Cash balances ³	110	0	110	114	0	114	
Securities	60	16	76	66	15	80	
Total high-quality liquid assets⁴	170	16	186	179	15	194	

¹ Calculated based on an average of 64 data points in the third quarter of 2017 and 60 data points in the second quarter of 2017. 2 Calculated after the application of haircuts. 3 Includes cash and balances with central banks and other eligible balances as prescribed by FINMA. 4 Calculated in accordance with FINMA requirements.

Liquidity coverage ratio

In the third quarter of 2017, our liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) increased 11 percentage points to 142%, remaining above the 110% Group LCR minimum communicated by FINMA. The increase in LCR was mainly driven by lower average net cash outflows from financial liabilities at fair value and other

unsecured wholesale funding, as well as additional debt issuances. These effects more than offset the negative impact from a reduction in overall HQLA due to lower deposit volumes and higher funding in our US operations to meet our liquidity requirements.

Liquidity coverage ratio

	Average 3Q	171	Average 2Q17		
CHF billion, except where indicated	Unweighted value	Weighted value ²	Unweighted value	Weighted value	
High-quality liquid assets					
1 High-quality liquid assets	188	186	196	194	
Cash outflows			222	25	
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	231	25	232	25	
of which: stable deposits	<i>36</i>		39		
of which: less stable deposits	195	24	193	24	
Unsecured wholesale funding	180	102	196	113	
of which: operational deposits (all counterparties)	<i>35</i>	9	35	9	
of which: non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	<i>133</i>	<i>82</i>	146	90	
of which: unsecured debt	11	11	15	1:	
Secured wholesale funding		75		77	
O Additional requirements:	83	25	88	29	
of which: outflows related to derivatives and other transactions	<i>42</i>	<i>17</i>	45	1.	
2 of which: outflows related to loss of funding on debt products ³	0	0	0		
3 of which: committed credit and liquidity facilities	41	8	44	10	
4 Other contractual funding obligations	15	14	18	15	
5 Other contingent funding obligations	222	5	206		
6 Total cash outflows		247		266	
Cash inflows	-		-		
7 Secured lending	271	76	292	77	
8 Inflows from fully performing exposures	59	31	59	3′	
9 Other cash inflows	10	10	10	10	
0 Total cash inflows	340	117	361	118	
		Average 3Q17 ¹		Average 2Q1	
CHF billion, except where indicated		Total adjusted value4		Total adjusted value	
· '				,	
iquidity coverage ratio 1 High-quality liquid assets		186		194	
2 Net cash outflows		131		148	
3 Liquidity coverage ratio (%)		142		131	

1 Calculated based on an average of 64 data points in the third quarter of 2017 and 60 data points in the second quarter of 2017. 2 Calculated after the application of inflow and outflow rates. 3 Includes outflows related to loss of funding on asset-backed securities, covered bonds, other structured financing instruments, asset-backed commercial papers, structured entities (conduits), securities investment vehicles and other such financing facilities. 4 Calculated after the application of haircuts and inflow and outflow rates as well as, where applicable, caps on Level 2 assets and cash inflows.

Significant regulated subsidiaries and sub-groups

Section 1 Introduction

The sections below include required information on the regulatory capital components and capital ratios, as well as leverage and liquidity coverage ratios where required, of UBS AG standalone, UBS Switzerland AG standalone, UBS Limited standalone and UBS Americas Holding LLC consolidated. UBS AG consolidated capital and leverage ratio information is provided in the UBS AG third quarter 2017 report, which will be available as of 1 November 2017 under "Quarterly reporting" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Local regulators may also require publication of Pillar 3 information at a subsidiary or sub-group level. Where applicable,

these local disclosures are provided under "Holding company and significant regulated subsidiaries and sub-groups" at www.ubs.com/investors.

Capital information in this section is based on Pillar 1 capital requirements. Entities may be subject to significant additional Pillar 2 requirements, which represent additional amounts of capital considered necessary and agreed with regulators based on the risk profile of the entities.

Section 2 UBS AG standalone

Swiss SRB going concern requirements and information

Under Swiss SRB regulations, article 125 "Reliefs for financial groups and individual institutions" of the Capital Adequacy Ordinance stipulates that the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA) may grant, under certain conditions, capital relief to individual institutions to ensure that an individual institution's compliance with the capital requirements does not lead to a de facto overcapitalization of the group of which it is a part.

FINMA granted relief concerning the regulatory capital requirements of UBS AG on a standalone basis by means of decrees issued on 20 December 2013 and 20 October 2017, the latter effective as of 1 July 2017 and partly replacing the former.

The FINMA decree issued in 2017 newly establishes the measure of total going concern capital for UBS AG. Common equity tier 1 (CET1) and high-trigger additional tier 1 capital instruments are eligible as going concern capital, and low-trigger tier 2 capital instruments remain eligible until the earlier of (i) their maturity or the first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019. Capital requirements based on risk-weighted assets (RWA) and leverage ratio denominator (LRD) are the same under phase-in and fully applied rules. The capital requirements based on RWA include a minimum CET1 capital requirement of 10% plus the effects from countercyclical buffers (CCBs), and a total going concern capital requirement of 14.3% plus the effects from CCBs. The capital requirements based on LRD include a minimum CET1 capital requirement of 3.5% and a total going concern leverage ratio requirement of 5.0%. Compared with the requirements set by the December 2013 FINMA decree, the total

capital requirement increased 0.3 percentage points and the total leverage ratio requirement increased 1.6 percentage points. Additionally, for direct and indirect investments, including holding of regulatory capital instruments of UBS AG in subsidiaries that are active in banking and finance, the new FINMA decree abolishes the threshold deduction approach by introducing a risk-weighting approach, with a phase-in period until 1 January 2028. Starting 1 July 2017, these investments have been risk-weighted at 200%. As of 1 January 2019, the risk weights will gradually be raised by 5 percentage points per year for Swiss-domiciled investments and by 20 percentage points per year for foreign-domiciled investments until the fully applied risk weights are 250% and 400%, respectively.

Going concern capital, leverage ratio denominator and risk-weighted assets

Our phase-in going concern capital increased by CHF 26.2 billion and our phase-in risk-weighted assets increased by CHF 49 billion, primarily resulting from the aforementioned application of the new FINMA decree, which changed the treatment for investments in subsidiaries that are active in banking and finance.

Our LRD increased by CHF 31 billion, driven by the aforementioned change related to the treatment for investments, as well as currency- and asset size-related movements

Swiss SRB going concern requirements and information

Swiss SRB going concern requirements and information

A- of 20.0.17	Swiss SRB, including transitional arrangements (phase-in)				Curley ('DD after transiti	an Æullu annlia	۹/
As of 30.9.17	- "		•			SRB after transition		•
CHF million, except where indicated	RWA	<u> </u>	LRD		RWA	<u> </u>	LRD	
Required loss-absorbing capacity	in %1		in %1		in %		in %	
Common equity tier 1 capital	10.02	28,333	3.50	20,895	10.02	37,244	3.50	20,885
of which: minimum capital	<i>4.50</i>	12,727	1.50	8,955	<i>4.50</i>	16,729	1.50	8,951
of which: buffer capital	5.50	15,555	2.00	11,940	5.50	20,447	2.00	11,934
of which: countercyclical buffer ²	0.02	<i>52</i>			0.02	68		
Maximum additional tier 1 capital	4.30	12,161	1.50	8,955	4.30	15,986	1.50	8,951
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 minimum capital	3.50	9,898	1.50	8,955	3.50	13,012	1.50	8,951
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1	0.00	2 262			0.00	2.074		
buffer capital Total going concern capital	0.80 14.32 ³	<i>2,263</i> 40,494	5.00 ³	29,850	0.80 14.32³	<i>2,974</i> 53,230	5.00 ³	29,836
Total going concern capital	14.32°	40,434	3.00	29,630	14.32*	33,230	3.00	29,630
Eligible loss-absorbing capacity								
Common equity tier 1 capital	17.51	49,532	8.30	49,532	13.25	49,247	8.25	49,247
High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital4	4.07	11,514	1.93	11,514	0.99	3,670	0.62	3,670
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	1.30	3,670	0.61	3,670	0.99	3,670	0.62	3,670
of which: low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital	2.77	7,844	1.31	7,844				
Total going concern capital	21.59	61,046	10.23	61,046	14.23	52,917	8.87	52,917
Risk-weighted assets / leverage ratio denominator								
Risk-weighted assets	282,813				371,760			
Leverage ratio denominator			597,002				596,716	

¹ By FINMA decree, requirements on a phase-in basis exceed those based on the transitional arrangements of the Swiss Capital Adequacy Ordinance, i.e., a total going concern capital ratio requirement of 12% plus the effect of countercyclical buffer (CCB) requirements of 0.02%, of which 9% plus the effect of CCB requirements of 0.02% must be satisfied with CET1 capital, and a total going concern leverage ratio requirement of 3.5%, of which 2.6% must be satisfied with CET1 capital. 2 Going concern capital ratio requirements as of 30 September 2017 include CCB requirements of 0.02% for the phase-in and fully applied requirement. 3 Includes applicable add-ons of 1.44% for RWA and 0.5% for LRD. 4 Includes outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments, which are available under the transitional rules of the Swiss SRB framework to meet the going concern requirements until the earlier of (i) their maturity or first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019. Outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments are subject to amortization starting five years prior to their maturity.

Current and former Swiss SRB going concern information¹

	Swiss SRB, including transitional arrangements (phase-in)	Swiss SRB after transition (fully applied)	Former Swiss SRB (phase-in)	Former Swiss SRB (phase-in)
CHF million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16
Going concern capital				
Common equity tier 1 capital	49,532	49,247	50,006	51,331
Deductions from common equity tier 1 capital			(15,115)	(17,348)
Total common equity tier 1 capital	49,532	49,247	34,891	33,983
High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	3,670	3,670	3,642	3,919
Low-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital ²			1,095	1,071
Deductions from high- and low-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital			(4,738)	(4,990)
Total loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	3,670	3,670	0	0
Total tier 1 capital	53,203	52,917	34,891	33,983
Low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital ³	7,844		8,080	10,402
Non-Basel III-compliant tier 2 capital ⁴			1,326	1,340
Deductions from tier 2 capital			(9,406)	(11,742)
Total tier 2 capital	7,844		0	0
Total going concern capital	61,046	52,917		
Total capital			34,891	33,983
Risk-weighted assets / leverage ratio denominator				
Risk-weighted assets	282,813	371,760	233,737	232,422
of which: Direct and indirect investments in Swiss-domiciled subsidiaries ⁵	31,650	39,562		
of which: Direct and indirect investments in foreign-domiciled subsidiaries ⁵	81,034	162,069		
Leverage ratio denominator	597,002	596,716	566,091	561,979
Capital ratios (%)				
Tier 1 capital ratio			14.9	14.6
Total capital ratio			14.9	14.6
Total going concern capital ratio	21.6	14.2		
of which: CET1 capital ratio	17.5	13.2	14.9	14.6
Leverage ratios (%)				
Tier 1 leverage ratio			6.2	6.0
Total leverage ratio			6.2	6.0
Total going concern leverage ratio	10.2	8.9		
of which: CET1 leverage ratio	<i>8.3</i>	<i>8.3</i>	6.2	6.0

¹ The term "Going concern capital" is used in this table in reference to the information presented under the current Swiss SRB framework only and does not apply to the information presented under the formation presented and therefore does not apply to the information presented under the formation presented and therefore does not qualify as going concern capital. 3 Outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments qualify as going concern capital until the earlier of (i) their maturity or first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019, and are subject to amortization starting five years prior to their maturity. 4 Non-Basel III compliant tier 2 capital instruments do not qualify as going concern capital. 5 Carrying value for direct and indirect investments, including holding of regulatory capital instruments in Swiss-domiciled subsidiaries, is CHF 15,825 million and for direct and indirect investments, including holding of regulatory capital instruments in foreign-domiciled subsidiaries, is CHF 40,517 million, currently risk weighted at 200%. Risk weights are gradually increased by 5% per year for Swiss-domiciled investments and 20% per year for foreign-domiciled investments starting 1 January 2019 until the fully applied risk weights of 250% and 400%, respectively, are applied.

Leverage ratio information

Swiss SRB leverage ratio denominator

	Swiss SRB, incl. transitional arrangements (phase-in)	Swiss SRB after transition (fully applied)	Former Swiss SRB (phase-in)	Former Swiss SRB (phase-in)
	30.9.17	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16
Leverage ratio denominator (CHF billion)				
Swiss GAAP total assets	468.1	468.1	453.6	439.5
Difference between Swiss GAAP and IFRS total assets	114.7	114.7	116.8	151.3
Less: derivative exposures and SFTs1	(221.1)	(221.1)	(213.3)	(248.3)
On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative exposures and SFTs)	361.6	361.6	357.1	342.5
Derivative exposures	97.7	97.7	96.0	98.5
Securities financing transactions	104.2	104.2	93.3	93.5
Off-balance sheet items	35.7	35.7	34.3	40.7
Items deducted from Swiss SRB tier 1 capital	(2.1)	(2.4)	(14.7)	(13.2)
Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator)	597.0	596.7	566.1	562.0

¹ Consists of positive replacement values, cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments, cash collateral on securities borrowed, reverse repurchase agreements, margin loans and prime brokerage receivables related to securities financing transactions, which are presented separately under Derivative exposures and Securities financing transactions in this table.

BIS Basel III leverage ratio (phase-in)

CHF million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.3.17	31.12.16
Total tier 1 capital	54,363	34,891	33,632	33,983
Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator)	597,002	566,091	577,990	561,979
BIS Basel III leverage ratio (%)	9.1	6.2	5.8	6.0

Liquidity coverage ratio

UBS AG is required to maintain a minimum liquidity coverage ratio of 105% as communicated by FINMA.

Liquidity coverage ratio

	Weighted v	Weighted value ¹		
CHF billion, except where indicated	Average 3Q17 ²	Average 2Q17		
High-quality liquid assets	87	87		
Total net cash outflows	65	68		
of which: cash outflows	<i>179</i>	188		
of which: cash inflows	114	120		
Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	134	128		

¹ Calculated after the application of haircuts and inflow and outflow rates. 2 Calculated based on an average of 64 data points in the third quarter of 2017 and 60 data points in the second quarter of 2017.

Section 3 UBS Switzerland AG standalone

Swiss SRB going and gone concern requirements and information

UBS Switzerland AG is considered a systemically relevant bank (SRB) under Swiss banking law and is subject to capital regulations on a standalone basis. As of 30 September 2017, the

phase-in going concern capital and leverage ratio requirements for UBS Switzerland AG standalone were 12.50% and 3.5%, respectively. The gone concern requirements on a phase-in basis were 6.2% for the RWA-based requirement and 2.0% for the LRD-based requirement.

Swiss SRB going and gone concern requirements and information¹

As of 30.9.17	Swiss SRB, including transitional arrangements (phase-in)			hase-in)	Swiss SRB as of 1.1.20 (fully applied)			
CHF million, except where indicated	RWA		LRD	LRD			LRD	
Required loss-absorbing capacity	in %²		in %		in %		in %	
Common equity tier 1 capital	9.50	9,191	2.60	7,936	10.50	10,158	3.50	10,683
of which: minimum capital	<i>5.80</i>	5,612	2.10	6,410	4.50	4,354	1.50	4,578
of which: buffer capital	3.20	3,096	0.50	1,526	5.50	5,322	2.00	6,105
of which: countercyclical buffer ³	0.50	482			0.50	482		
Maximum additional tier 1 capital	3.00	2,903	0.90	2,747	4.30	4,161	1.50	4,578
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing				0.747	2.50		4.50	
additional tier 1 minimum capital of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing	2.20	2,129	0.90	2,747	3.50	3,387	1.50	4,578
additional tier 1 buffer capital	0.80	774			0.80	774		
Total going concern capital	12.50	12,093	3.50	10,683	14.804	14,319	5.004	15,261
Base gone concern loss-absorbing capacity,				•		•		•
including applicable add-ons	6.20⁵	5,999	2.00⁵	6,105	14.304	13,837	5.004	15,261
Total gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	6.20	5,999	2.00	6,105	14.30	13,837	5.00	15,261
Total loss-absorbing capacity	18.70	18,093	5.50	16,788	29.10	28,156	10.00	30,523
Eligible loss-absorbing capacity								
Common equity tier 1 capital	10.62	10,272	3.37	10,272	10.62	10,272	3.37	10,272
High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1								
capital	2.07	2,000	0.66	2,000	2.07	2,000	0.66	2,000
of which: high-trigger loss-absorbing	2.07	2.000	0.00	2.000	2.07	2.000	0.00	2.000
additional tier 1 capital	2.07 12.68	<i>2,000</i> 12,272	<i>0.66</i> 4.02	<i>2,000</i> 12,272	2.07 12.68	<i>2,000</i> 12,272	<i>0.66</i> 4.02	2,000
Total going concern capital Gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	6,10	5,900	1.93	5,900	6.10	5,900	1.93	12,272 5,900
of which: TLAC-eligible senior unsecured debt	3.51	3,400	1.11	3,400	3.51	3,400	1.11	3,400
Total gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	6.10	5,900	1.93	5,900	6.10	5,900	1.93	5,900
Total loss-absorbing capacity	18.78	18,172	5.95	18,172	18.78	18,172	5.95	18,172
Risk-weighted assets / leverage ratio								
denominator								
Risk-weighted assets		96,763				96,763		

¹ This table does not include the effect of any gone concern requirement rebate. Refer to the "Capital management" section of the UBS Group third quarter 2017 report. UBS Switzerland AG is compliant with all regulatory requirements. 2 The total loss-absorbing capacity ratio requirement of 18.70% is the current phase-in requirement according to the Swiss Capital Adequacy Ordinance. In addition, FINMA has defined a total capital ratio requirement, which is the sum of 14.4% and the effect of CCB requirements of 0.50%, of which 10% plus the effect of CCB requirements must be satisfied with CET1 capital. These FINMA requirements will be effective until they are exceeded by the Swiss SRB phase-in requirements. 3 Going concern capital ratio requirements as of 30 September 2017 include CCB requirements of 0.50% for the phase-in and fully applied requirement. 4 Includes applicable add-ons of 1.44% for RWA and 0.5% for LRD. 5 Includes applicable add-ons of 0.36% for RWA and 0.13% for LRD.

Leverage ratio denominator

Swiss SRB loss-absorbing capacity

Swiss SRB going and gone concern information

	•	Swiss SRB, including transitional arrangements (phase-in)			Swiss SRB as of 1.1.20 (fully applied)		
CHF million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16	
Going concern capital							
Common equity tier 1 capital	10,272	10,276	10,416	10,272	10,276	10,416	
High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital	2,000	2,000	1,235¹	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Total tier 1 capital	12,272	12,276	11,651	12,272	12,276	12,416	
Total going concern capital	12,272	12,276	11,651	12,272	12,276	12,416	
Gone concern loss-absorbing capacity							
High-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital			765¹				
Low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital	2,500 ¹	2,500¹	2,500¹	2,500	2,500	2,500	
TLAC-eligible senior unsecured debt	3,400	3,400		3,400	3,400		
Total gone concern loss-absorbing capacity	5,900	5,900	3,265	5,900	5,900	2,500	
Total loss-absorbing capacity							
Total loss-absorbing capacity	18,172	18,176	14,916	18,172	18,176	14,916	
Risk-weighted assets / leverage ratio denominator							
Risk-weighted assets	96,763	94,525	93,281	96,763	94,525	93,281	
Leverage ratio denominator	305,229	308,917	306,586	305,229	308,917	306,586	
Capital and loss-absorbing capacity ratios (%)							
Going concern capital ratio	12.7	13.0	12.5	12.7	13.0	13.3	
of which: common equity tier 1 capital ratio	10.6	10.9	11.2	10.6	10.9	11.2	
Gone concern loss-absorbing capacity ratio	6.1	6.2	3.5	6.1	6.2	2.7	
Total loss-absorbing capacity ratio	18.8	19.2	16.0	18.8	19.2	16.0	
Leverage ratios (%)							
Going concern leverage ratio	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.0	
of which: common equity tier 1 leverage ratio	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	
Gone concern leverage ratio	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.9	1.9	0.8	
Total loss-absorbing capacity leverage ratio	6.0	5.9	4.9	6.0	5.9	4.9	

¹ Under the Swiss SRB rules, going concern capital includes CET1 and high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital. Outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments would qualify as going concern capital until the earlier of (i) their maturity or first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019. However, as of 30 September 2017, 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the total low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital of CHF 2,500 million was used to meet the gone concern requirements. Additionally, as of 31 December 2016, CHF 765 million of high-trigger loss-absorbing additional tier 1 capital was used to meet the gone concern requirements.

Leverage ratio information

Swiss SRB leverage ratio denominator

		Swiss SRB, including transitional arrangements (phase-in)		Swiss SRB as of 1.1.20 (fully applied))	
	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.12.16	
Leverage ratio denominator (CHF billion)							
Swiss GAAP total assets	292.8	296.6	294.5	292.8	296.6	294.5	
Difference between Swiss GAAP and IFRS total assets	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	
Less: derivative exposures and SFTs1	(35.1)	(40.3)	(32.3)	(35.1)	(40.3)	(32.3)	
On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative exposures and SFTs)	259.3	257.9	263.7	259.3	257.9	263.7	
Derivative exposures	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.7	
Securities financing transactions	29.8	34.9	26.4	29.8	34.9	26.4	
Off-balance sheet items	11.5	11.8	12.0	11.5	11.8	12.0	
Items deducted from Swiss SRB tier 1 capital	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.3)	
Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator)	305.2	308.9	306.6	305.2	308.9	306.6	

¹ Consists of positive replacement values, cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments, cash collateral on securities borrowed, reverse repurchase agreements, margin loans and prime brokerage receivables related to securities financing transactions, which are presented separately under Derivative exposures and Securities financing transactions in this table.

BIS Basel III leverage ratio (phase-in)

CHF million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17	31.3.17	31.12.16
Total tier 1 capital	12,272	12,276	12,373	12,416
Total exposures (leverage ratio denominator)	305,229	308,917	312,371	306,586
BIS Basel III leverage ratio (%)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

Liquidity coverage ratio

UBS Switzerland AG, as a Swiss SRB, is required to maintain a minimum liquidity coverage ratio of 100%.

Liquidity coverage ratio

	Weighted	value¹
CHF billion, except where indicated	Average 3Q17 ²	Average 2Q17
High-quality liquid assets	72	76
Total net cash outflows	51	61
of which: cash outflows	92	97
of which: cash inflows	41	36
Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	140	125

¹ Calculated after the application of haircuts and inflow and outflow rates. 2 Calculated based on an average of 64 data points in the third quarter of 2017 and 60 data points in the second quarter of 2017.

Capital instruments

Capital instruments of UBS Switzerland AG – key features

Presented according to issuance date

		Share capital	Additional tier 1 capital	Tier 2 capital	Additional tier 1 capital
1	Issuer (country of incorporation; if applicable, branch)	UBS Switzerland AG,	UBS Switzerland AG,	UBS Switzerland	UBS Switzerland AG,
		Switzerland	Switzerland	AG, Switzerland	Switzerland
a	Instrument number	1	2	3	4
	Unique identifier (e.g., ISIN)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Swiss	Swiss	Swiss	Swiss
	Regulatory treatment				
1	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	CET1 – Going concern	Additional tier 1 – Going	Tier 2 – Gone	Additional tier 1 – Going
		capital	concern capital	concern loss-	concern capital
				absorbing	
				capacity ⁴	
	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	CET1 – Going concern	Additional tier 1 – Going	Gone concern loss-	Additional tier 1 – Going
		capital	concern capital	absorbing capacity⁴	concern capital
	Eligible at solo / group / group&solo	UBS Switzerland AG	UBS Switzerland AG	UBS Switzerland	UBS Switzerland AG
		standalone	standalone	AG standalone	standalone
	Instrument type	Ordinary shares	Loan ⁵	Loan ⁵	Loan ⁵
	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (currency in million, as of most recent reporting date) ¹	CHF 10.0	CHF 1,500	CHF 2,500	CHF 500
	Outstanding amount (par value, million)	CHF 10.0	CHF 1,500	CHF 2,500	CHF 500
0	Accounting classification ³	Equity attributable to	Due to banks held at	Due to banks held	Due to banks held at
		UBS Switzerland AG shareholders	amortized cost	at amortized cost	amortized cost
1	Original date of issuance	_	1 April 2015	1 April 2015	11 March 2016
2	Perpetual or dated	_	Perpetual	Dated	Perpetual
3	Original maturity date	_		1 April 2025	_
4	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	_	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Optional call date, subsequent call dates, if applicable, and	_	First optional repayment	First optional	First optional repayment
	redemption amount		date:	repayment date:	date:
			1 April 2020	1 April 2020	11 March 2021
			Repayable at any time after t	the first optional repaym	ent date.
			Repayment subject to FINMA amount, together with any a	A approval. Optional rep	ayment amount: principal
6	Contingent call dates and redemption amount	_	Early repayment possible due	e to a tax or regulatory e	vent. Repayment due to tax
	,		event subject to FINMA appr	oval.	, ,
			Repayment amount: principa	l amount, together with	accrued and unpaid interest
			_	Early repayment	_
				possible upon a	
				change in	
				progressive capital	
				component	
				requirement, subject to FINMA	
				approval.	
				Repayment	
				amount: 101% of	
				principal amount,	
				together with	
				accrued and	

Capital instruments of UBS Switzerland AG – key features (continued)

	Coupons / dividend				
17	Fixed or floating dividend / coupon	_	Floating	Floating	Floating
8	Coupon rate and any related index; frequency of payment	_	6-month CHF Libor + 370 bps per annum semiannually	6-month CHF Libor + 200 bps per annum semiannually	3-month CHF Libor + 459 bps per annum quarterly
9	Existence of a dividend stopper	_	No	No	No
0	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary	Fully discretionary	Mandatory	Fully discretionary
1	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	_	No	No No	No
2	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative	Cumulative	Non-cumulative
3	Convertible or non-convertible	_	Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible
4	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	_	_	_	_
5	If convertible, fully or partially	_	_	_	_
6	If convertible, conversion rate	_	_	_	_
7	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	_	_	_	_
8	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	_	_	_	_
9	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	_	_	_	_
0	Write-down feature	_	Yes	Yes	Yes
1	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	_	Trigger: CET1 ratio is less than 7%	Trigger: CET1 ratio is less than 5%	Trigger: CET1 ratio is less than 7%
 2	If write-down, full or partial		viability; or UBS Switzerland <i>i</i> that FINMA determines neces Subject to applicable conditio	sary to ensure UBS Swi	
3		_	Permanent		Permanent
	If write-down, permanent or temporary		Permanent	Permanent	Permanent
4	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	_	_	_	
35	Desition in subaudination biovardurin liquidation	Unless otherwise	Cubicat to any abligations	Cubingt to any	_
	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Unless otherwise stated in the Articles of Association, once debts are paid back, the assets of the liquidated company are divided between the shareholders pro rata based on their contributions and considering the preferences attached to certain categories of shares (section 745, Swiss Civil Code of Obligations)	Subject to any obligations that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that are subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, or at par, such as tier 1 instruments	Subject to any obligations that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that are subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, or at par, such as unsecured, subordinated and dated obligations	Subject to any obligations that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that at subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, cat par, such as tier 1 instruments
		stated in the Articles of Association, once debts are paid back, the assets of the liquidated company are divided between the shareholders pro rata based on their contributions and considering the preferences attached to certain categories of shares (section 745, Swiss Civil Code of	that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that are subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, or at par, such as tier 1	obligations that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that are subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, or at par, such as unsecured, subordinated and subordinated and	Subject to any obligation: that are mandatorily preferred by law, all obligations of UBS Switzerland AG that are unsubordinated or that a subordinated and do not rank junior, such as all classes of share capital, cat par, such as tier 1

If yes, specify non-compliant features

1 Based on Swiss SRB phase-in (including transitional arrangement) requirements.

2 Based on Swiss SRB requirements applicable as of 1 January 2020.

3 As applied in UBS Switzerland AG's financial statements under Swiss GAAP.

4 Outstanding low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital instruments would qualify as going concern capital until the earlier of (i) their maturity or first call date or (ii) 31 December 2019. As of 1 January 2020, these instruments may be used to meet the gone concern requirements until one year before maturity, with a haircut of 50% applied in the last year of eligibility. However, as of 30 September 2017, the total low-trigger loss-absorbing tier 2 capital of CHF 2,500 million was used to meet the gone concern requirements.

5 Loans granted by UBS AG, Switzerland.

Section 4 UBS Limited standalone

The table below includes required information on the regulatory capital components and capital ratios, as well as leverage ratio, of UBS Limited standalone based on the Pillar 1 capital requirements. Entities may also be subject to significant Pillar 2

requirements, which represent additional amounts of capital considered necessary and agreed with regulators based on the risk profile of the entities.

Prudential key figures^{1,2}

GB	P million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17
1	Minimum capital requirement (8% of RWA)	982	976
2	Eligible capital	3,240	3,427
3	of which: common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital	2,332	2,505
4	of which: tier 1 capital	<i>2,561</i>	2,740
5	Risk-weighted assets	12,274	12,195
6	CET1 capital ratio in % of RWA	19.0	20.5
7	Tier 1 capital ratio in % of RWA	20.9	22.5
8	Total capital ratio in % of RWA	26.4	28.1
9	Countercyclical buffer (CCB) in % of RWA	0.1	0.0
10	CET1 capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	5.8	5.8
11	Tier 1 capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	7.3	7.3
12	Total capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	9.3	9.3
13	Basel III leverage ratio (%) ³	6.2	7.2
14	Leverage ratio denominator	41,419	37,880

¹ Based on Directive 2013/36/EU and Regulation 575/2013 (together known as "CRD IV") and their related technical standards, as implemented in the UK by the Prudential Regulation Authority. 2 There is no local disclosure requirement for liquidity coverage ratio for UBS Limited as of 30 September 2017. 3 On the basis of tier 1 capital.

Section 5 UBS Americas Holding LLC consolidated

The table below includes required information on the regulatory capital components and capital ratios, as well as leverage ratio, of UBS Americas Holding LLC consolidated based on Pillar 1 capital requirements. Entities may also be subject to significant

Pillar 2 requirements, which represent additional amounts of capital considered necessary and agreed with regulators based on the risk profile of the entities.

Prudential key figures^{1,2}

US	SD million, except where indicated	30.9.17	30.6.17
1	Minimum capital requirement (8% of RWA)	3,897	4,223
2	Eligible capital	12,882	12,543
3	of which: common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital	11,390	11,048
4	of which: tier 1 capital	12,166	11,830
5	Risk-weighted assets	48,717	52,792
6	CET1 capital ratio in % of RWA	23.4	20.9
7	Tier 1 capital ratio in % of RWA	25.0	22.4
8	Total capital ratio in % of RWA	26.4	23.8
9	Countercyclical buffer (CCB) in % of RWA		
10	CET1 capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	5.8	5.8
11	Tier 1 capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	7.3	7.3
12	Total capital requirement (including CCB) (%)	9.3	9.3
13	Basel III leverage ratio (%) ³	9.3	9.3
14	Leverage ratio denominator	130,135	127,648

¹ For UBS Americas Holding LLC based on applicable US Basel III rules. 2 There is no local disclosure requirement for liquidity coverage ratio for UBS Americas Holding LLC as of 30 September 2017. 3 On the basis of tier 1 capital.

Abbreviations frequently used in our financial reports

Α		D		G	
ABS	asset-backed security	DBO	defined benefit obligation	GAAP	generally accepted
AEI	automatic exchange of	DCCP	Deferred Contingent		accounting principles
	information		Capital Plan	GBP	British pound
AGM	annual general meeting of	DOJ	Department of Justice	GEB	Group Executive Board
	shareholders	DOL	Department of Labor	GIIPS	Greece, Italy, Ireland,
A-IRB	advanced internal	DTA	deferred tax asset		Portugal and Spain
	ratings-based	DVA	debit valuation adjustment	Group ALM	Group Asset and Liability
AIV	alternative investment				Management
	vehicle	E		G-SIB	global systemically
AMA	advanced measurement	EAD	exposure at default		important bank
	approach	EC	European Commission		
AT1	additional tier 1	ECB	European Central Bank	Н	
		EIR	effective interest rate	HQLA	high-quality liquid assets
В		EMEA	Europe, Middle East and		
BCBS	Basel Committee on		Africa	1	
	Banking Supervision	EOP	Equity Ownership Plan	IAS	International Accounting
BD	business division	EPS	earnings per share		Standards
BIS	Bank for International	ETD	exchange-traded derivatives	IASB	International Accounting
	Settlements	ETF	exchange-traded fund		Standards Board
BoD	Board of Directors	EU	European Union	IFRS	International Financial
		EUR	euro		Reporting Standards
C		EURIBOR	Euro Interbank Offered Rate	IRB	internal ratings-based
CC	Corporate Center			IRC	incremental risk charge
CCAR	Comprehensive Capital	F		ISDA	International Swaps and
	Analysis and Review	FCA	UK Financial Conduct		Derivatives Association
CCF	credit conversion factor		Authority		
CCP	central counterparty	FCT	foreign currency translation	K	
CCR	counterparty credit risk	FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance	KPI	key performance indicator
CDO	collateralized debt		Corporation		
CDD	obligation	FINMA	Swiss Financial Market	L	P - 2 P - 2
CDR	constant default rate	ED A	Supervisory Authority	LCR	liquidity coverage ratio
CDS	credit default swap	FRA	forward rate agreement	LGD	loss given default
CEA	Chief Fraguetica Officer	FSA	UK Financial Services	LIBOR	London Interbank Offered
CEO CET1	Chief Executive Officer	FSB	Authority	11.6	Rate
CFO	common equity tier 1 Chief Financial Officer	FTA	Financial Stability Board Swiss Federal Tax	LLC LRD	limited liability company leverage ratio denominator
CHF	Swiss franc	ΓIA	Administration	LTV	loan-to-value
CLN	credit-linked note	FTP	funds transfer price	LIV	ioan-to-value
CLO	collateralized loan	FVA	funding valuation		
CLO	obligation	IVA	adjustment		
CMBS	commercial mortgage-	FX	foreign exchange		
CIVIDO	backed security	1/\	Totalgit exchange		
CVA	credit valuation				
	adjustment				
	aajastiiiciit				

Abbreviations frequently used in our financial reports (continued)

N		R		T	
NAV	net asset value	RBC	risk-based capital	TBTF	too big to fail
NPA	non-prosecution agreement	RMBS	residential mortgage-	TLAC	total loss-absorbing capacity
NRV	negative replacement value		backed security		
NSFR	net stable funding ratio	RoAE	return on attributed equity	U	
		RoE	return on equity	USD	US dollar
0		RoTE	return on tangible equity		
OCI	other comprehensive	RWA	risk-weighted assets	V	
	income			VaR	value-at-risk
OTC	over-the-counter	S			
		SE	structured entity		
P		SEC	US Securities and Exchange		
PD	probability of default		Commission		
PFE	potential future exposure	SEEOP	Senior Executive Equity		
PRA	UK Prudential Regulation		Ownership Plan		
	Authority	SFT	securities financing		
PRV	positive replacement value		transaction		
		SNB	Swiss National Bank		
		SRB	systemically relevant bank		
		SRM	Single Resolution		
			Mechanism		
		SVaR	stressed value-at-risk		

Appendix		

Cautionary Statement I This report and the information contained herein are provided solely for information purposes, and are not to be construed as solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any securities or other financial instruments in Switzerland, the United States or any other jurisdiction. No investment decision relating to securities of or relating to UBS Group AG, UBS AG or their affiliates should be made on the basis of this report. Refer to UBS's third quarter 2017 report and its Annual Report 2016, available at www.ubs.com/investors, for additional information.

Rounding I Numbers presented throughout this report may not add up precisely to the totals provided in the tables and text. Percentages, percent changes and absolute variances are calculated on the basis of rounded figures displayed in the tables and text and may not precisely reflect the percentages, percent changes and absolute variances that would be calculated on the basis of figures that are not rounded.

Tables I Within tables, blank fields generally indicate that the field is not applicable or not meaningful, or that information is not available as of the relevant date or for the relevant period. Zero values generally indicate that the respective figure is zero on an actual or rounded basis. Percentage changes are presented as a mathematical calculation of the change between periods.

UBS Group AG P.O. Box CH-8098 Zurich

www.ubs.com



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrants have duly caused this report to be signed on their behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UBS Group AG

By: /s/ David Kelly

Name: David Kelly

Title: Managing Director

By: _/s/ Federica Pisacane Rohde

Name: Federica Pisacane Rohde

Title: Executive Director

UBS AG

By: _/s/ David Kelly

Name: David Kelly

Title: Managing Director

By: _/s/ Federica Pisacane Rohde_

Name: Federica Pisacane Rohde

Title: Executive Director

Date: October 27, 2017