



# Third quarter 2024

## Fixed Income investor presentation

This document should be read in conjunction with our 3Q24 report and earnings presentation, available on [ubs.com/investors](https://ubs.com/investors)

# Important information

**Forward-looking statements:** This presentation contains statements that constitute “forward-looking statements”, including but not limited to management’s outlook for UBS’s financial performance, statements relating to the anticipated effect of transactions and strategic initiatives on UBS’s business and future development and goals or intentions to achieve climate, sustainability and other social objectives. While these forward-looking statements represent UBS’s judgments, expectations and objectives concerning the matters described, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from UBS’s expectations. UBS’s business and financial performance could be affected by other factors identified in our past and future filings and reports, including those filed with the SEC. More detailed information about those factors is set forth in documents furnished by UBS and filings made by UBS with the SEC, including UBS’s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2023. UBS is not under any obligation to (and expressly disclaims any obligation to) update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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**Basel III RWA, LRD and capital:** Basel III numbers are based on the BIS Basel III framework, as applicable for Swiss systemically relevant banks (SRB). Numbers in the presentation are based on the revised Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20, unless otherwise stated. Basel III risk-weighted assets in this presentation are calculated on the basis of Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20 unless otherwise stated. Our RWA under BIS Basel III are the same as under Swiss SRB Basel III. Leverage ratio and leverage ratio denominator in this presentation are calculated on the basis of Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20, unless otherwise stated. Refer to the “Capital management” section in UBS’s Quarterly Report for the third quarter of 2024 for more information.

**Definitions:** “Earnings per share” refers to diluted earnings per share. “Litigation” refers to net additions/releases to provisions for litigation regulatory and similar matters reflected in the income statement for the relevant period. “Net profit” refers to net profit attributable to shareholders. “Tangible equity” refers to tangible equity attributable to shareholders. “Sustainability-focus and impact” refers to sustainability-focus and impact investing; sustainability focus refers to strategies that have sustainability as an explicit part of the investment guidelines, universe, selection, and/or investment process that drive the strategy; impact investing refers to strategies that have an explicit intention to generate measurable, verifiable, positive sustainability outcomes. “PPA” refers to purchase price allocation adjustments made in accordance with IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, to bring the assets acquired and liabilities assumed to fair value, from the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group.

**Rounding:** Numbers presented throughout this presentation may not add up precisely to the totals provided in the tables and text. Percentages and percent changes disclosed in text and tables are calculated on the basis of unrounded figures. Absolute changes between reporting periods disclosed in the text, which can be derived from numbers presented in related tables, are calculated on a rounded basis.

**Tables:** Within tables, blank fields generally indicate non-applicability or that presentation of any content would not be meaningful, or that information is not available as of the relevant date or for the relevant period. Zero values generally indicate that the respective figure is zero on an actual or rounded basis. Values that are zero on a rounded basis can be either negative or positive on an actual basis.

Numbers presented in US dollars unless otherwise indicated. Currency translation of monthly income statement items of operations with a functional currency other than the US dollar are translated with month-end rates into US dollar.

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# Agenda

## Financial performance

Slides 3-9

## Group balance sheet

Slides 10-20

# Key messages

**Strong financial performance;** net profit 1.4bn, underlying profit before tax 2.4bn and underlying RoCET1 9.4%

**Continued franchise strength and client momentum;** Group invested assets 6.2trn, +15% YoY, Global Wealth Management NNA 25bn and underlying transaction revenues +19% YoY, Investment Bank underlying revenues +29% YoY, CHF ~35bn loans granted or renewed to Swiss clients<sup>1</sup>

**On track with integration as we continue to reduce execution risk;** Luxembourg and Hong Kong client account migrations successfully completed in October

**Maintaining strong capital position;** CET1 capital ratio of 14.3% reflects a ~65bps decrease from voluntary acceleration of the PPA regulatory waiver. We remain committed to our capital return ambitions

**Positioning for long-term growth;** continuing to invest in people, technology, products and capabilities

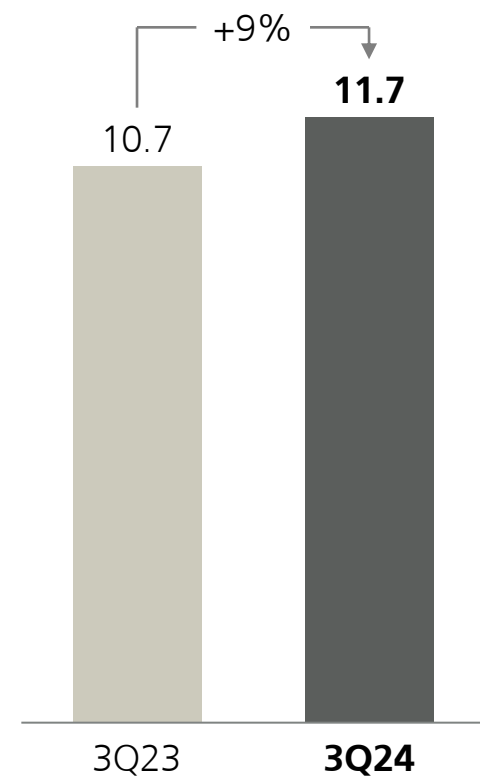
# | Financial performance

# Strong revenue momentum with lower costs driving positive operating leverage

Underlying

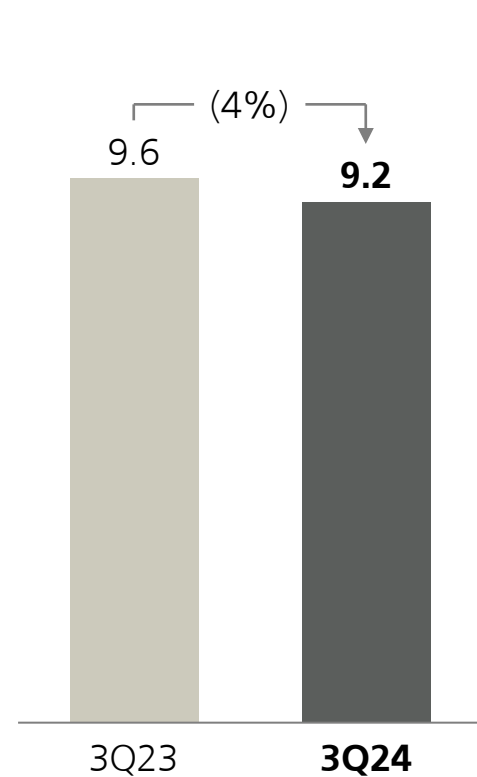
Revenues

bn



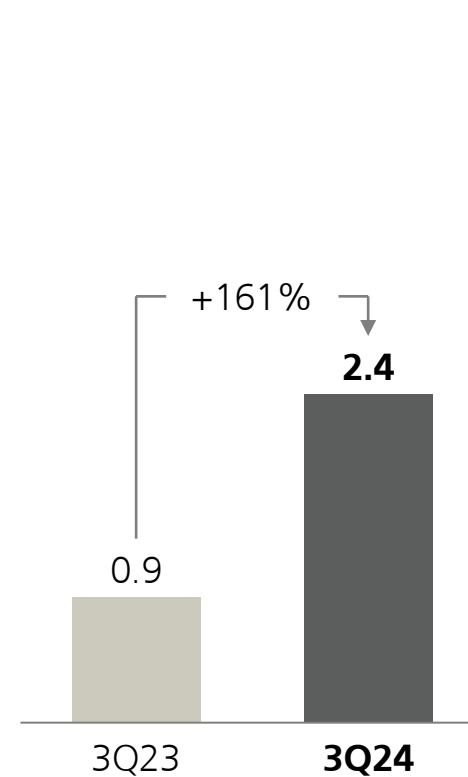
Operating expenses

bn



Profit before tax

bn

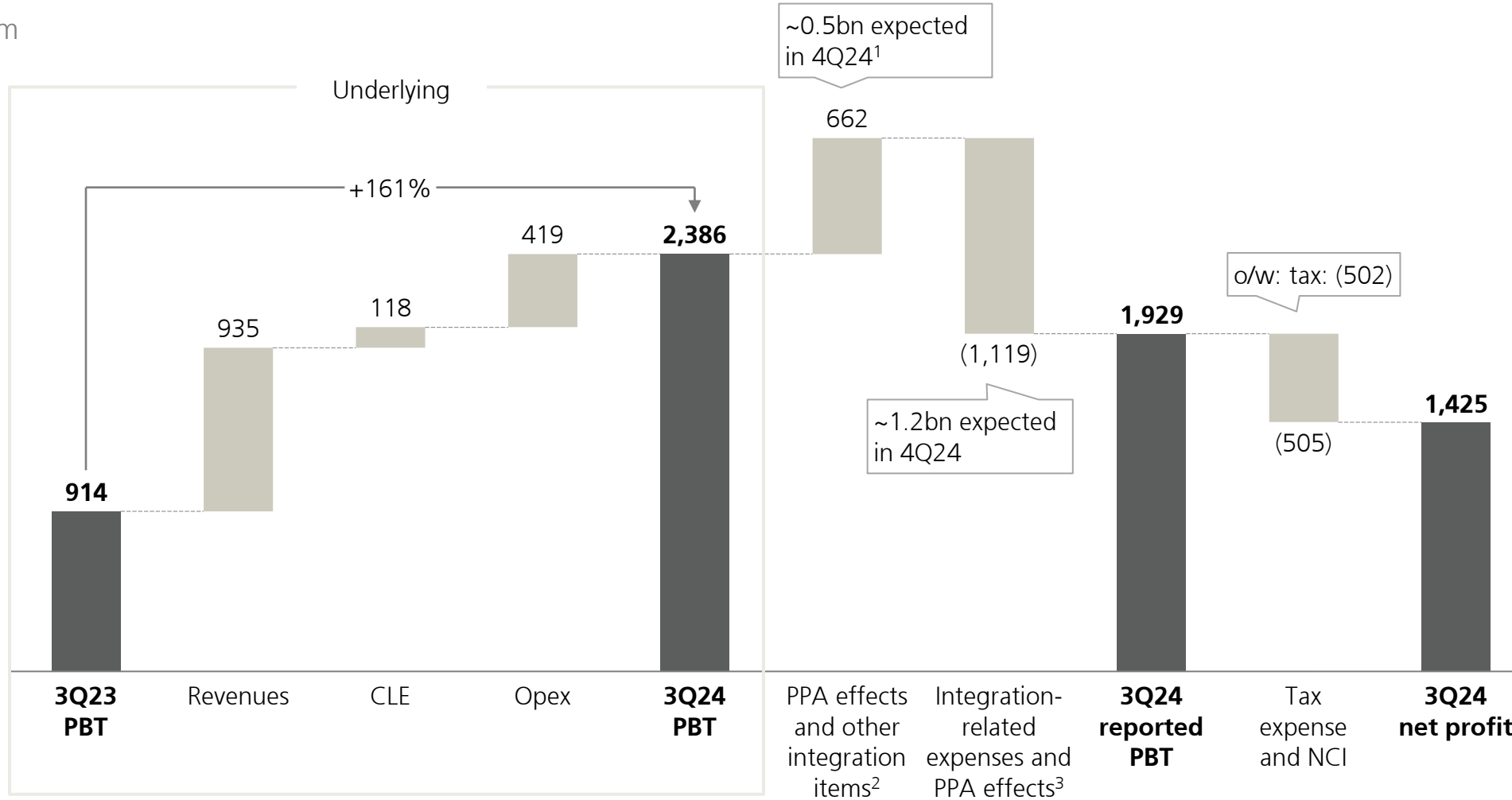


	Underlying	3Q24	9M24
Profit before tax		2.4bn	7.1bn
RoCET1		9.4%	9.2%
Cost / income		78.5%	78.8%

# Net profit 1.4bn, while integration continues at pace

## Profits

m

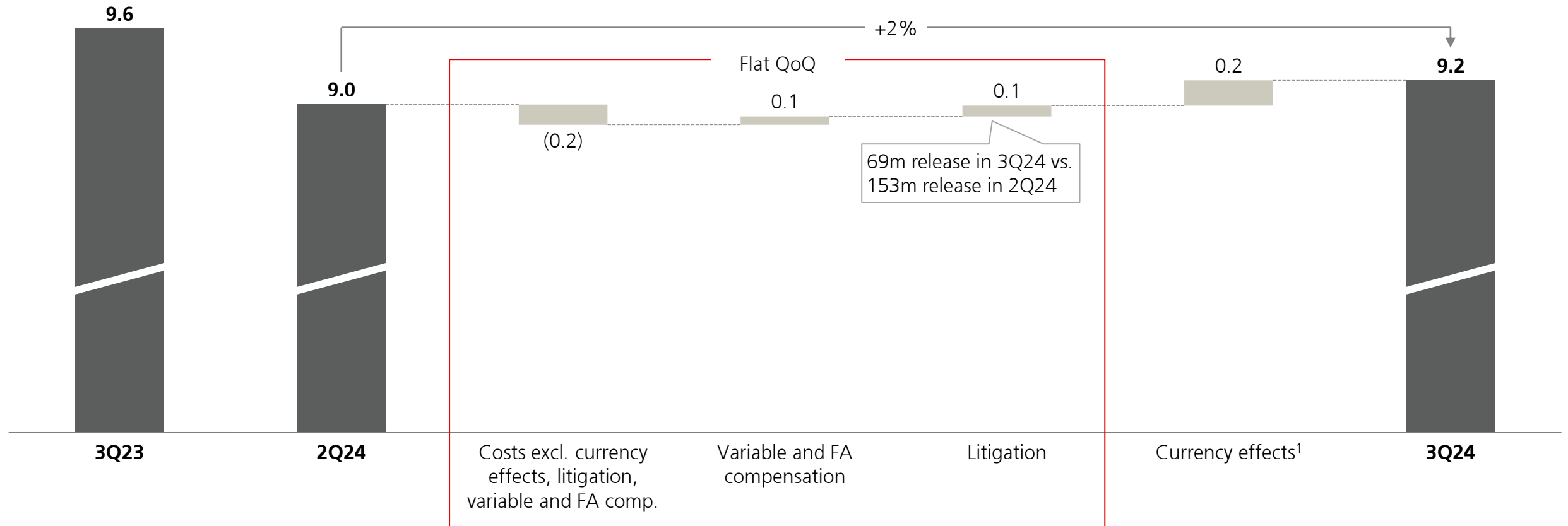


Reported	3Q24	9M24
Net profit	1.4bn	4.3bn
Diluted EPS	0.43	1.29
RoCET1	7.6%	7.5%
Cost / income	83.4%	83.5%

# Underlying operating expenses flat QoQ excluding currency effects

## Underlying operating expenses

bn



69m release in 3Q24 vs. 153m release in 2Q24

Underlying cost / income ratio

89.3%

80.6%

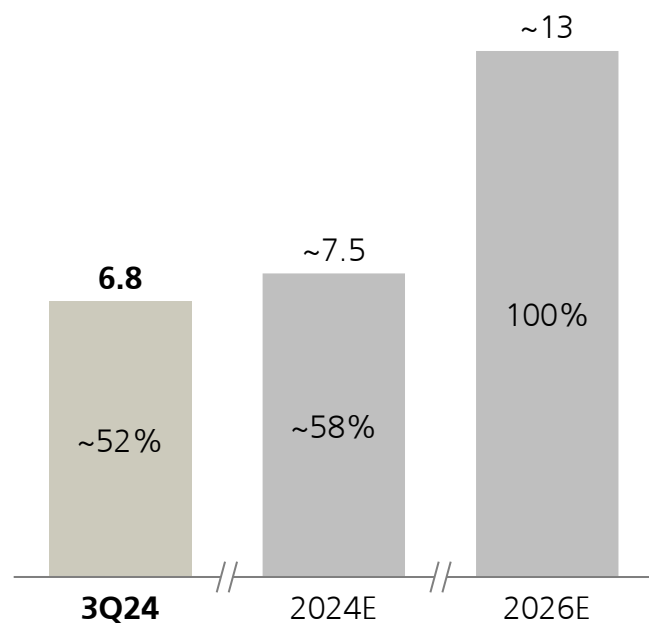
(2 pp) QoQ;  
(11 pp) YoY

78.5%

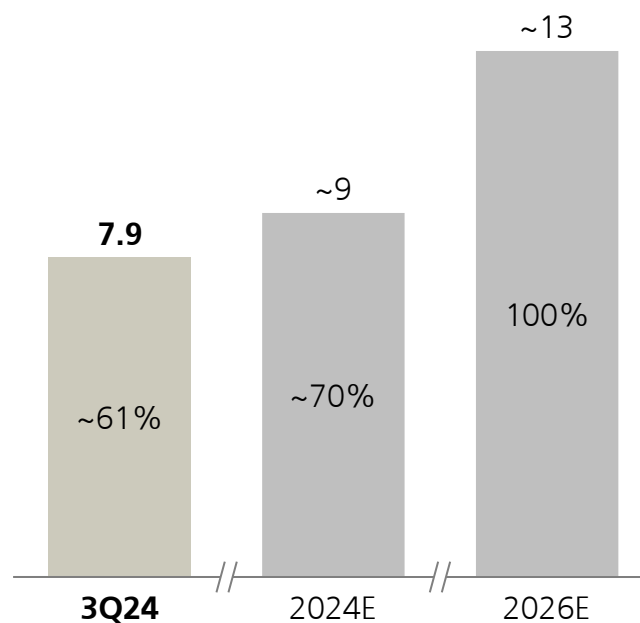


# Achieved >50% of gross cost save ambition

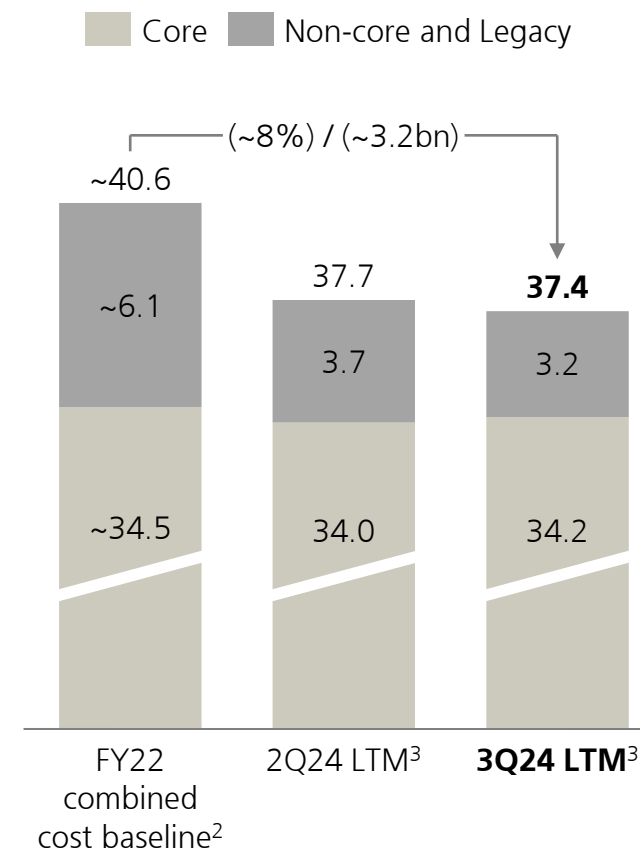
Cumulative annualized exit rate  
gross cost reductions  
USD bn / % of expected cumulative total



Cumulative integration-  
related expenses<sup>1</sup>  
USD bn / % of expected cumulative total



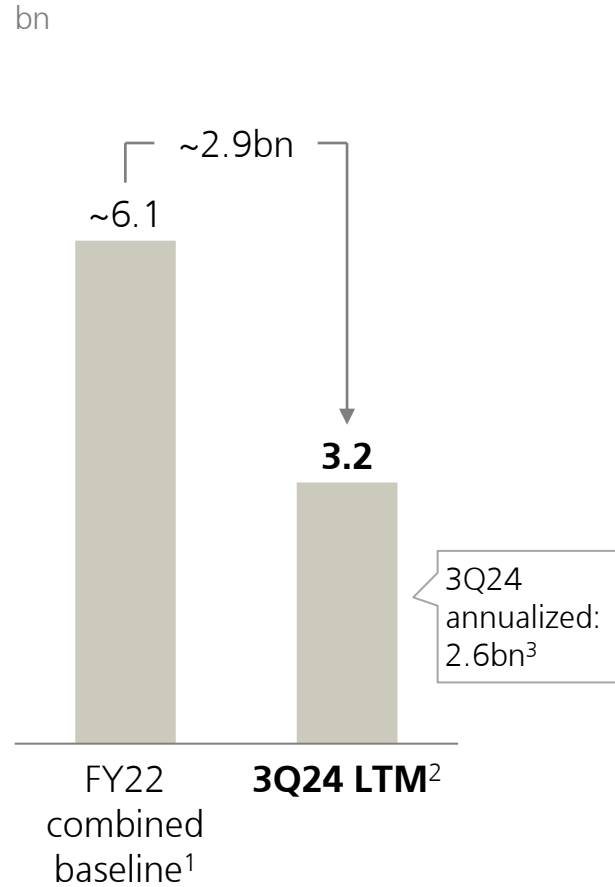
Underlying operating expenses  
USD bn



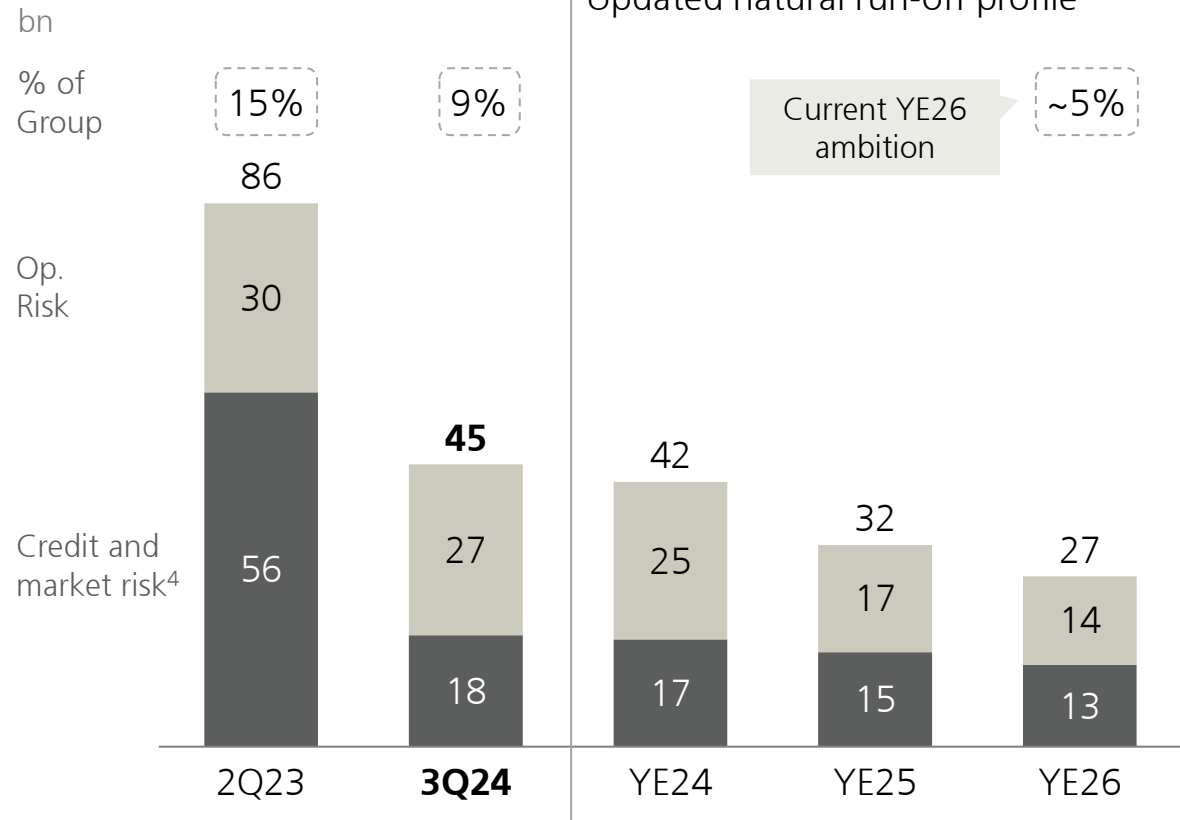
<sup>1</sup> Does not include integration-related expenses booked in revenues, which were (35m) in 3Q24, cumulative to date (97m); <sup>2</sup> Refer to slide 43 for reconciliation of the FY22 combined baseline; <sup>3</sup> Last twelve months; excludes litigation releases in NCL of 91m in 3Q24, 172m in 2Q24, 16m in 1Q24, 33m in 4Q23 and 2m in 3Q23

# Non-core and Legacy run-down ahead of schedule

## Underlying operating expenses



## RWA



**52%**  
books closed  
since June 2023  
Target: >95% by YE26

**31%**  
IT apps decommissioned  
since June 2023  
Target: 100% by YE26



<sup>1</sup> Refer to slide 43 for reconciliation of FY22 combined baseline; <sup>2</sup> Last twelve months; excludes litigation releases in NCL of 91m in 3Q24, 172m in 2Q24, 16m in 1Q24, 33m in 4Q23; <sup>3</sup> Excludes litigation release in NCL of 91m in 3Q24; <sup>4</sup> Also including non-counterparty-related RWA; <sup>5</sup> As of 30.9.24, reflects projected operational risk RWA and impact of contractual maturities on non-operational risk RWA; excludes Basel 3 finalization



# Group balance sheet

# Balance sheet for all seasons

USD bn, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,624</b>	1,561	1,644	+4%	(1%)
o/w: Cash and balances at central banks	243	248	262	(2%)	(7%)
o/w: Lending assets <sup>1</sup>	638	621	639	+3%	0%
o/w: Fair value assets <sup>2</sup>	494	459	489	+8%	+1%
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,536</b>	1,477	1,560	+4%	(2%)
o/w: Fair value and long-term debt	306	307	312	(1%)	(2%)
o/w: Short-term borrowings	62	62	107	0%	(42%)
o/w: Customer deposits	776	757	733	+3%	+6%
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>88</b>	84	84	+4%	+5%
Tangible equity	80	76	76	+5%	+6%
Tangible book value per share (USD)	25.10	23.85	23.44	+5%	+7%
<b>Credit risk</b>					
Cost of risk <sup>3</sup>	8bps	6bps	15bps	+2bps	(7bps)
Impaired lending assets as a % of total <sup>1,4</sup>	0.7%	0.7%	0.6%	0.0pp	+0.1pp

## 3Q24 vs. 2Q24

- Lending assets 638bn, +16bn, primarily reflecting currency effects of 26bn, partly offset by negative net new loans in GWM and P&C
- Deposits 776bn, +19bn, driven by currency effects of +25bn partly offset by net new deposit outflows in GWM

USD bn, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Regulatory capital</b>					
CET1 capital	74.2	76.1	76.9	(2%)	(4%)
AT1 capital	16.8	15.7	13.0	+7%	+30%
TLAC	194.9	197.7	193.2	(1%)	+1%
RWA	519	511	546	+2%	(5%)
LRD	1,608	1,564	1,616	+3%	0%
CET1 capital ratio (%)	14.3%	14.9%	14.1%	(59bps)	+21bps
CET1 leverage ratio (%)	4.6%	4.9%	4.8%	(25bps)	(15bps)
<b>Liquidity and funding</b>					
Liquidity coverage ratio (% , average)	199%	212%	197%	(13pp)	+3pp
Net stable funding ratio (%)	127%	128%	121%	(1pp)	+6pp

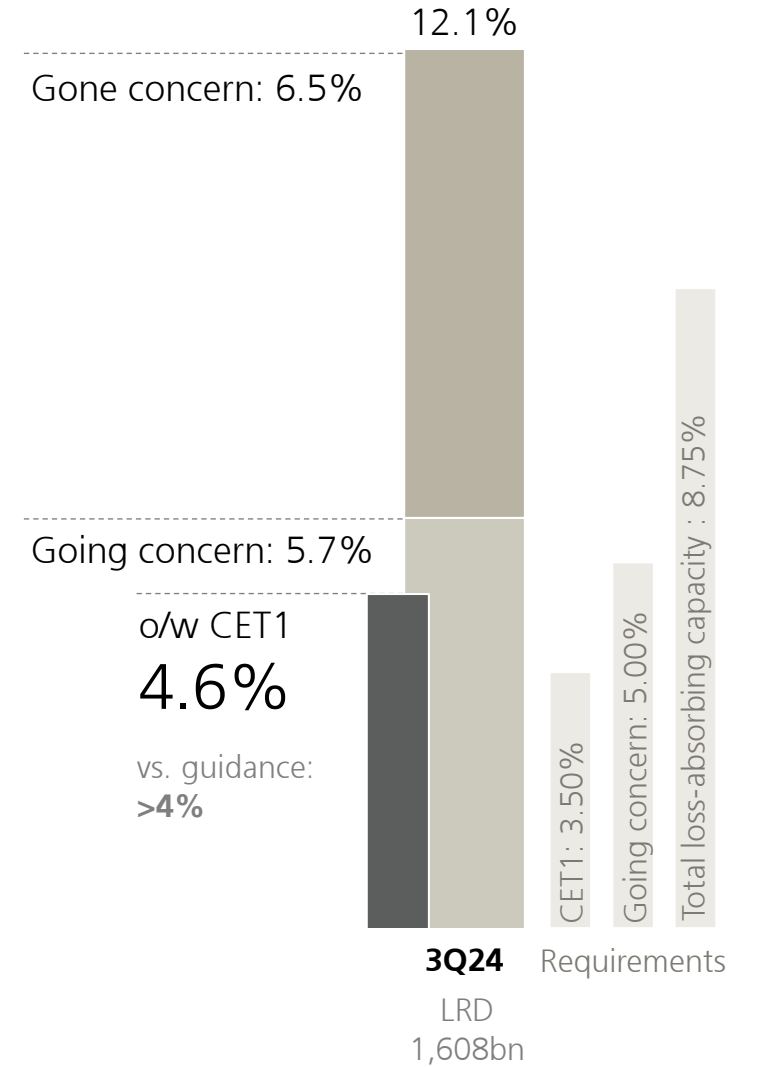
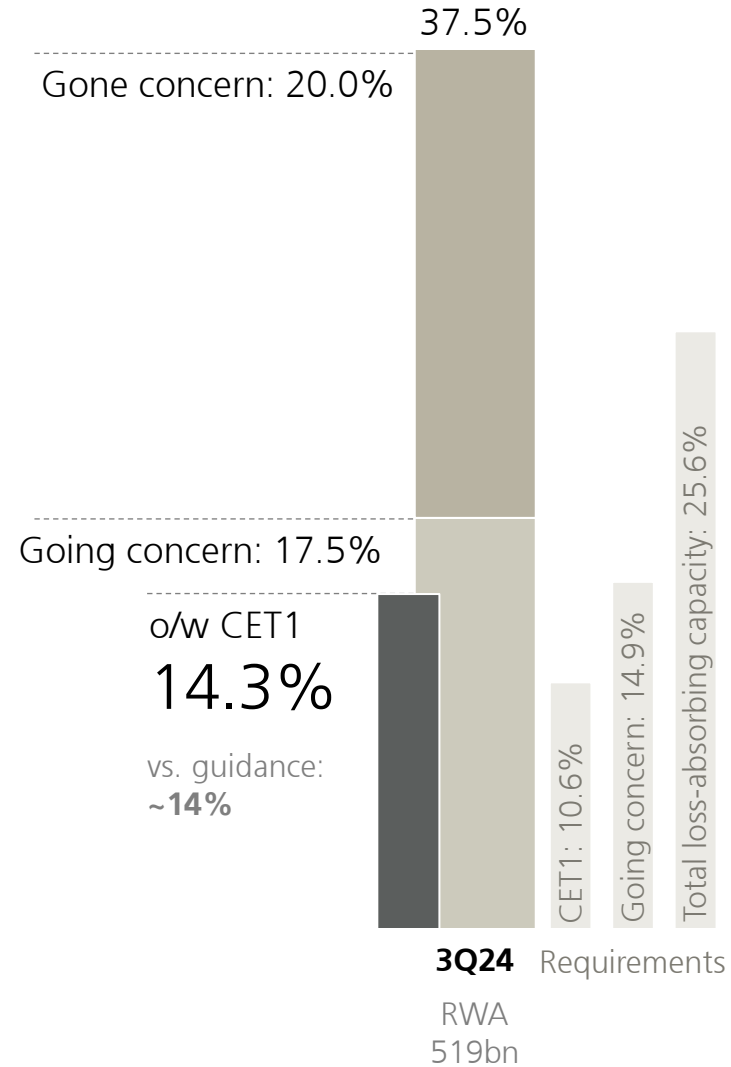
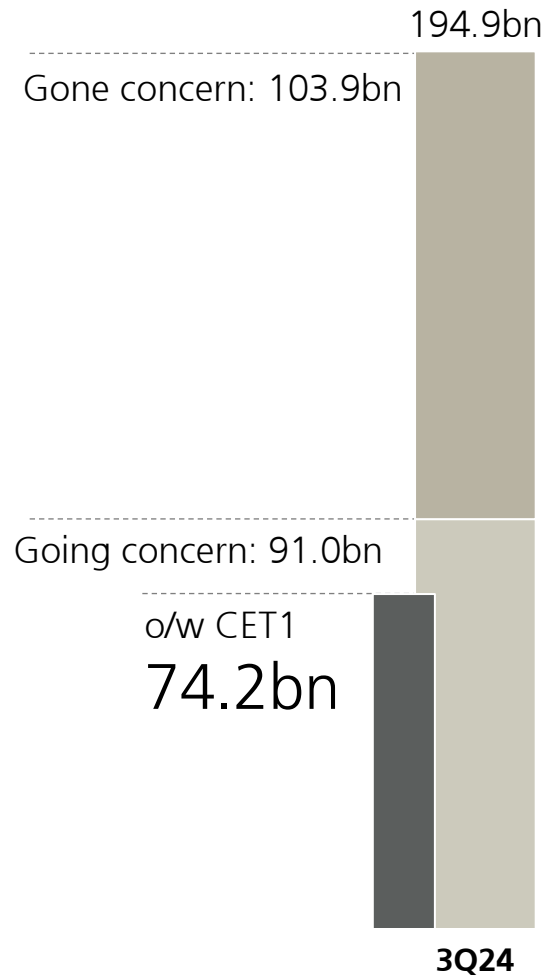
## 3Q24 vs. 2Q24

- CET1 capital ratio of 14.3%, (59bps) QoQ driven by voluntary acceleration of the remaining PPA regulatory adjustment amortization
- Maintained strong liquidity position with average LCR of 199% and 361bn of high-quality liquid assets



<sup>1</sup> Consists of Loans and advances to customers and Amounts due from banks; <sup>2</sup> Level 3 assets account for less than 1% of our total balance sheet; <sup>3</sup> CLE (annualized) / average lending assets; <sup>4</sup> Stage 3 and purchased credit impaired lending assets / total lending assets

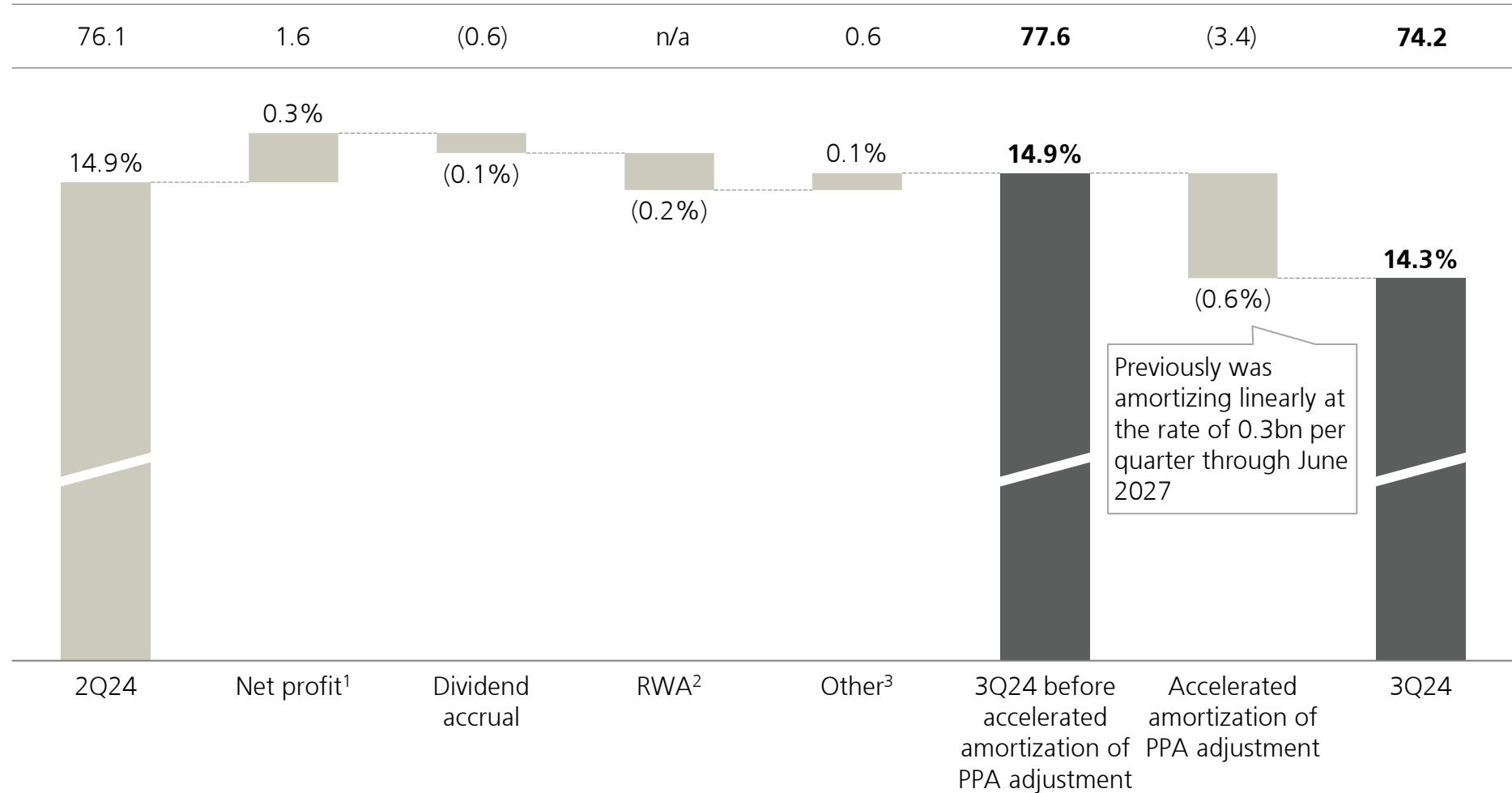
# Maintaining a strong capital position



# Strong capital position supporting growth and capital return ambitions

## CET1 capital ratio

CET1 capital, bn



- Voluntary acceleration of the remaining PPA regulatory adjustment amortization does not impact UBS AG capital; 13.3% UBS AG standalone CET1 capital ratio, fully applied<sup>4</sup>
- Accretion of PPA effects through P&L will now fully benefit CET1 capital
- Expecting ~30bps decrease to CET1 ratio from Basel III finalization at 1.1.25
- Expect to operate with CET1 ratio of ~14% post-Basel III finalization
- Ambition remains to continue buybacks in 2025 and for capital returns to exceed pre-acquisition levels in 2026

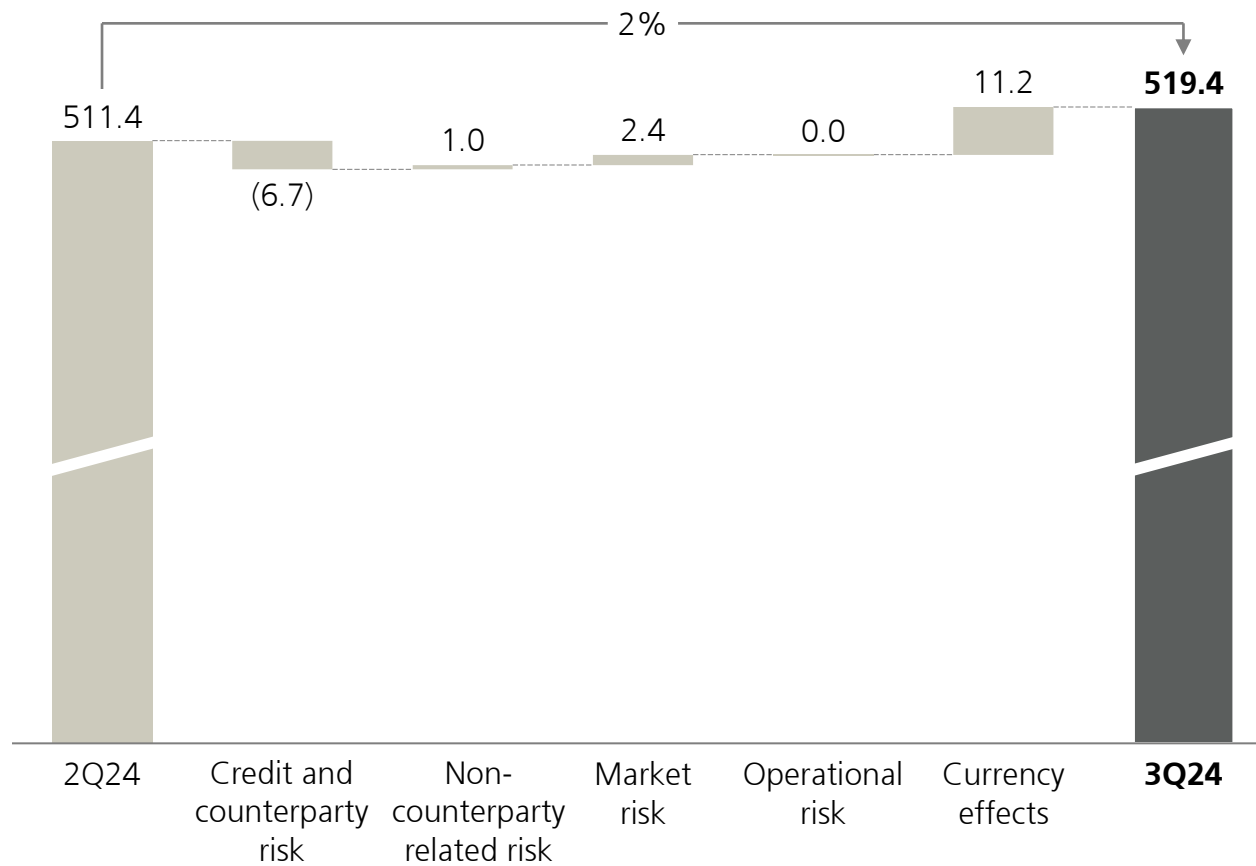


<sup>1</sup> Profit before tax less current tax expense; <sup>2</sup> RWA +8.0bn, driven by +11.2bn of currency effects; <sup>3</sup> Includes +1.3bn foreign currency translation effects on CET1, before tax, (0.3bn) compensation-and-own-share-related capital components, (0.3bn) from regular amortization of transitional CET1 PPA adjustments (net of tax) and (0.2bn) movements related to other items; <sup>4</sup> Estimate for 3Q24, final figures to be published with 30 September 2024 Pillar 3 report available on 8 November 2024

# RWA and LRD increased due to currency effects

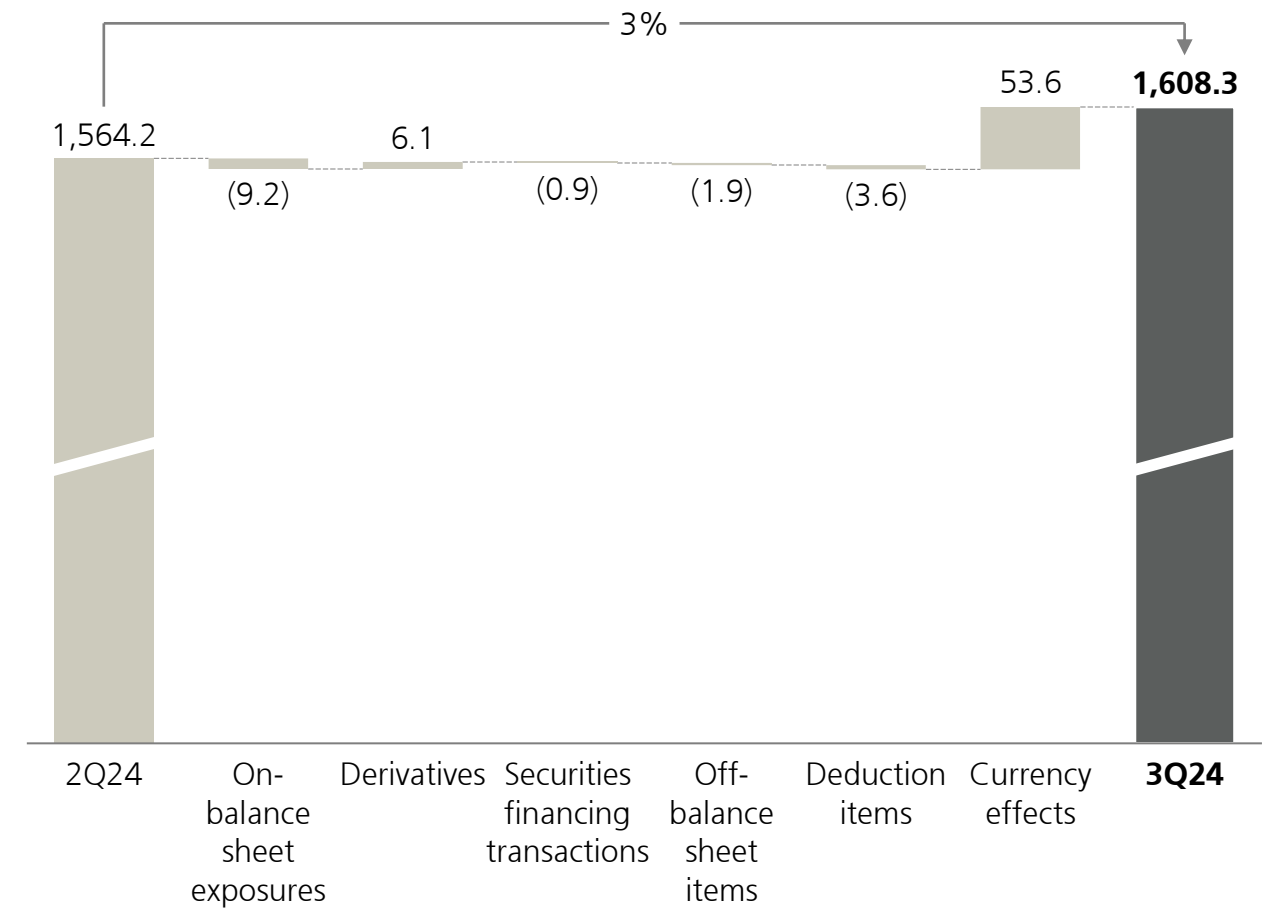
## Risk weighted assets

bn



## Leverage ratio denominator

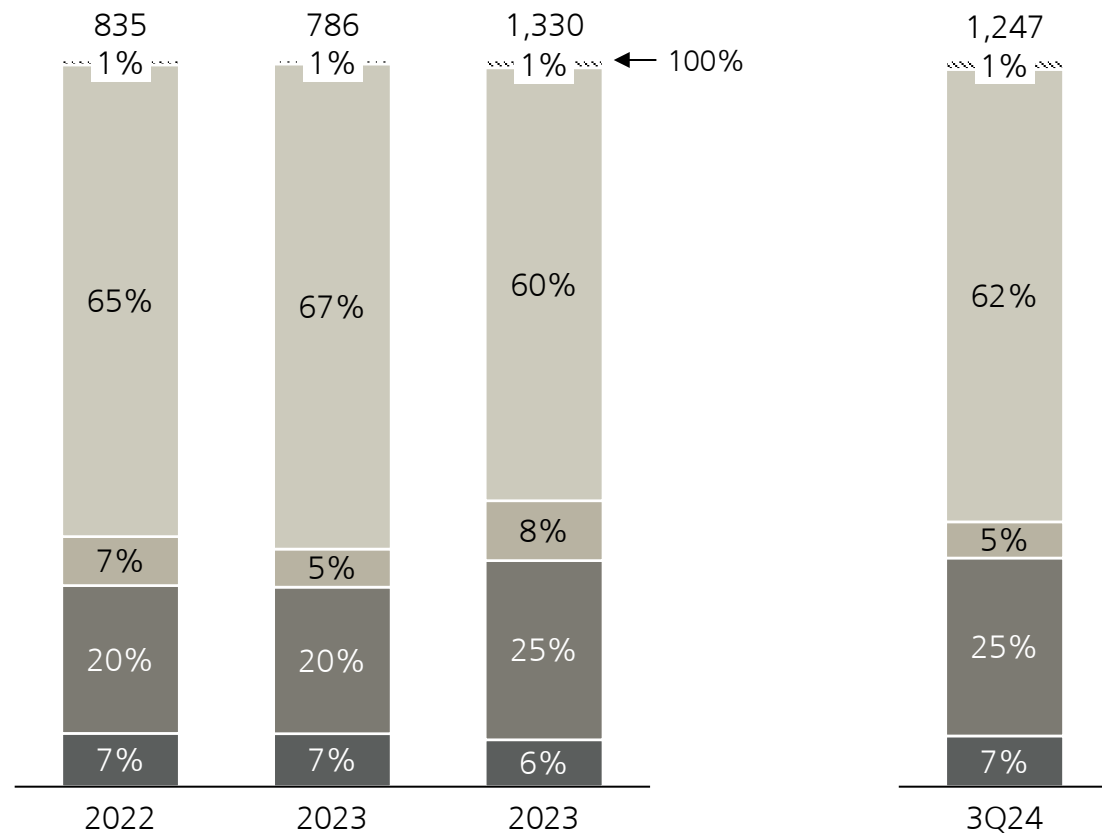
bn



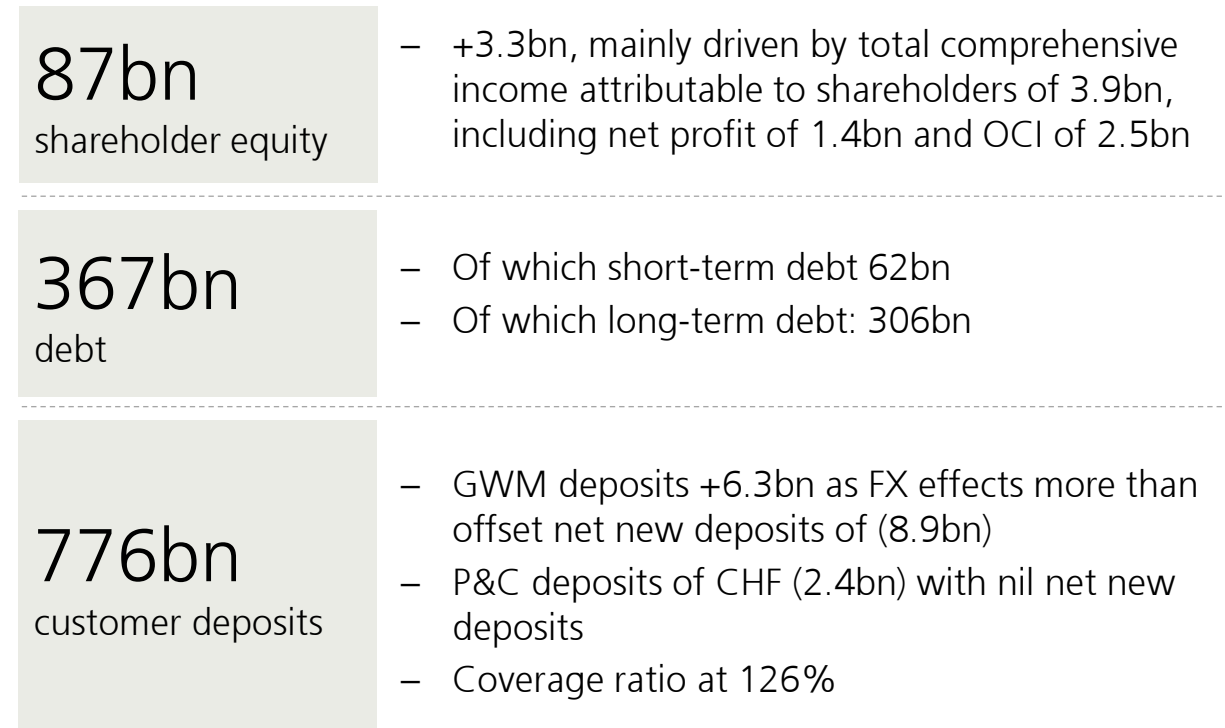
# Funding overview

## Group funding

bn



3Q24, QoQ



Shareholders equity
  Fair value and long-term debt<sup>1</sup>
 Short-term borrowings
  Customer deposits
  Securities financing transactions

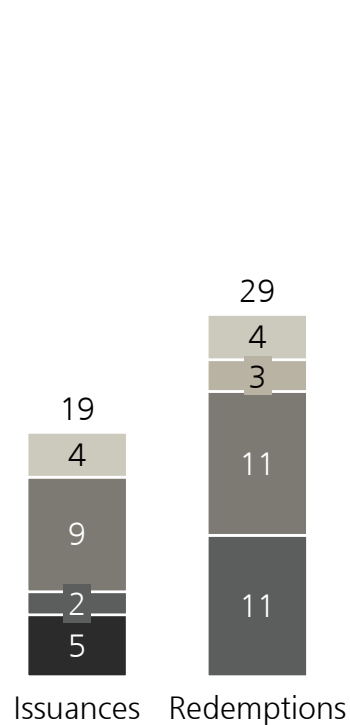


# Capital markets issuances and redemptions

## Issuances and redemptions<sup>1</sup>

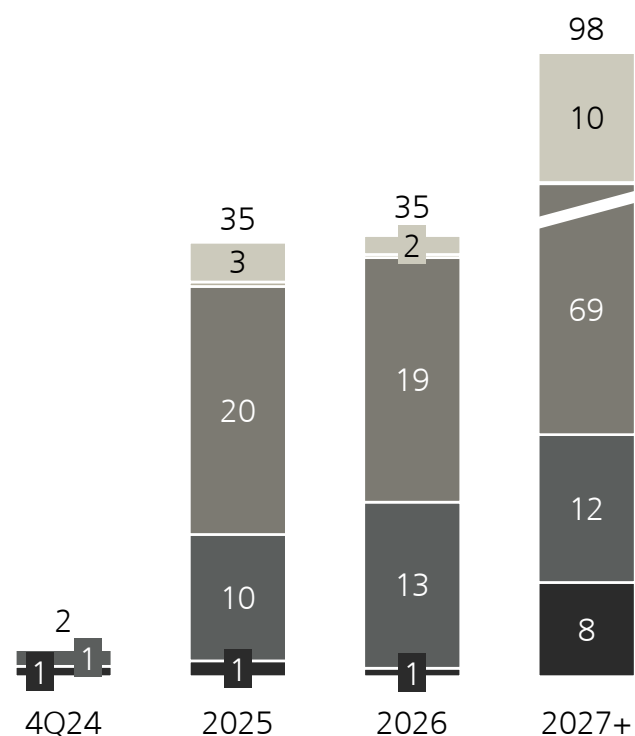
USD bn

9M24



## Upcoming maturities and first calls<sup>1,2</sup>

USD bn



■ AT1 ■ T2 ■ Senior bonds (HoldCo) ■ Senior bonds (OpCo) ■ Covered bonds

## Issuances year-to-date

As of 30.10.24

AT1	HoldCo	Covered Bonds	OpCo
USD 2.5bn SGD 1.3bn	USD 7.3bn EUR 1.3bn CHF 0.3bn	CHF 0.6bn EUR 3.8bn	EUR 1.5bn JPY 20.0bn

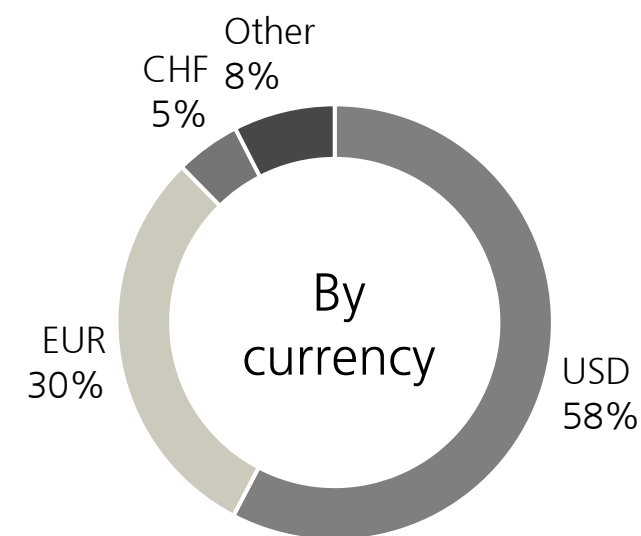
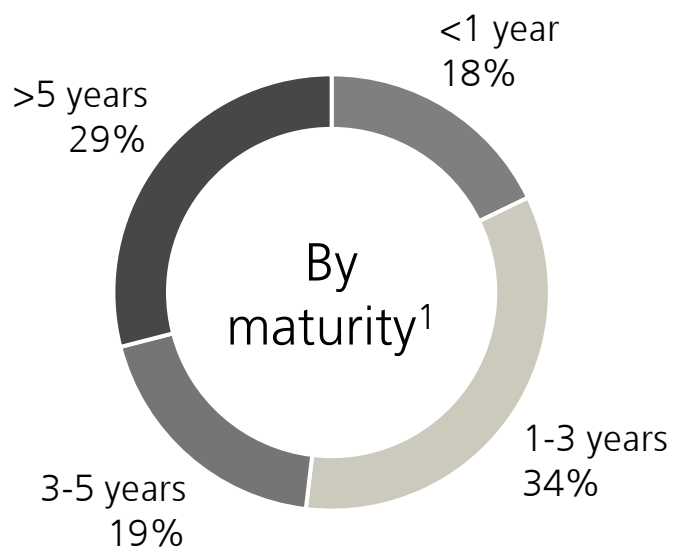
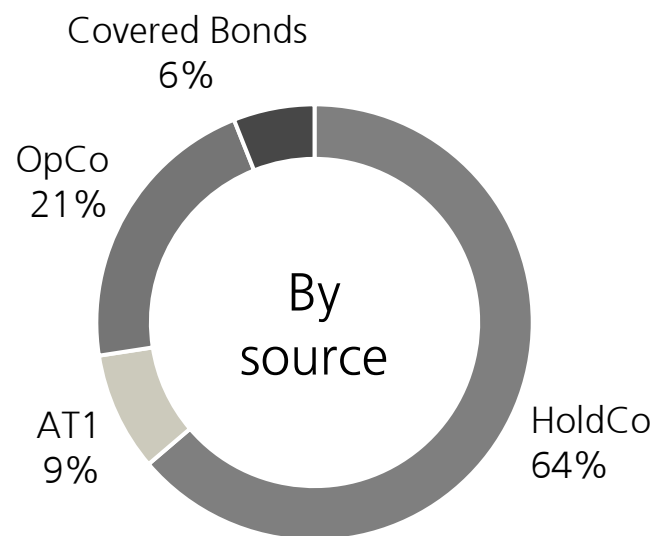
## 2024 funding

We manage our funding resources prudently and opportunistically, assessing available market options across all currencies as we maintain a balance sheet for all seasons

- Completed the 2024 funding and capital issuances, with some prefunding of the 2025 AT1 plan done in September
- We will provide guidance on our 2025 funding plan with our full year results

# Long-term wholesale funding diversification

Group funding  
3Q24



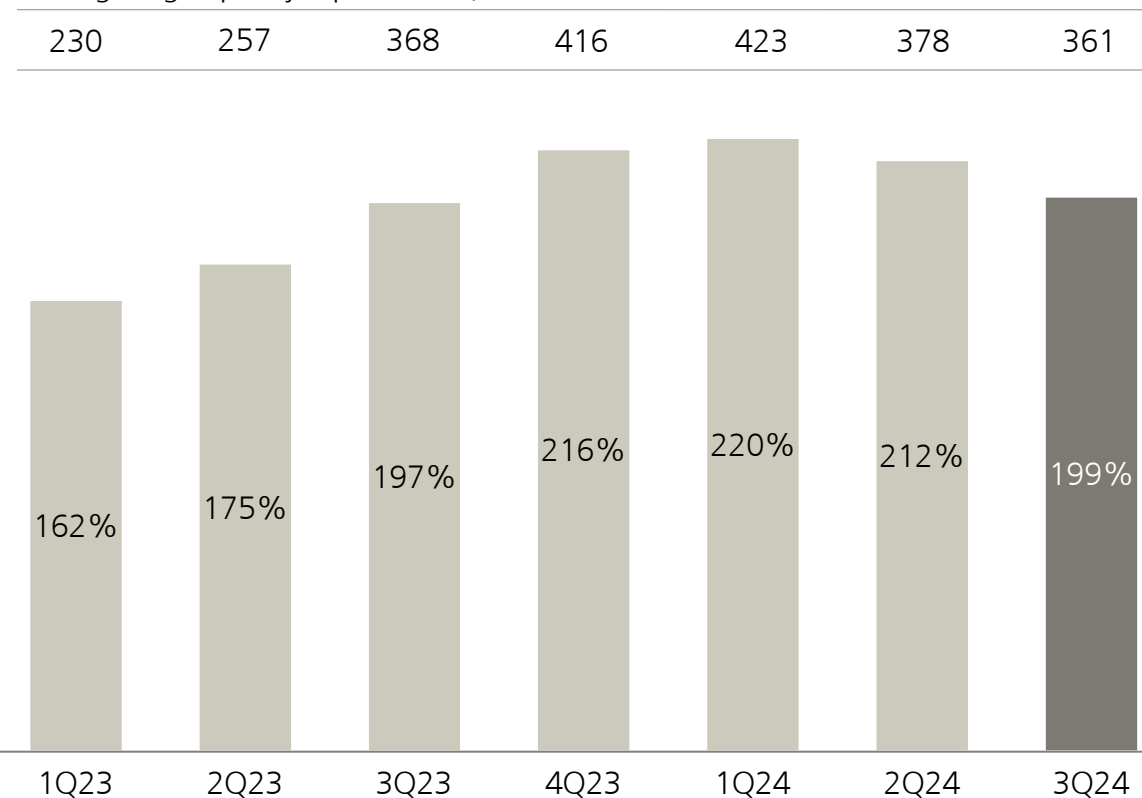
As of quarter-end, does not include TLAC special feature notes and structured notes. <sup>1</sup> Redemptions reflect instruments maturing on their next call date for illustrative purposes only. UBS makes no representation on its intention to call the instruments

# Liquidity

## Liquidity coverage ratio<sup>1,2</sup>

quarterly averages

Average high-quality liquid assets, bn



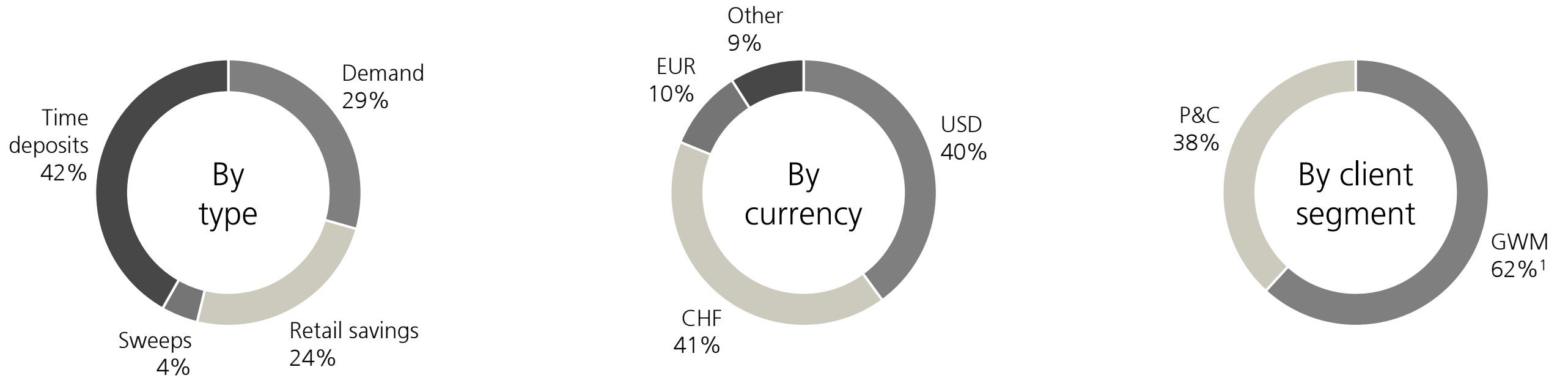
- Balancing efficiency with resiliency and safety
- Remaining compliant with the more stringent Swiss liquidity requirements that took effect on 1 Jan 2024
- Continued focus on stable deposits with higher liquidity value, reflected in tenors, products and counterparty selection
- Applying discipline on deposit pricing and taking actions to optimize our funding mix

# Deposits

## A well diversified deposit base

Composition as of 3Q24

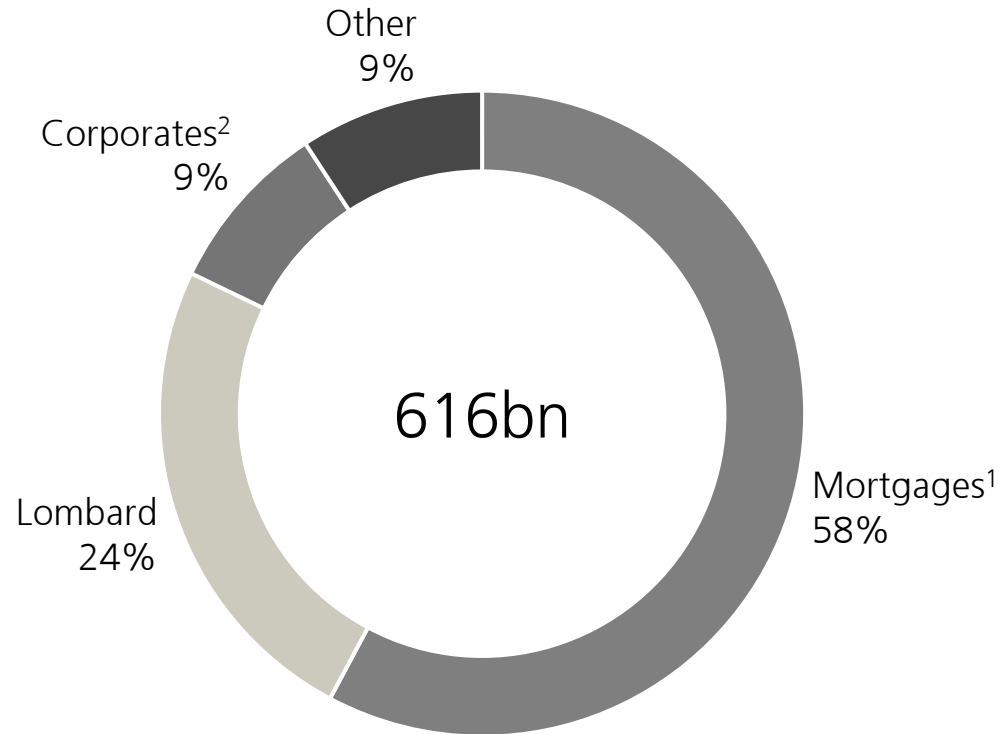
Total deposits: 776bn



# High-quality loan portfolio

## Loans and advances to customers

On-balance sheet, 3Q24



**Mortgages<sup>1</sup>: 356bn**, ~50% LTV

> Swiss mortgages make up the majority of the portfolio

**Lombard: 150bn**

> Fully collateralized, with daily monitoring of margin requirements

**Corporates: 53bn**

> 30bn large corporate clients  
> 24bn SME clients

**Other: 58bn**

> 8bn ship/aircraft financing  
> 4bn commodity trade finance

8bps

cost of risk<sup>3</sup>

73bps

credit-impaired exposures over total loan book<sup>4</sup>

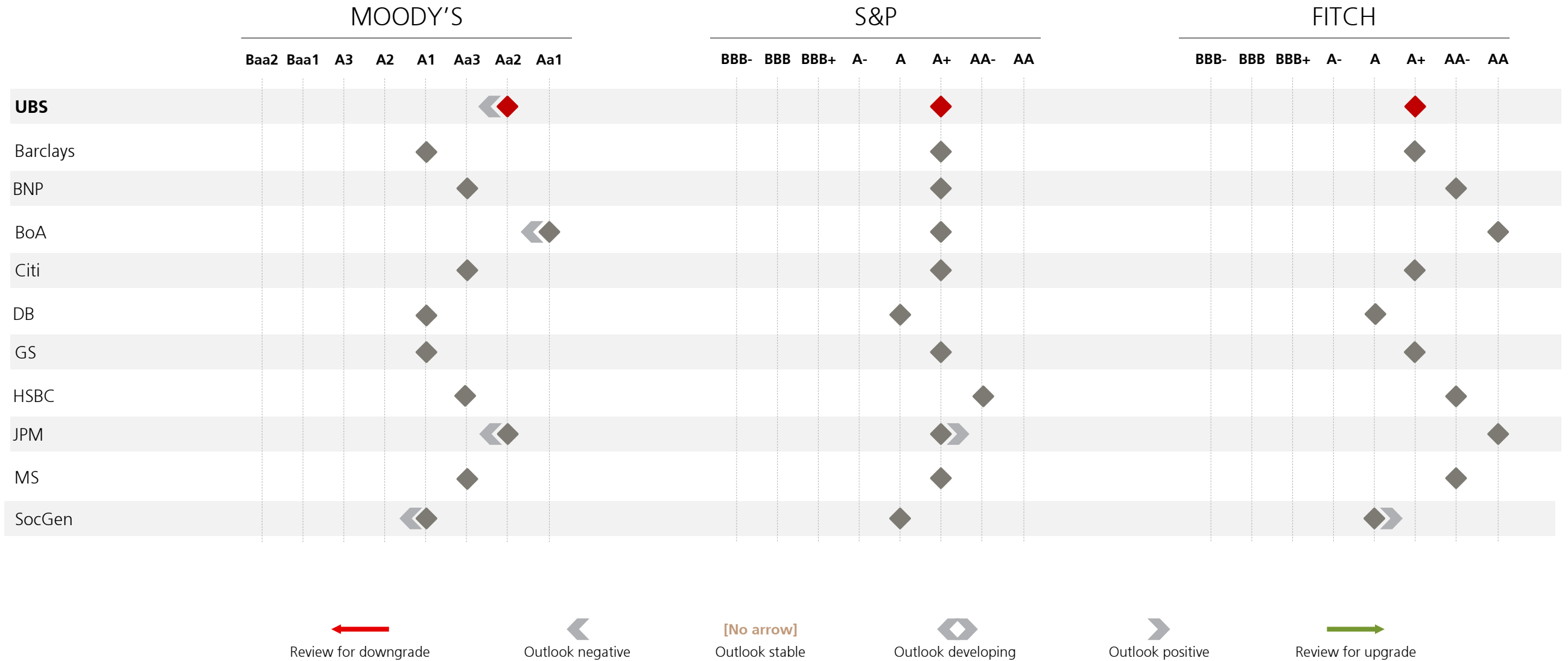


# Appendix

Group balance sheet and credit quality

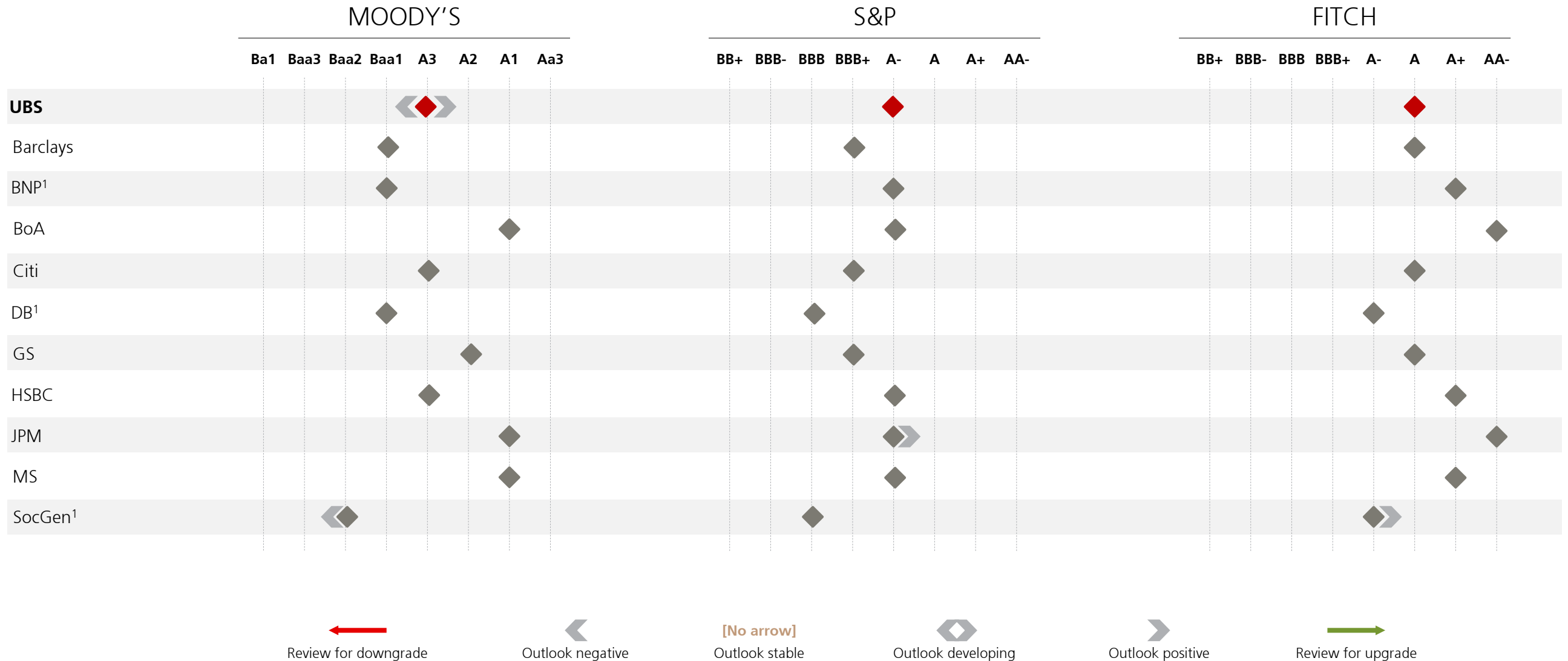
# Credit ratings peer comparison

Long-term senior unsecured debt – operating company, as of 30.10.24



# Credit ratings peer comparison

Long-term senior unsecured debt – holding company, as of 30.10.24



Source: Moody's, S&P and Fitch's websites; Holding companies: JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Bank of America Corporation; Citigroup Inc.; The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.; Morgan Stanley; UBS Group AG; HSBC Holdings PLC; Barclays Plc; <sup>1</sup> BNP (BNP Paribas), SocGen (Société Générale) and Deutsche Bank (Deutsche Bank AG) have no holding company, but Moody's classifies certain parent company issuances as "junior senior unsecured", S&P classifies certain parent company issuances as "senior subordinated" and Fitch classifies certain parent company issuances as "senior non-preferred"



# UBS Group AG capital requirements and eligibility criteria

## Group consolidated requirements

Going concern	RWA	LRD	Gone concern	RWA	LRD
Minimum capital	4.50%	1.50%	Minimum gone-concern <sup>1</sup>	10.73%	3.75%
Buffer capital	5.50%	2.00%	o/w additional requirement for market share and LRD	1.08%	0.38%
Countercyclical buffer	0.55%				
Minimum CET1 capital	10.55%	3.50%			
Maximum Additional Tier 1 capital	4.30%	1.50%			
Total going concern	14.85%	5.00%			
o/w additional requirement for market share and LRD	1.44%	0.50%			

## Grandfathering rules

Any going concern-eligible capital above the minimum requirement can be counted towards the gone concern, subject to re-classification

Low-trigger AT1s are available to meet the going concern requirement until their first call date. As of their first call date, they are eligible to meet the gone concern requirements

A maximum of 25% of the gone concern requirements can be met with instruments that have a remaining maturity of between one and two years

No MDA restrictions apply in Switzerland



# Credit loss expense / (release) and credit impaired exposures

## Credit loss expense / (release)<sup>1</sup>

m

	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24
GWM	10	(8)	(3)	(1)	2
P&C	160	85	44	103	83
IB	4	48	32	(6)	9
NCL	59	15	36	(1)	28
Other <sup>2</sup>	5	(3)	(2)	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>121</b>

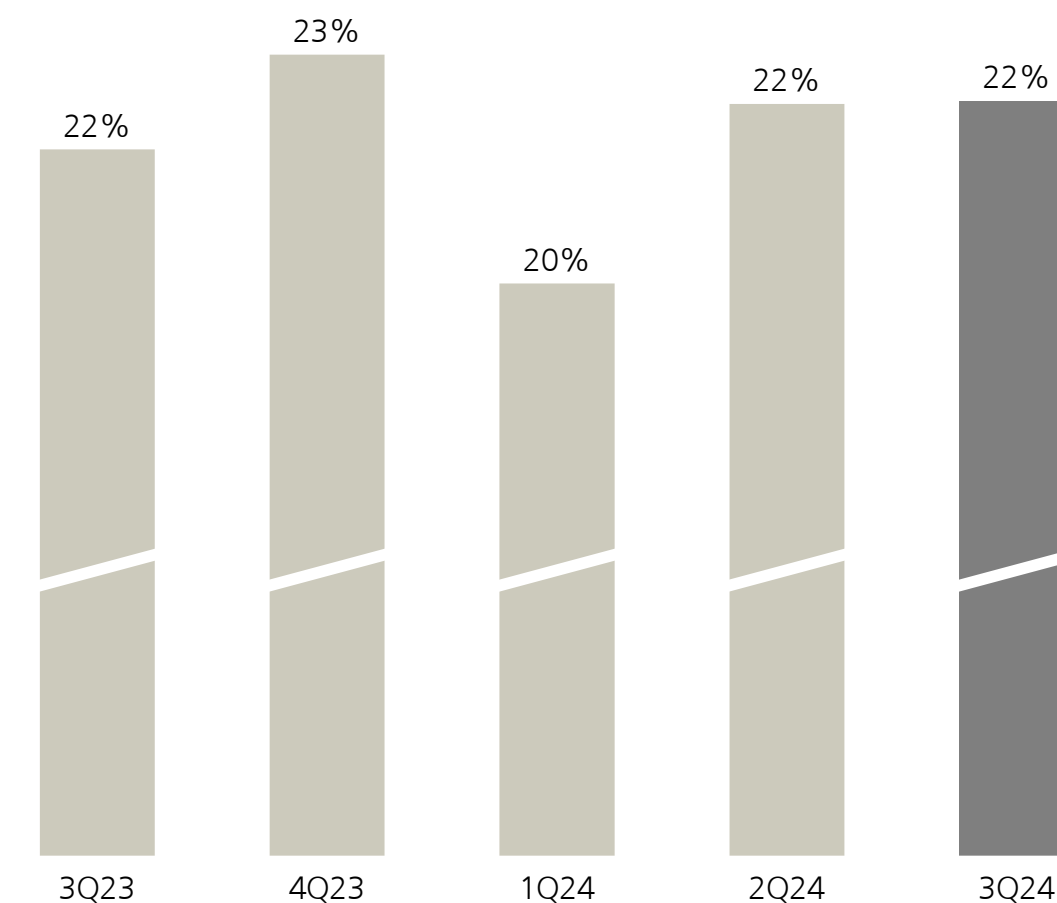
## Total credit impaired exposure, gross (stage 3/PCI)<sup>1</sup>

bn

	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24
GWM	1,550	1,662	1,095	1,373	1,442
P&C	2,288	3,066	3,425	3,325	3,695
IB	357	469	642	491	398
NCL	1,270	1,169	1,875	1,086	1,098
Other <sup>2</sup>	118	1	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,582</b>	<b>6,367</b>	<b>7,038</b>	<b>6,275</b>	<b>6,633</b>

## ECL coverage ratio for core loan portfolio (stage 3)<sup>3</sup>

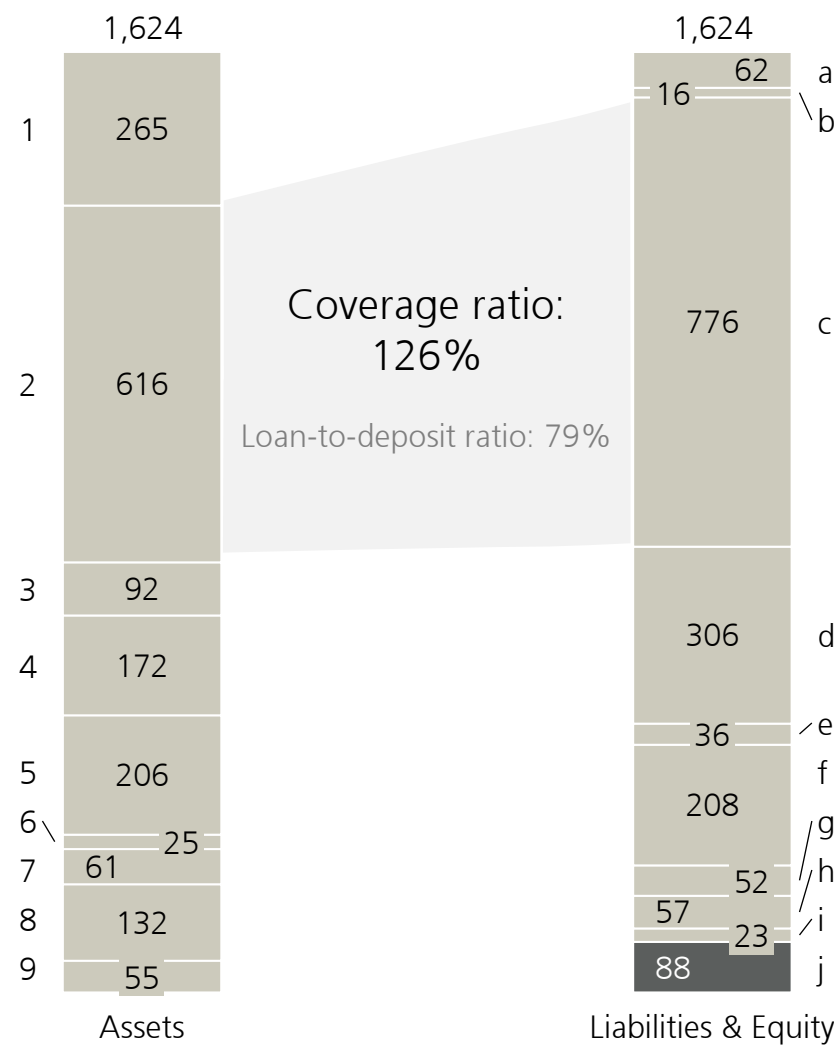
On balance sheet



# Balance sheet

For the quarter-end 3Q24

1. Cash and balances at central banks
2. Loans and advances to customers
3. Securities financing transactions at amortized cost
4. Trading assets
5. Derivatives and cash collateral receivables on derivative instruments
6. Brokerage receivables
7. Other financial assets measured at amortized cost
8. Other financial assets measured at fair value<sup>1</sup>
9. Non-financial assets

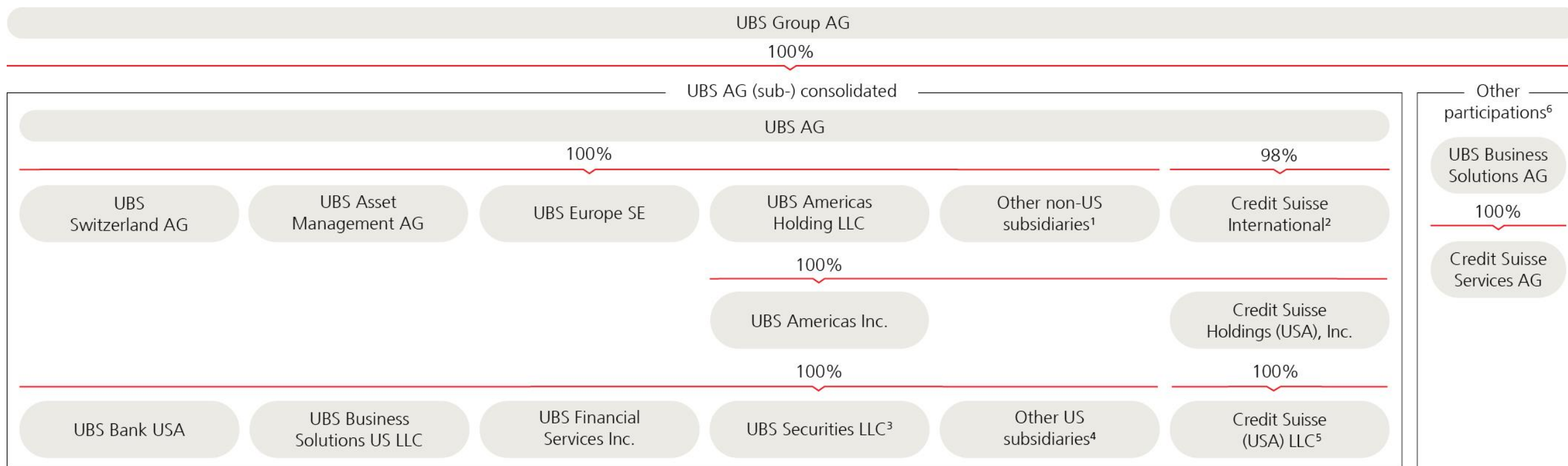


- a. Short-term borrowings<sup>2,3</sup>
- b. Securities financing transactions at amortized cost
- c. Customer deposits
- d. Debt issued designated at fair value and long-term debt issued measured at amortized cost<sup>3</sup>
- e. Trading liabilities
- f. Derivatives and cash collateral payables on derivative instruments
- g. Brokerage payables
- h. Other financial liabilities
- i. Non-financial liabilities
- j. Equity



As per quarter end; Refer to the "Balance sheet" section of the 3Q24 report for more information; **1** Consists of financial assets at fair value not held for trading and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; **2** Consists of short-term debt issued measured at amortized cost and amounts due to banks, which includes amounts due to central banks; **3** The classification of debt issued measured at amortized cost into short-term and long-term is based on original contractual maturity and therefore long-term debt also includes debt with a remaining time to maturity of less than one year. This classification does not consider any early redemption features

# High-level overview of the UBS Group structure as of 1 July 2024



## Additional future legal entity changes:

- **US:** Further legal entity simplification and rationalization
- **UK:** Select asset transfer of Credit Suisse International and Credit Suisse (UK) Ltd. mostly to UBS AG (London branch) and wind-down of residual positions
- **Europe:** Re-establish UBS Europe SE as single IPU<sup>7</sup> by winding down, re-parenting or merging legacy Credit Suisse legal entities licensed in the EU

# YTD 2024 issuances

ISIN	Instrument	Currency	Notional (bn)	Coupon Rate	Issuance Date	Call/Maturity
US902613BJ61	HoldCo	USD	1.750	5.428%	08.01.24	08.02.29
US902613BH06	HoldCo	USD	2.250	5.699%	08.01.24	08.02.34
CH1305916897	HoldCo	EUR	1.250	4.125%	09.01.24	09.06.32
CH1321481462	Covered bond	CHF	0.180	1.543%	24.01.24	22.01.27
CH1321481470	Covered bond	CHF	0.270	1.715%	24.01.24	24.01.34
US902613BK35	AT1	USD	1.000	7.750%	12.02.24	12.04.31
CH1325807860	AT1	SGD	0.650	5.750%	21.02.24	21.08.29
CH1331113469	Covered bond	EUR	1.000	3.304%	05.03.24	05.03.29
XS2800795291	OpCo	EUR	1.500	3mEuribor + 35bps	12.04.24	12.04.26
US902613BL18	HoldCo	USD	1.750	5.617%	13.05.24	13.09.29
CH1348614103	Covered bond	EUR	0.750	3mEuribor + 23bps	21.05.24	21.04.27
CH1348614111	Covered bond	EUR	1.000	3.146%	21.05.24	21.06.31
CH1348614152	HoldCo	CHF	0.335	2.113%	22.05.24	22.05.29
CH1348614202	Covered bond	CHF	0.150	1.508%	28.05.24	28.05.29
CH1357852636	AT1	SGD	0.500	5.600%	24.06.24	21.12.29
CH1357852636	AT1	SGD	0.175	5.600%	10.07.24	21.12.29
XS2860945893	OpCo	JPY	20.000	0.603%	16.07.24	16.07.26
US902613BM90	HoldCo	USD	1.500	5.379%	06.09.24	06.09.44
US902613BN73	AT1	USD	1.500	6.850%	10.09.24	10.09.29
CH1377443895	Covered bond	EUR	1.000	2.583%	23.09.24	23.09.27

# YTD 2024 redemptions

ISIN	Instrument	Currency	Notional (bn)	Coupon Rate	Issuance Date	Call/Maturity
CH0459297435	HoldCo	CHF	0.400	0.875%	30.01.19	30.01.24
US90352JAF03	AT1	USD	2.500	7.000%	31.01.19	31.01.24
US22550L2E08 <sup>1</sup>	OpCo	USD	0.906	0.495%	02.02.21	02.02.24
US22550UAB70 <sup>1</sup>	OpCo	USD	0.925	SOFR + 39bps	02.02.21	02.02.24
US902674YB01	OpCo	USD	1.000	0.450%	09.02.21	09.02.24
US902674YC83	OpCo	USD	1.000	SOFR + 36bps	09.02.21	09.02.24
CH0314209351	HoldCo	EUR	0.750	2.125%	04.03.16	04.03.24
CH1168499791	HoldCo	EUR	1.500	1.000%	21.03.22	21.03.24
CH0319415953	OpCo	CHF	0.225	0.550%	15.04.16	15.04.24
CH0409606354	HoldCo	EUR	1.750	1.250%	17.04.18	17.04.24
CH0244100266	T2	USD	2.500	5.125%	15.05.14	15.05.24
XS2480523419	OpCo	EUR	0.472	3mEURIBOR+123bps	31.05.22	31.05.24
XS2480543102	OpCo	EUR	0.593	2.125%	31.05.22	31.05.24
CH0343366842	HoldCo	EUR	1.500	1.250%	17.07.17	17.07.24
US902613AR96	HoldCo	USD	1.750	4.490%	05.08.22	05.08.24
US902674YK00	OpCo	USD	1.000	0.700%	09.08.21	09.08.24
US902674YL82	OpCo	USD	1.000	SOFR + 45bps	09.08.21	09.08.24
US22550L2J94	OpCo	USD	1.060	4.750%	23.08.22	09.08.24
CH0488506673	AT1	AUD	0.700	4.375%	27.08.19	27.08.24
CH0495570928	AT1	SGD	0.750	4.850%	04.09.19	04.09.24
US22546QAP28	OpCo	USD	2.808	3.625%	09.09.14	09.09.24
US225401AM02	HoldCo	USD	2.000	2.593%	11.09.19	11.09.24
CH0379268722	HoldCo	GBP	0.750	2.125%	12.09.17	12.09.24



**UBS**

As of 30.10.24, does not include TLAC special feature notes and structured notes. For further information on our benchmark issuance please refer to [Benchmark bonds](#); <sup>1</sup> Originally issued by Credit Suisse AG

# UBS Liquidity & Funding (Risk Management) Framework

Regulatory minimums	Liquidity coverage ratio	Net stable funding ratio	<p>Group Treasury</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proposes the liquidity and funding (L&amp;F) strategy</li> <li>Maintains the UBS L&amp;F risk management framework, together with the 2<sup>nd</sup> line of defence, including the Contingency Funding Plan (CFP)</li> <li>Manages the daily liquidity &amp; funding requirements</li> </ul> <p>Group Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Approves the liquidity and funding strategy on behalf of the Group Executive Board</li> <li>Oversees L&amp;F risk management</li> <li>Approves the UBS CFP</li> </ul> <p>Board of Directors – Risk Committee</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oversees the Group ALCO</li> <li>Approves the UBS L&amp;F risk management framework</li> </ul>	Governance
	<p>100%</p> <p>BCBS REQUIREMENT</p> <p>UBS is also subject to the too-big-to-fail (TBTf) liquidity requirements arising from the revisions to the Swiss Liquidity Ordinance and which became effective on 1 January 2024. The affected legal entities of the UBS Group are compliant with these requirements</p>	<p>100%</p> <p>BCBS REQUIREMENT</p>		
Stress testing	We ensure that the firm has sufficient liquidity and funding to survive a severe stress event without government support		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To complement our business-as-usual management, Group Treasury maintains the CFP as a preparation and action plan to ensure the firm can maintain sufficient liquidity to meet payment obligations in a liquidity &amp; funding stress</li> <li>The CFP specifies the processes, tools and responsibilities that UBS has available to effectively manage through these periods</li> </ul>	Contingency planning
	<p>Combined (market and idiosyncratic) scenario</p> <p>Severely deteriorated macroeconomic and financial market environment and a UBS-specific event. The objective of this stress test is to ensure that UBS keeps a cumulative liquidity surplus on each day in the three-month stress horizon.</p>	<p>Structural market-wide scenario</p> <p>Significant deterioration of macro and financial market conditions globally, requiring long-term funding. The objective of this stress test is to ensure that UBS maintains a positive cumulative liquidity surplus across the 3, 6, 9 and 12-month tenors.</p>		

# Ratings on main UBS entities

		MOODY'S	S&P	FITCH
<b>UBS Group AG</b>	Long-term	<b>A3/Developing</b>	<b>A-/Stable</b>	<b>A/Stable</b>
<b>UBS AG</b>	Long-term	<b>Aa2/Negative</b>	<b>A+/Stable</b>	<b>A+/ Stable</b>
	Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1
UBS Switzerland AG	Long-term		A+/Stable	A+/ Stable
	Short-term		A-1	F1
UBS Europe SE	Long-term	Aa3/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/ Stable
	Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1
Credit Suisse International	Long-term	Aa2/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/ Stable
	Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1





# Appendix

Financial performance

# Our financial targets and long-term ambitions

## Financial targets

**~15%**

Underlying RoCET1  
2026 exit rate

**<70%**

Underlying cost / income  
ratio 2026 exit rate

## Capital guidance

**~14%**

CET1 capital ratio

**>4.0%**

CET1 leverage ratio

## Ambitions long-term

**~18%**

RoCET1, reported  
by 2028

**>5trn**

GWM invested assets  
by 2028

# UBS Group results

USD m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	1Q24	4Q23	3Q23
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>12,334</b>	11,904	12,739	10,855	11,695
Credit loss expense / (release)	121	95	106	136	239
Operating expenses	10,283	10,340	10,257	11,470	11,640
<b>Operating profit / (loss) before tax</b>	<b>1,929</b>	1,469	2,376	(751)	(184)
Tax expense / (benefit)	502	293	612	(473)	526
of which: current tax expense	378	310	468	69	643
<b>Net profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders</b>	<b>1,425</b>	1,136	1,755	(279)	(715)
Diluted EPS (USD)	0.43	0.34	0.52	(0.09)	(0.22)
Effective tax rate	26.0%	20.0%	25.8%	n.m.	n.m.
Return on CET1 capital	7.6%	5.9%	9.0%	(1.4%)	(3.7%)
Return on tangible equity	7.3%	5.9%	9.0%	(1.4%)	(3.7%)
Cost / income ratio	83.4%	86.9%	80.5%	105.7%	99.5%
Total book value per share (USD)	27.32	26.13	26.44	26.68	25.75
Tangible book value per share (USD)	25.10	23.85	24.14	24.34	23.44
Tangible book value per share (CHF)	21.26	21.43	21.78	20.49	21.47

# 3Q24 overview of financial performance by business division

USD m, except where indicated

	UBS Group	GWM	P&C	AM	IB	NCL	Group Items
<b>Total revenues as reported</b>	<b>12,334</b>	<b>6,199</b>	<b>2,394</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>2,645</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>(39)</b>
<i>of which: PPA effects and other integration items<sup>1</sup></i>	662	224	278		185		(25)
Total revenues (underlying)	11,672	5,975	2,116	873	2,461	262	(14)
Credit loss expense / (release)	121	2	83	0	9	28	0
<b>Operating expenses as reported</b>	<b>10,283</b>	<b>5,112</b>	<b>1,465</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>2,231</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>(84)</b>
<i>of which: integration-related expenses and PPA effects<sup>2</sup></i>	1,119	419	198	86	156	270	(11)
Operating expenses (underlying)	9,165	4,693	1,267	636	2,076	567	(74)
<b>Operating profit / (loss) before tax as reported</b>	<b>1,929</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>846</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>(603)</b>	<b>45</b>
Operating profit / (loss) before tax (underlying)	2,386	1,280	766	237	377	(333)	60
<b>Underlying cost / income ratio</b>	<b>78.5%</b>	<b>78.5%</b>	<b>59.9%</b>	<b>72.8%</b>	<b>84.4%</b>	<b>n.m.</b>	<b>n.m.</b>
<b>Underlying return on CET1 capital</b>	<b>9.4%</b>						
<b>Underlying return on tangible equity</b>	<b>9.0%</b>						



<sup>1</sup> Includes accretion of PPA adjustments on financial instruments and other PPA effects, as well as temporary and incremental items directly related to the integration; <sup>2</sup> Includes temporary, incremental operating expenses directly related to the integration, as well as amortization of newly recognized intangibles resulting from the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group

# Global Wealth Management

## Underlying

USD m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>5,975</b>	5,820	5,565	+3%	<b>+7%</b>
Net interest income	1,590	1,586	1,621	0%	(2%)
Recurring net fee income	3,235	3,104	2,965	+4%	+9%
Transaction-based income	1,140	1,111	960	+3%	+19%
Other income	10	19	19		
Credit loss expense / (release)	2	(1)	10		
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>4,693</b>	4,660	4,569	+1%	<b>+3%</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>1,280</b>	1,161	986	+10%	<b>+30%</b>
<b>Profit before tax (reported)</b>	<b>1,085</b>	871	926	+25%	<b>+17%</b>
<b>Cost / income ratio</b>	<b>79%</b>	80%	82%	(2pp)	<b>(4pp)</b>
<b>Invested assets, bn</b>	<b>4,259</b>	4,038	3,685	+5%	<b>+16%</b>
<b>Deposits, bn</b>	<b>482</b>	476	456	+1%	<b>+6%</b>
<b>Loans, bn</b>	<b>311</b>	305	318	+2%	<b>(2%)</b>
<b>RWA, bn</b>	<b>167</b>	166	169	1%	<b>(1%)</b>

## Underlying 3Q24 vs. 3Q23

**PBT** 1,280m, +30%

**Total revenues** 5,975m, +7% driven by higher recurring and transaction-based income, partly offset by lower NII; Revenues / RWA 23%<sup>1</sup>, +3pp YoY

**Credit loss expense** 2m

**Operating expenses** 4,693m, +3% driven by higher personnel expenses, primarily due to an increase in FA compensation on higher compensable revenues

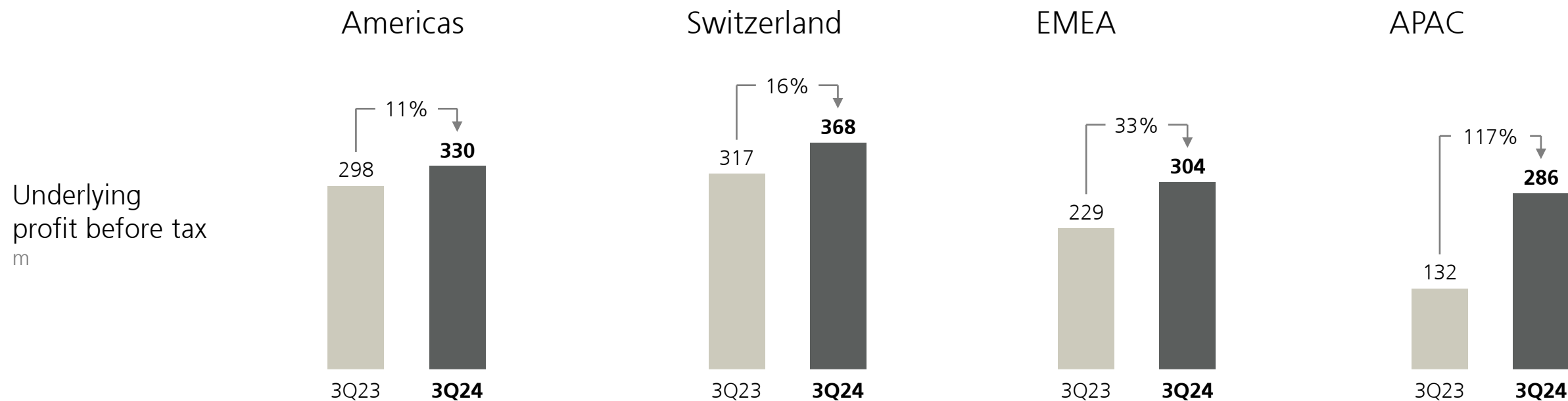
**Net new assets** +24.7bn and net new fee generating assets +14.6bn, with net inflows in all regions on both measures

**Invested assets** 4,259bn, +5% QoQ driven by positive market performance, currency effects and net inflows

**Net new deposits** (3.9bn) reflecting roll-off of fixed term deposits

**Net new loans** (3.0bn) primarily driven by financial resource optimization

# 3Q24 Global Wealth Management results by region



3Q24	Americas	Switzerland	EMEA	APAC
Underlying cost / income ratio	88%	65%	74%	69%
Invested assets bn	2,096	796	684	678
Net new assets bn	+8.0	+9.4	+0.7	+7.3



# Personal & Corporate Banking (CHF)

## Underlying

CHF m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>1,818</b>	1,838	1,945	(1%)	<b>(7%)</b>
Net interest income	1,008	1,024	1,128	(2%)	(11%)
Recurring net fee income	363	357	345	+1%	+5%
Transaction-based income	419	441	441	(5%)	(5%)
Other income	29	16	31		
Credit loss expense / (release)	71	92	147		
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>1,088</b>	1,101	1,091	(1%)	<b>0%</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>659</b>	645	707	+2%	<b>(7%)</b>
<b>Profit before tax (reported)</b>	<b>728</b>	703	849	+3%	<b>(14%)</b>
<b>Cost / income ratio</b>	<b>60%</b>	60%	56%	0pp	<b>+4pp</b>
<b>Deposits, bn</b>	<b>252</b>	255	254	(1%)	<b>(1%)</b>
<b>Loans, bn</b>	<b>244</b>	249	254	(2%)	<b>(4%)</b>
<b>RWA, bn</b>	<b>129</b>	132	142	(2%)	<b>(9%)</b>

Underlying 3Q24 vs. 3Q23

PBT 659m, (7%)

Total revenues 1,818m, (7%) driven by lower NII and transaction income, partly offset by higher recurring net fee income; NII (2%) QoQ largely driven by SNB rate cut in June

Credit loss expense 71m, driven by a small number of corporate counterparties on the Credit Suisse platform

Operating expenses 1,088m, broadly stable

Net new deposits 0.0bn

Net new loans (5.6bn) driven primarily by Corporate and Institutional Clients; ~25bn of loans granted or renewed

# Asset Management

## Underlying

USD m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>873</b>	768	775	+14%	<b>+13%</b>
Net Management fees	755	711	757	+6%	0%
Performance fees	46	28	18	+62%	+157%
Net gain from disposals	72	28			
Credit loss expense / (release)	0	0	0		
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>636</b>	540	612	+18%	<b>+4%</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>237</b>	228	163	+4%	<b>+46%</b>
<b>Profit before tax (reported)</b>	<b>151</b>	130	37	+16%	<b>+309%</b>
<b>Cost / income ratio</b>	<b>73%</b>	70%	79%	+3pp	<b>(6pp)</b>
<b>Invested assets, bn</b>	<b>1,797</b>	1,701	1,559	+6%	<b>+15%</b>
<b>Net new money, bn</b>	<b>2</b>	(12)	(1)		

Underlying 3Q24 vs. 3Q23

PBT 237m, +46%

Total revenues 873m, +13% driven by 72m net gain from disposals; net management fees were stable and performance fees increased

Operating expenses 636m, +4% driven by higher personnel expenses, reflecting increased revenues, and litigation expenses

Invested assets 1,797m, +6% QoQ driven by currency effects, market performance and net new money inflows

Net new money +2.0bn, driven by money market inflows and China JVs, partly offset by outflows in Equities



# Investment Bank

## Underlying

USD m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>2,461</b>	2,493	1,911	(1%)	<b>+29%</b>
Global Banking	555	668	458	(17%)	+21%
Advisory	220	239	195	(8%)	+13%
Capital Markets	336	429	263	(22%)	+28%
Global Markets	1,905	1,825	1,453	+4%	+31%
Execution Services	440	405	317	+9%	+39%
Derivatives & Solutions	961	895	671	+7%	+43%
Financing	504	525	465	(4%)	+8%
Credit loss expense / (release)	9	(6)	4		
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>2,076</b>	2,087	2,043	(1%)	<b>+2%</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>377</b>	412	(136)	(9%)	<b>n.m.</b>
<b>Profit before tax (reported)</b>	<b>405</b>	477	(254)	(15%)	<b>n.m.</b>
<b>Cost / income ratio</b>	<b>84%</b>	84%	107%	+1pp	<b>(23pp)</b>
<b>RWA (bn)</b>	<b>112</b>	108	111	4%	<b>1%</b>
<b>Return on attributed equity</b>	<b>8.8%</b>	9.7%	(3.2%)	(0.9pp)	<b>+12.0pp</b>

## Underlying 3Q24 vs. 3Q23

PBT 377m with revenues +29%

Global Banking revenues +21%

- Advisory +13%, with strong performance in APAC
- Capital Markets +28%, on higher revenues across all products

Global Markets revenues +31%

- Execution Services +39%, driven by Cash Equities, with increases across all regions led by Americas
- Derivatives & Solutions +43%, with increases across all products, led by Equity Derivatives
- Financing +8%, includes 67m gain from the sale of investment in associate

Of which:

- Equities 1,429m, +33%
- FRC 476m, +26%

Operating expenses +2%

# Non-core and Legacy

## Underlying

USD m, except where indicated

	3Q24	2Q24	3Q23	QoQ	YoY
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>262</b>	401	366	(35%)	<b>(29%)</b>
Credit loss expense / (release)	28	(1)	59		
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>567</b>	481	1,149	+18%	<b>(51%)</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>(333)</b>	(80)	(842)		
<b>Profit before tax (reported)</b>	<b>(603)</b>	(405)	(1,762)		
<b>RWA (bn)</b>	<b>45</b>	50	80	(10%)	<b>(44%)</b>
<b>LRD (bn)</b>	<b>69</b>	80	173	(14%)	<b>(60%)</b>

Underlying 3Q24 vs. 3Q23

PBT (333m)

Total revenues 262m driven by gains on position exits, partially offset by funding costs and mark-downs

Credit loss expense 28m

Operating expenses 567m, (51%), 659m excluding litigation, (43%), mainly due to decreases in professional fees, outsourcing costs and personnel expenses; costs +1% QoQ excluding litigation

RWA 45bn, (5bn) QoQ driven by active unwinds in loan and securitized products portfolios

LRD 69bn, (11bn) QoQ driven by equity, macro and securitized products portfolios

# PPA pull to par overview and revenue recognition

## Accretion of PPA adjustments on financial instruments

USD bn	Opening balance as of 12.6.23 (close) <sup>2</sup>	Recognized		Expected future P&L releases at 30.09.24 FX rates	Estimated amortization profile <sup>4</sup>			
		2023 – 3Q24	Remaining balance to be recognized <sup>3</sup>		4Q24	2025	2026	2027+
GWM	~3.0	(1.1)	~1.8	~1.8	(~0.1)	(~0.4)	(~0.3)	(~1.0)
P&C	~4.3	(1.3)	~3.0	~3.1	(~0.3)	(~0.7)	(~0.5)	(~1.6)
IB	~2.3	(1.4)	~0.9	~0.9	(~0.1)	(~0.4)	(~0.3)	(~0.1)
<b>Total<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>~9.6</b>	<b>(3.8)</b>	<b>~5.7</b>	<b>~5.8</b>	<b>(~0.5)</b>	<b>(~1.5)</b>	<b>(~1.2)</b>	<b>(~2.7)</b>

(2.7bn) from standard accretion and (1.1bn) from early unwinds

## Additional PPA related benefits

USD bn	NII expected to be recognized as of 12.6.23 (close)	Recognized		Expected future P&L releases at 30.09.24 FX rates	Estimated amortization profile <sup>4</sup>			
		2023 – 3Q24	Remaining NII expected to be recognized		4Q24	2025	2026	2027+
Elimination of CS's prior cash flow hedge	~1.2	(0.8)	~0.5	~0.5	(~0.1)	(~0.3)	(~0.1)	(~0.0)

~0.3bn in GWM and ~0.2bn in P&C

# FY22 combined cost baseline

FY22

USD bn	Operating expenses
UBS sub-group (IFRS) <sup>1</sup>	24.9
Credit Suisse sub-group (US GAAP) <sup>2,3</sup>	19.1
UBS sub-group exclusions <sup>4</sup>	(0.3)
Credit Suisse sub-group exclusions <sup>3,5</sup>	(2.0)
Commission expense reclassification <sup>3,6</sup>	(1.1)
<b>FY22 combined cost baseline</b>	<b>40.6</b>

Of which: ~34.5bn in Core and ~6.1bn in Non-core and Legacy



**1** UBS Group AG and consolidated subsidiaries; **2** Credit Suisse AG and its consolidated subsidiaries, also including Credit Suisse Services AG and other small former Credit Suisse Group entities now directly held by UBS Group AG; **3** CHF converted to USD using FY22 average USD/CHF rates of 0.95; **4** Excludes net expenses for litigation, regulatory and similar matters of USD 348m; **5** Excludes major litigation provisions of CHF 1,299m, restructuring expenses of CHF 533m, goodwill impairment of 23m, expenses related to real estate disposals of CHF 24m, expenses related to Archegos of CHF 40m and expenses related to equity investment in Allfunds Group of CHF 2m; **6** Impact from reclassifying commission expense from operating expenses to negative revenues for the Credit Suisse sub-group based on Credit Suisse Group reported commission expenses of CHF 1,012m in FY22

# Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

**Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements** | This presentation contains statements that constitute “forward-looking statements,” including but not limited to management’s outlook for UBS’s financial performance, statements relating to the anticipated effect of transactions and strategic initiatives on UBS’s business and future development and goals or intentions to achieve climate, sustainability and other social objectives. While these forward-looking statements represent UBS’s judgments, expectations and objectives concerning the matters described, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from UBS’s expectations. In particular, the global economy may be negatively affected by shifting political circumstances, including as a result of elections, increased tension between world powers, growing conflicts in the Middle East, as well as the continuing Russia–Ukraine war. In addition, the ongoing conflicts may continue to cause significant population displacement, and lead to shortages of vital commodities, including energy shortages and food insecurity outside the areas immediately involved in armed conflict. Governmental responses to the armed conflicts, including, with respect to the Russia–Ukraine war, coordinated successive sets of sanctions on Russia and Belarus, and Russian and Belarusian entities and nationals, and the uncertainty as to whether the ongoing conflicts will further widen and intensify, may continue to have significant adverse effects on the market and macroeconomic conditions, including in ways that cannot be anticipated. UBS’s acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group has materially changed its outlook and strategic direction and introduced new operational challenges. The integration of the Credit Suisse entities into the UBS structure is expected to take between three and five years and presents significant risks, including the risks that UBS Group AG may be unable to achieve the cost reductions and other benefits contemplated by the transaction. This creates significantly greater uncertainty about forward-looking statements. Other factors that may affect UBS’s performance and ability to achieve its plans, outlook and other objectives also include, but are not limited to: (i) the degree to which UBS is successful in the execution of its strategic plans, including its cost reduction and efficiency initiatives and its ability to manage its levels of risk-weighted assets (RWA) and leverage ratio denominator (LRD), liquidity coverage ratio and other financial resources, including changes in RWA assets and liabilities arising from higher market volatility and the size of the combined Group; (ii) the degree to which UBS is successful in implementing changes to its businesses to meet changing market, regulatory and other conditions, including as a result of the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group; (iii) increased inflation and interest rate volatility in major markets; (iv) developments in the macroeconomic climate and in the markets in which UBS operates or to which it is exposed, including movements in securities prices or liquidity, credit spreads, currency exchange rates, deterioration or slow recovery in residential and commercial real estate markets, the effects of economic conditions, including elevated inflationary pressures, market developments, increasing geopolitical tensions, and changes to national trade policies on the financial position or creditworthiness of UBS’s clients and counterparties, as well as on client sentiment and levels of activity; (v) changes in the availability of capital and funding, including any adverse changes in UBS’s credit spreads and credit ratings of UBS, Credit Suisse, sovereign issuers, structured credit products or credit-related exposures, as well as availability and cost of funding to meet requirements for debt eligible for total loss-absorbing capacity (TLAC), in particular in light of the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group; (vi) changes in central bank policies or the implementation of financial legislation and regulation in Switzerland, the US, the UK, the EU and other financial centers that have imposed, or resulted in, or may do so in the future, more stringent or entity-specific capital, TLAC, leverage ratio, net stable funding ratio, liquidity and funding requirements, heightened operational resilience requirements, incremental tax requirements, additional levies, limitations on permitted activities, constraints on remuneration, constraints on transfers of capital and liquidity and sharing of operational costs across the Group or other measures, and the effect these will or would have on UBS’s business activities; (vii) UBS’s ability to successfully implement resolvability and related regulatory requirements and the potential need to make further changes to the legal structure or booking model of UBS in response to legal and regulatory requirements and any additional requirements due to its acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group, or other developments; (viii) UBS’s ability to maintain and improve its systems and controls for complying with sanctions in a timely manner and for the detection and prevention of money laundering to meet evolving regulatory requirements and expectations, in particular in current geopolitical turmoil; (ix) the uncertainty arising from domestic stresses in certain major economies; (x) changes in UBS’s competitive position, including whether differences in regulatory capital and other requirements among the major financial centers adversely affect UBS’s ability to compete in certain lines of business; (xi) changes in the standards of conduct applicable to its businesses that may result from new regulations or new enforcement of existing standards, including measures to impose new and enhanced duties when interacting with customers and in the execution and handling of customer transactions; (xii) the liability to which UBS may be exposed, or possible constraints or sanctions that regulatory authorities might impose on UBS, due to litigation, contractual claims and regulatory investigations, including the potential for disqualification from certain businesses, potentially large fines or monetary penalties, or the loss of licenses or privileges as a result of regulatory or other governmental sanctions, as well as the effect that litigation, regulatory and similar matters have on the operational risk component of its RWA, including as a result of its acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group, as well as the amount of capital available for return to shareholders; (xiii) the effects on UBS’s business, in particular cross-border banking, of sanctions, tax or regulatory developments and of possible changes in UBS’s policies and practices; (xiv) UBS’s ability to retain and attract the employees necessary to generate revenues and to manage, support and control its businesses, which may be affected by competitive factors; (xv) changes in accounting or tax standards or policies, and determinations or interpretations affecting the recognition of gain or loss, the valuation of goodwill, the recognition of deferred tax assets and other matters; (xvi) UBS’s ability to implement new technologies and business methods, including digital services and technologies, and ability to successfully compete with both existing and new financial service providers, some of which may not be regulated to the same extent; (xvii) limitations on the effectiveness of UBS’s internal processes for risk management, risk control, measurement and modeling, and of financial models generally; (xviii) the occurrence of operational failures, such as fraud, misconduct, unauthorized trading, financial crime, cyberattacks, data leakage and systems failures, the risk of which is increased with cyberattack threats from both nation states and non-nation-state actors targeting financial institutions; (xix) restrictions on the ability of UBS Group AG and UBS AG to make payments or distributions, including due to restrictions on the ability of its subsidiaries to make loans or distributions, directly or indirectly, or, in the case of financial difficulties, due to the exercise by FINMA or the regulators of UBS’s operations in other countries of their broad statutory powers in relation to protective measures, restructuring and liquidation proceedings; (xx) the degree to which changes in regulation, capital or legal structure, financial results or other factors may affect UBS’s ability to maintain its stated capital return objective; (xxi) uncertainty over the scope of actions that may be required by UBS, governments and others for UBS to achieve goals relating to climate, environmental and social matters, as well as the evolving nature of underlying science and industry and the possibility of conflict between different governmental standards and regulatory regimes; (xxii) the ability of UBS to access capital markets; (xxiii) the ability of UBS to successfully recover from a disaster or other business continuity problem due to a hurricane, flood, earthquake, terrorist attack, war, conflict (e.g., the Russia–Ukraine war), pandemic, security breach, cyberattack, power loss, telecommunications failure or other natural or man-made event, including the ability to function remotely during long-term disruptions such as the COVID-19 (coronavirus) pandemic; (xxiv) the level of success in the absorption of Credit Suisse, in the integration of the two groups and their businesses, and in the execution of the planned strategy regarding cost reduction and divestment of any non-core assets, the existing assets and liabilities of Credit Suisse, the level of resulting impairments and write-downs, the effect of the consummation of the integration on the operational results, share price and credit rating of UBS – delays, difficulties, or failure in closing the transaction may cause market disruption and challenges for UBS to maintain business, contractual and operational relationships; and (xxv) the effect that these or other factors or unanticipated events, including media reports and speculations, may have on its reputation and the additional consequences that this may have on its business and performance. The sequence in which the factors above are presented is not indicative of their likelihood of occurrence or the potential magnitude of their consequences. UBS’s business and financial performance could be affected by other factors identified in its past and future filings and reports, including those filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). More detailed information about those factors is set forth in documents furnished by UBS and filings made by UBS with the SEC, including the UBS Group AG and UBS AG Annual Reports on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2023. UBS is not under any obligation to (and expressly disclaims any obligation to) update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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