

UBS publishes updated time series with restated segment financial information reflecting previously announced changes with no impact on Group results

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Basel III RWA, LRD and capital: Basel III numbers are based on the BIS Basel III framework, as applicable for Swiss systemically relevant banks (SRB). Numbers in the presentation are based on the revised Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20, unless otherwise stated. Basel III risk-weighted assets in this presentation are calculated on the basis of Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20 unless otherwise stated. Our RWA under BIS Basel III are the same as under Swiss SRB Basel III. Leverage ratio and leverage ratio denominator in this presentation are calculated on the basis of Swiss SRB rules as of 1.1.20, unless otherwise stated. Refer to the "Capital management" section in the 4Q23 report for more information.

Definitions: "Earnings per share" refers to diluted earnings per share. "Litigation" refers to net additions/releases to provisions for litigation regulatory and similar matters reflected in the income statement for the relevant period. "Net profit" refers to net profit attributable to shareholders. "Sustainability-focus and impact" refers to sustainability-focus and impact investing; sustainability focus refers to strategies that have sustainability as an explicit part of the investment guidelines, universe, selection, and/or investment process that drive the strategy; impact investing refers to strategies that have an explicit intention to generate measurable, verifiable, positive sustainability outcomes. "PPA" refers to purchase price allocation adjustments made in accordance with IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, to bring the assets acquired and liabilities assumed to fair value, from the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group.

Rounding: Numbers presented throughout this presentation may not add up precisely to the totals provided in the tables and text. Percentages and percent changes disclosed in text and tables are calculated on the basis of unrounded figures. Absolute changes between reporting periods disclosed in the text, which can be derived from numbers presented in related tables, are calculated on a rounded basis.

Tables: Within tables, blank fields generally indicate non-applicability or that presentation of any content would not be meaningful, or that information is not available as of the relevant date or for the relevant period. Zero values generally indicate that the respective figure is zero on an actual or rounded basis. Values that are zero on a rounded basis can be either negative or positive on an actual basis.

Numbers presented in US dollars unless otherwise indicated. Currency translation of monthly income statement items of operations with a functional currency other than the US dollar are translated with month-end rates into US dollar.

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Key messages

As communicated at our investor update on the 6th of February 2024, we are implementing changes to our divisional financial reporting to improve the consistency of our reporting across the UBS Group and to provide details around our funding and cost allocation methodologies

We will implement these changes for our 1Q24 reporting; to facilitate comparability we have restated prior periods. These reallocations impact our business division results while overall Group results are unaffected

For the first quarter, we expect to report a low single-digit quarter-on-quarter increase in combined NII for GWM and P&C

Our Group financial targets and divisional ambitions announced during our investor update remain unchanged



Overview of restatements

Following the acquisition of Credit Suisse, we continue to refine our reporting structure and organizational setup to align with interests of stakeholders and further incentivize our business divisions to achieve Group-wide goals

		What are we doing?	Why are we doing it?	Impacts
1	Perimeter shifts	We are transferring businesses from Credit Suisse's Swiss Bank to the business divisions in which clients can be best served	To support a more cohesive client experience and unlock efficiencies of added scale	Moving from P&C to GWM: ~72bn in Invested Assets ~600m in annualized underlying revenues
		Predominantly relates to the high net-worth client segment moving to GWM		Expect over 200m uplift to GWM underlying PBT by 2026
2	Group Treasury allocations	We are pushing out effectively all Group Treasury costs that have been historically retained centrally.	To continue minimizing the scope of what is held centrally and ensure full alignment across revenues and costs associated with managing capital, liquidity, and funding	~300m of funding costs moved from Group Items to Business Division in 2H23
	controlled funding co Additional	We will only retain in Group Items costs that are not controlled by the business divisions, including DTA funding costs and Group hedging and own debt		Going forward we expect Group Items underlying PBT, excluding litigation and income from Group hedging and own debt,
		Additionally, we are aligning internal funds transfer pricing methodologies to UBS's standard		to average minus ~100m per quarter, which is a function of DTA balances and interest rates
3	Non-core and Legacy cost allocations	We are reallocating select NCL costs to businesses where they are more appropriately aligned	To avoid stranded costs in NCL at the end of the integration process	~300m annualized reduction in NCL underlying costs



Balance sheet impacts of the changes mentioned above and the updated equity attribution framework will be disclosed with 1Q24 results

Summary of profit and loss restatements across business units – 4Q23

Old data

4Q23, USD underlying

Global Wealth

Management	
Revenues:	5,351m
o/w NII:	1,611m
Costs:	4,580m
PBT:	778m
Invested Assets:	3,850bn

Personal and Corporate	
Revenues:	2,334m
o/w NII	1,349m
Costs:	1,343m

908m

Asser		
Management		
Revenues:	805m	
o/w net mgmt. fees:	725m	
Costs:	625m	
PBT:	180m	
Invested Assets:	1,649bn	

Investment Bank	
Revenues:	1,861m
olw Global Banking:	561m
Costs:	2,094m
PBT:	(280m)

Non-core and	
Legacy	
Revenues:	162m
Costs: PBT:	1,124m (977m)

Group Items	//0.4\
Revenues: Costs: PBT: adj. PBT ¹ :	(94m) (75m) (17m) (313m)

Restated data

Global Wealth

4Q23, USD underlying

Management	
Revenues:	5,395m
o/w NII:	1,550m
Costs:	4,780m
PBT:	624m
Invested Assets:	3,922bn

Corporate		
2,094m		
1,240m		
1,210m		
800m		

Personal and

Management			
Revenues: olw net mgmt. fees: Costs: PBT:	825m <i>745m</i> 639m 186m		
Invested Assets:	1,649bn		

Accet

Bank	
Revenues:	1,864m
olw Global Banking:	565m
Costs:	2,116m
PBT:	(300m)

Investment

Non-core and Legacy	
Revenues:	145m
Costs: PBT:	1,037m (907m)

Group Items	
Revenues:	95m
Costs: PBT: adj. PBT ¹ :	(92m) 189m <i>(107m)</i>

PBT:

Summary of profit and loss restatements across business units – 3Q23

Old data

3Q23, USD underlying

Global Wealth

Management	
Revenues:	5,492m
o/w NII:	1,648m
Costs:	4,370m
PBT:	1,119m

Personal and Corporate	
Revenues:	2,426m
o/w NII	1,336m

Costs: PBT:

3,617bn

1,385m

872m

Management	
Revenues:	755m
o/w net mgmt. fees:	737m
Costs:	599m
PBT:	156m
Invested Assets:	1.559bn

Asset

Investment Bank	
Revenues:	1,900m
o/w Global Banking:	447m
Costs:	2,012m
PBT:	(116m)

Non-core and	
Legacy	
Revenues:	350m
Costs: PBT:	1,234m (943m)

Group Items	
Revenues:	(186m)
Costs: PBT: adj. PBT ¹ :	(17m) (174m) <i>(306m)</i>

Restated data

Global Wealth

Invested Assets:

3Q23, USD underlying

Management	
Revenues:	5,565m
o/w NII:	1,620m
Costs:	4,569m
PBT:	986m
Invested Assets:	3,685bn

Personal	l and
Corpora	te

Revenues:	2,184m
o/w NII:	1,269m
Costs:	1,226m
PBT:	798m

Asse	τ		
Man	ager	ment	
Reven	ues:		7
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Revenues:	//5M
o/w net mgmt. fees:	757m
Costs:	612m
PBT:	163m
Invested Assets:	1,559bn

Investment Bank	
_	1 011
Revenues:	1 911r

1,911m
457m
2,043m
(136m)

Non-core and	
Legacy	
Revenues:	3

Nevertues.	200111
Costs:	1,149m
PBT:	(842m)

Group Items	
Revenues:	(64m)
Costs: PBT: adj. PBT ¹ :	(15m) (55m) <i>(187m)</i>

Cautionary statement regarding Forward looking statements

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward looking Statements I This presentation contains statements that constitute "forward-looking statements," including but not limited to management's outlook for UBS's financial performance, statements relating to the anticipated effect of transactions and strategic initiatives on UBS's business and future development and goals or intentions to achieve climate, sustainability and other social objectives. While these forward-looking statements represent UBS's judgments, expectations and objectives concerning the matters described, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from UBS's expectations. In particular, terrorist activity and conflicts in the Middle East, as well as the continuing Russia-Ukraine war, may have significant impacts on global markets, exacerbate global inflationary pressures, and slow global growth. In addition, the ongoing conflicts may continue to cause significant impacts on global markets, exacerbate global inflationary pressures, and slow global growth. In addition, the ongoing conflicts may continue to cause significant impacts on global markets, exacerbate global inflationary pressures, and slow global growth. shortages of vital commodities, including energy shortages and food insecurity outside the areas immediately involved in armed conflicts, including, with respect to the Russia-Ukraine war, coordinated successive sets of sanctions on Russia and Belarus, and Russian and Belarusian entities and nationals, and the uncertainty as to whether the ongoing conflicts will widen and intensify, may continue to have significant adverse effects on the market and macroeconomic conditions, including in ways that cannot be anticipated. UBS's acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group has materially changed our outlook and strategic direction and introduced new operational challenges. The integration of the Credit Suisse entities into the UBS structure is expected to take between three and five years and presents significant risks, including the risks that UBS Group AG may be unable to achieve the cost reductions and other benefits contemplated by the transaction. This creates significantly greater uncertainty about forward-looking statements. Other factors that may affect our performance and ability to achieve our plans, outlook and other objectives also include, but are not limited to: (i) the degree to which UBS is successful in the execution of its strategic plans, including its cost reduction and efficiency initiatives and its ability to manage its levels of risk-weighted assets (RWA) and leverage ratio denominator (LRD), liquidity coverage ratio and other financial resources, including changes in RWA assets and liabilities arising from higher market volatility and the size of the combined Group; (ii) the degree to which UBS is successful in implementing changes to its businesses to meet changing market, regulatory and other conditions, including as a result of the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group; (iii) increased inflation and interest rate volatility in major markets; (iv) developments in the macroeconomic climate and in the markets or to which it is exposed, including movements in securities prices or liquidity, credit spreads, currency exchange rates, deterioration or slow recovery in residential and commercial real estate markets, the effects of economic conditions, including increasing inflationary pressures, market developments, increasing geopolitical tensions, and changes to national trade policies on the financial position or creditworthiness of UBS's clients and counterparties, as well as on client sentiment and levels of activity; (v) changes in the availability of capital and funding, including any adverse changes in UBS's credit spreads and credit ratings of UBS, Credit Suisse, sovereign issuers, structured credit products or credit-related exposures, as well as availability and cost of funding to meet requirements for debt eligible for total loss-absorbing capacity (TLAC), in particular in light of the acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group; (vi) changes in central bank policies or the implementation of financial legislation and regulation in Switzerland, the US, the EU and other financial centers that have imposed, or resulted in, or may do so in the future, more stringent or entityspecific capital, TLAC, leverage ratio, net stable funding ratio, liquidity and funding requirements, heightened operational resilience requirements, additional levies, limitations on permitted activities, constraints on remuneration, constraints on transfers of capital and liquidity and sharing of operational costs across the Group or other measures, and the effect these will or would have on UBS's business activities; (vii) UBS's ability to successfully implement resolvability and related regulatory requirements and the potential need to make further changes to the legal structure or booking model of UBS in response to legal and requirements and any additional requirements due to its acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group, or other developments; (viii) UBS's ability to maintain and improve its systems and controls for complying with sanctions in a timely manner and for the detection and prevention of money laundering to meet evolving regulatory requirements and expectations, in particular in current geopolitical turmoil; (ix) the uncertainty arising from domestic stresses in certain major economies; (x) changes in UBS's competitive position, including whether differences in regulatory capital and other requirements among the major financial centers adversely affect UBS's ability to compete in certain lines of business; (xi) changes in the standards of conduct applicable to our businesses that may result from new regulations or new enforcement of existing standards, including measures to impose new and enhanced duties when interacting with customers and in the execution and handling of customer transactions; (xii) the liability to which UBS may be exposed, or possible constraints or sanctions that regulatory authorities might impose on UBS, due to litigation, contractual claims and regulatory investigations, including the potential for disgualification from certain businesses, potentially large fines or monetary penalties, or the loss of licenses or privileges as a result of regulatory or other governmental sanctions, as well as the effect that litigation, regulatory and similar matters have on the operational risk component of our RWA, including as a result of its acquisition of the Credit Suisse Group, as well as the amount of capital available for return to shareholders; (xiii) the effects on UBS's business, in particular cross-border banking, of sanctions, tax or regulatory developments and of possible changes in UBS's ability to retain and attract the employees necessary to generate revenues and to manage, support and control its businesses, which may be affected by competitive factors; (xv) changes in accounting or tax standards or policies, and determinations or interpretations affecting the recognition of gain or loss, the valuation of goodwill, the recognition of deferred tax assets and other matters; (xvi) UBS's ability to implement new technologies and business methods, including digital services and technologies, and ability to successfully compete with both existing and new financial service providers, some of which may not be regulated to the same extent; (xvii) limitations on the effectiveness of UBS's internal processes for risk management, risk control, measurement and modeling, and of financial models generally; (xviii) the occurrence of operational failures, such as fraud, misconduct, unauthorized trading, financial crime, cyberattacks, data leakage and systems failures, the risk of which is increased with cyberattack threats from both nation states and non-nation-state actors targeting financial institutions; (xix) restrictions on the ability of UBS Group AG to make payments or distributions, including due to restrictions on the ability of its subsidiaries to make loans or distributions, directly or indirectly, or, in the case of financial difficulties, due to the exercise by FINMA or the regulators of UBS's operations in other countries of their broad statutory powers in relation to protective measures, restructuring and liquidation proceedings; (xx) the degree to which changes in regulation, capital or legal structure, financial results or other factors may affect UBS's ability to maintain its stated capital return objective: (xxi) uncertainty over the scope of actions that may be required by UBS, governments and others for UBS to achieve goals relating to climate, environmental and social matters, as well as the evolving nature of underlying science and industry and the possibility of conflict between different governmental standards and regulatory regimes; (xxii) the ability of UBS to access capital markets; (xxiii) the ability of UBS to successfully recover from a disaster or other business continuity problem due to a hurricane, flood, earthquake, terrorist attack, war, conflict (e.g., the Russia-Ukraine war), pandemic, security breach, cyberattack, power loss, telecommunications failure or other natural or man-made event, including the ability to function remotely during long-term disruptions such as the COVID-19 (coronavirus) pandemic; (xxiv) the level of success in the absorption of Credit Suisse, in the integration of the two groups and their businesses, and in the execution of the planned strategy regarding cost reduction and divestment of any non-core assets, the existing assets and liabilities of Credit Suisse, the level of resulting impairments and write-downs, the effect of the consummation on the operational results, share price and credit rating of UBS – delays, difficulties, or failure in closing the transaction may cause market disruption and challenges for UBS to maintain business, contractual and operational relationships; and (xxv) the effect that these or other factors or unanticipated events, including media reports and speculations, may have on our reputation and the additional consequences that this may have on our business and performance. The sequence in which the factors above are presented is not indicative of their likelihood of occurrence or the potential magnitude of their consequences. Our business and financial performance could be affected by other factors identified in our past and future filings and reports, including those filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). More detailed information about those factors is set forth in documents furnished by UBS and filings made by UBS with the SEC, including the Risk Factors included in the Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2023. UBS is not under any obligation to (and expressly disclaims any obligation to) update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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