#### ANNEX II

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

#### Legal entity identifier:

Sustainable investment means

Product name:

an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That

Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

UBS (Lux) Fund Solutions – MSCI World Socially Responsible 549300BP1CDRHWLT1S36 UCITS ETF

## **Environmental and/or social characteristics**

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? [tick and fill in as relevant, the percentage figure represents the minimum commitment to sustainable investments].

•	•• □	Yes		•• 🗵	No		
I		It will make a minimum of <b>sustainable</b> investments with an environmental objective: %			<b>chara</b> its obje have a	t <b>promotes Environmental/Social (E/S)</b> <b>characteristics</b> and while it does not have as ts objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 20 % of sustainable investments	
			in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	
			in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	
						with a social objective	
I	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%			It promotes E/S characteristics, but <b>will not</b> make any sustainable investments			



Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

# What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an index ("Index/Reference Benchmark"). The following characteristics are promoted by the financial product:

• tracks/tracking of a benchmark with a sustainability profile (ESG Score) that is higher than the parent benchmark's sustainability profile.

• a Carbon Intensity (1, 2) emissions indicator lower than parent benchmark (MSCI)

The Reference Benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristic promoted by the financial product is the MSCI World SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped Index (Net Return).

• What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The characteristics are measured using the following indicators respectively:

- The FUND\_ESG\_QUALITY\_SCORE
- Weighted average carbon intensity (Scope 1+2) MSCI
- What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The financial product intends to make sustainable investment by investing at least 90% of its total net assets in securities that are constituents of the Index. MSCI SRI Low Carbon Select Indices are designed to represent the performance of companies that have lower carbon exposure than that of the underlying Global Investable Market Index and exclude companies that are inconsistent with specific values based criteria focused on products with high negative social or environmental impact. Additionally, these indexes are designed to represent the performance of companies that have high Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) ratings relative to their sector peers

MSCI ESG Ratings are designed to help investors identify the environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks and opportunities of their investments and to integrate these factors into their portfolio construction.

The MSCI ESG Rating includes environmental and social pillars such as climate change, natural capital, pollution & waste, environmental opportunities, human capital, product liability, stakeholder opposition & social opportunities.

MSCI Climate Change Metrics provides climate data & tools to support investors integrating climate risk & opportunities into their investment strategy and processes. It supports investors seeking to achieve a range of objectives, including measuring and reporting on climate risk exposure, implementing low carbon and fossil fuel-free strategies, align with temperature pathways and factoring climate change research into their risk management processes, in particular through climate scenario analysis for both transition and physical risks.

**Principal adverse** impacts are the

most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an Index, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

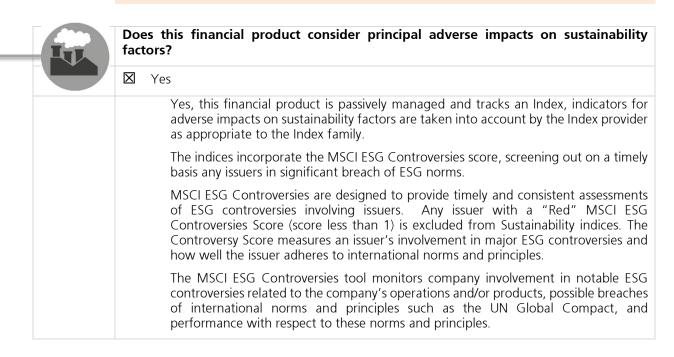
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	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	Indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family
	The indices incorporate the MSCI ESG Controversies score, screening out on a timely basis any issuers in significant breach of ESG norms.
	MSCI ESG Controversies are designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of ESG controversies involving issuers. Any issuer with a "Red" MSCI ESG Controversies Score (score less than 1) is excluded from Sustainability indices. The Controversy Score measures an issuer's involvement in major ESG controversies and how well the issuer adheres to international norms and principles
	The financial product exclude investments in companies involved directly in the use, development, manufacturing, stockpiling, transfer or trade of cluster munitions and/or anti-personnel landmines, nuclear weapons, biological weapons or chemical weapons.
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?
	The MSCI ESG Controversies tool monitors company involvement in notable ESG controversies related to the company's operations and/or products, possible breaches of international norms and principles such as the UN Global Compact, and performance with respect to these norms and principles.
The	EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



	The financial product exclude investments in companies involved directly in the use, development, manufacturing, stockpiling, transfer or trade of cluster munitions and/or anti-personnel landmines, nuclear weapons, biological weapons or chemical weapons.
	□ No
	What investment strategy does this financial product follow?
	This financial product seeks to promote the characteristic(s) described in this annex through Index selection and passive asset management
The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk	This financial product is passively managed and seeks to track the performance and the ESG profile of the Index. Sustainability characteristics and risks are considered as part of the Index selection process. The Index which is stated by the index provider to be screened against environmental, social or governance criteria and any methodology used by the index provider to assess sustainability characteristics and risks of the constituents of the index can be found on the website of the index provider.
tolerance.	• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?
	The following binding element(s) of the investment strategy are used to select the investments to attain the characteristic(s) promoted by this financial product:
	Characteristic 1):
Good governance practices include	A sustainability profile (MSCI ESG Score) that is higher than the parent benchmark's sustainability profile.
sound management structures,	Characteristic 2):
employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax	A Carbon Intensity (1 and 2) emissions indicator that is lower than parent benchmark (MSCI)
compliance	The calculations do not take account of cash, derivatives and unrated investment instruments.
	The binding element(s) are calculated at quarter end using the average of all of business days' values in the quarter.
	• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?
	This financial product invests at least 90% of its total net assets in securities that are constituents of the Index and the Index provider applies ESG Ratings on all of the Index constituents. The Index is eliminating at least 20% of the least well-rated securities as against the standard index universe. It is, therefore, expected that this financial product's resulting ESG rating will be higher than the ESG rating of a financial product tracking a standard index.
	• What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?
	Assessment of good governance practices of the investee companies are performed by the index provider.
	MSCI ESG Ratings analysis begins with an evaluation of each company's Corporate Governance, taking into consideration the company's ownership and control structures, the composition and effectiveness of its board, the effectiveness of its incentive practices and the integrity of its accounting. Corporate Behavior is also



monitored, including any controversies that might have a significant negative impact on the company's value.

### What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The minimum proportion of the investments used to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product is 90%. The minimum proportion of sustainable investments of the financial product is 20%.

#### **Asset allocation** describes the share of investments in specific assets.

#### Taxonomy-aligned

activities are expressed as a share of:

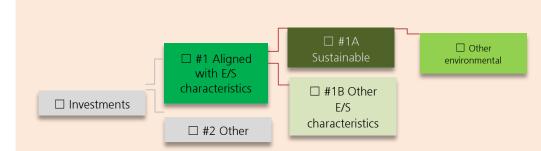
#### - turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

### - capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



**#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

#### The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

-The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.

-The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

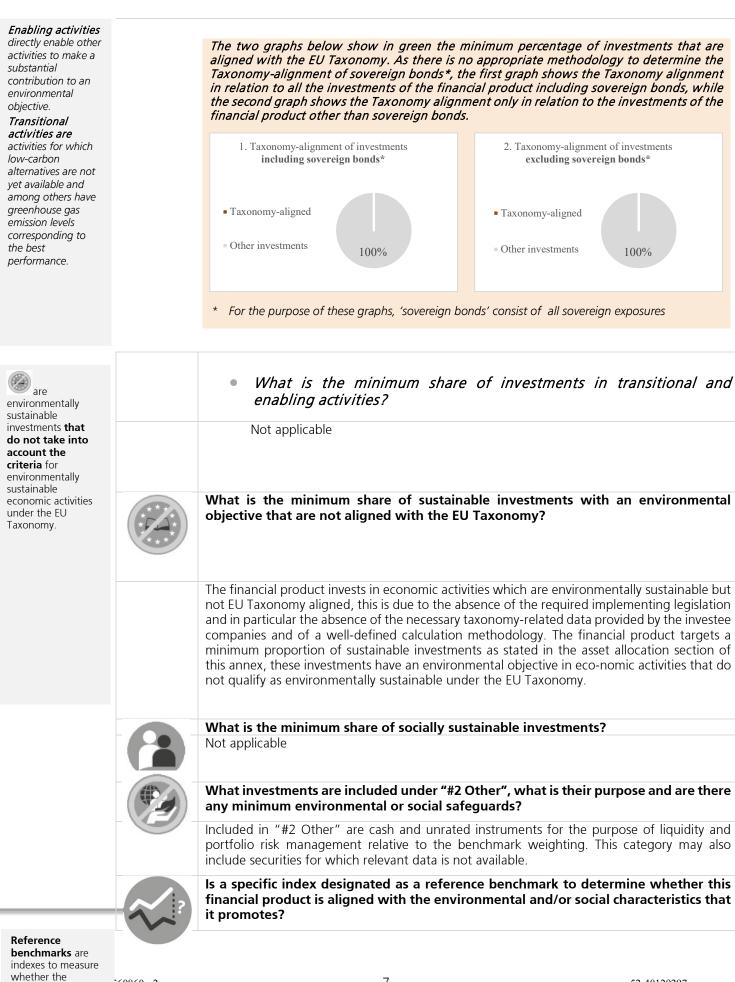
# How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The financial product tracks an ESG index and may replicate the performance of the index by the use of derivatives. Derivatives will only be used in case that a) the investment objective cannot be achieved by investments index components, in particular in order to reflect the performance of a currency hedge where a sub-fund replicates a currency-hedged index, or b) to generate efficiencies in gaining exposure to the constituents of the index, in particular where there are legal or practical obstacles to gaining direct access to a market to which the index refers.

The financial product may namely enter into a range of index related swaps (excluding funded swaps) and derivative instruments (futures, forwards, currency swaps, p-notes, options, warrants and foreign exchange contracts) in order to replicate the index.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable because sufficiently reliable data on EU Taxonomy alignment is scarce and the data coverage re-mains too low to support a meaningful commitment to a minimum proportion of EU Taxonomy aligned investments in this financial product. Disclosures and reporting on taxonomy alignment will develop as the EU framework evolves and data is made available by companies. On that basis, the minimum extent that investments underlying this financial product are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0%.



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financial product attains the sustainable investment obiective.

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	ence Benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristic promoted ancial product is the MSCI World SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped Index n).
•	How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?
	The financial product has initially selected the reference benchmark for its relevance to its investment strategy and the attainment of the characteristics it seeks to promote. The Index rebalances on a monthly basis. More details on the index methodology applied by the index provider can be found below.
•	<i>How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?</i>
	The alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index is ensured on a continuous basis as the index provider rebalances the index on a regular basis and the Investment Manager tracks the Index in line with the limits set out in the investment policy of Fund.
	The financial product has initially selected the reference benchmark for its relevance to its investment strategy and the attainment of the characteristics it seeks to promote.
	The investment strategy of the fund is to track the benchmark's return and its characteristics, including ESG characteristics, as closely as reasonably possible.
	The investment manager reviews the index methodology when the product is set up and the Index provider may be contacted if the Index methodology is no longer in line with the investment strategy of the financial product.
•	<i>How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?</i>
	The MSCI World SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped Index is a free float- adjusted market capitalization index with a weighting cap of 5 percent. The MSCI World SRI Low Carbon Select 5% Issuer Capped Index excludes companies that are inconsistent with specific values based criteria such as religious beliefs, moral standards or ethical views, and targets companies with high ESG ratings relative to their sector peers.
	The Index is constructed in two stages. First, securities of companies involved in nuclear power, tobacco, alcohol, gambling, military weapons, civilian firearms, genetically modified organisms and adult entertainment are excluded. Then, MSCI's best-in-class selection process is applied to the remaining universe of securities in the principal parent index, being the MSCI World Index, to target the top 25% companies in each sector according to their ESG ratings (thus eliminating 75% of the least well-rated securities). These ESG ratings are provided by the MSCI (the "MSCI ESG Ratings"). The companies must have the following MSCI ESG Ratings: i) an MSCI ESG rating above 'BBB' and ii) the MSCI ESG controversies score greater than 3 to be considered as a high ESG ratings companies.
	The MSCI ESG Rating calculates a weighted average key issue score for each company based on the risks, opportunities and controversies identified for the company. The weights of selected key issues are determined by the industry's impact on environmental and social factors and the expected timeframe for risks and opportunities to materialise. Each company's final industry-adjusted score corresponds to a rating between best (AAA) and worst (CCC). The factors used

to rate a company are, amongst others, carbon emissions, water stres biodiversity and land use, labour management, human capital developmen board diversity, etc. (non-exhaustive list).
At least 90% of the securities have an ESG rating.
As the investment policy of the UBS (Lux) Fund Solutions - MSCI World Social Responsible UCITS ETF sub-fund is to track the Index, the portfolio management of the sub-fund is passive. As a result, the approach taken in relation to the consideration of ESG criteria is the one taken by MSCI and therefore dependent on the approach and methodology defined by a third party.
The consideration of ESG criteria varies from one asset to the other becaus material key issues are industry-specific and do not affect all the assets equall Consequently, MSCI sets the weights that determine each key issue's contribution to the overall ESG rating, based on the level of contribution of the industry t environmental or social impact and the expected time frame for risk/opportunit to materialise.
Securities are free float adjusted, classified in accordance with the Global Indust Classification Standard (GICS®), and screened by size, liquidity and minimum free float. The index is rebalanced on a quarterly basis and may also be rebalanced a other times in order to comply with applicable investment restrictions or to reflee corporate activity such as mergers and acquisitions.
• Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designate index be found?
The methodology of the construction of the Index can be found in the fun factsheet of the prospectus.
Where can I find more product specific information online?
More product-specific information can be found on the website:
www.ubs.com/etf